

Converting Colors

YIQ(82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720)
contains.

YIQ(82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(82.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D5C5C
RGB	61, 92, 92
RGB Percent	24%, 36%, 36%
CMY	0.7609, 0.6392, 0.6393
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	180°, 20%, 30%
HSV	180°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	7.6825, 9.4204, 11.5343
YIQ	82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

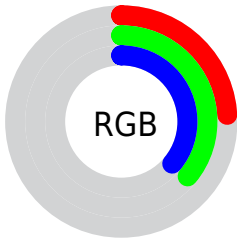
Format	Color
R_{YB}	61, 77, 92
Decimal	4021340
CIE Lab	36.78, -11.32, -3.63
CIE LCh	37, 11.889, 197.778
Yxy	9.4204, 0.2683, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282211420 (0xFF3D5C5C)
YUV	82.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581
Hunter-Lab	30.6927, -9.0329, -0.7963

Details

The YIQ color **82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **70.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.4320, -19.0720, -6.7840**, and **36.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.0400, -23.8400, -8.4800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.4220, -13.1120, -4.6640**.

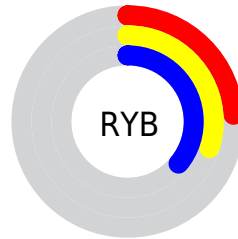
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (36%)

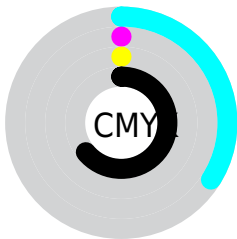
Blue (36%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (36%)

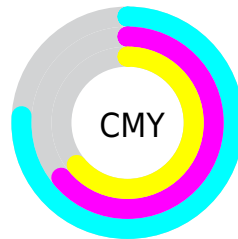


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720

■ 82.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 59.0300, -17.8800,
-6.3600

■ 132.4320,
-19.0720, -6.7840

■ 36.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720

■ 159.1330,
-19.6680, -6.9960

■ 18.2260, -15.4960,
-5.5120

■ 185.8340,
-20.2640, -7.2080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 213.5350,
-20.8600, -7.4200

■ 242.1220,
-21.1350, -7.9430

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,

-1.9080

■ 82.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720

■ 82.7310, -18.4760,
-6.5720

■ 80.0400, -23.8400,
-8.4800

■ 85.4220, -13.1120,
-4.6640

■ 77.3490, -29.2040,
-10.3880

■ 88.1130, -7.7480,
-2.7560

■ 74.3590, -35.1640,
-12.5080

■ 91.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 71.6680, -40.5280,
-14.4160

■ 93.7940, 3.5760,
1.2720

■ 68.9770, -45.8920,
-16.3240

■ 96.4850, 8.9400,
3.1800

■ 66.2860, -51.2560,
-18.2320

■ 99.1760, 14.3040,
5.0880

■ 64.4920, -54.8320,
-19.5040

■ 101.8670, 19.6680,
6.9960

■ 104.8570, 25.6280,
9.1160

■ 107.5480, 30.9920,
11.0240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3850, -11.6900, -8.4100



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



83.3550, -20.1730, -3.3490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



87.8250, 2.2910, 8.0430



86.9490, 13.2050, -2.5310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



70.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5520, 16.0010, 1.8650



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



88.1310, 10.1770, 8.2970

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



86.6820, -7.6120, 5.7960



88.1870, 15.7710, 6.0350



85.7200, 6.4200, -6.2200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



84.1320, -17.9270, 0.0010



88.1870, 15.7710, 6.0350



87.0740, 14.3510, -1.2730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



116.4120, -7.1520, -2.5440



79.1970, -8.5250, -16.2130



58.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720



105.6480, -28.6080, -10.1760



73.9260, -14.3510, 1.2730



44.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



77.1100, -65.5600, -23.3200



166.1370, -141.2520, -50.2440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720



86.3520, 28.6080, 10.1760



79.0740, 14.3510, -1.2730



42.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



32.8900, 65.5600, 23.3200



70.8630, 141.2520, 50.2440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

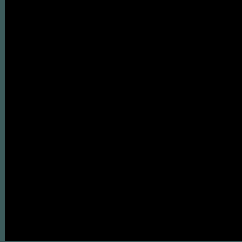
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 82.7310, -18.4760,

-6.5720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Protanopia

86.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340

Deuteranopia

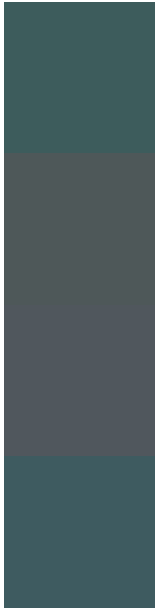
87.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



Tritanopia

83.4260, -18.9350, -3.7590

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Protanomaly

85.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090

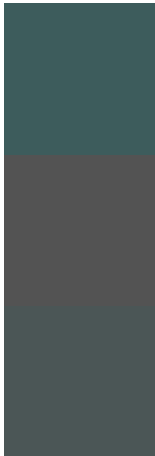
Deuteranomaly

85.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820

Tritanomaly

82.8990, -18.8890, -4.5930

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Achromatopsia

83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

82.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 92, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 92, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 92, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 92, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 92, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 92, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 92, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 92, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 92, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 92, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 82.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 92, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 92,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor