

Converting Colors

YIQ(83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(83.0050, 10.7720,
14.0360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66475F
RGB	102, 71, 95
RGB Percent	40%, 28%, 37%
CMY	0.5999, 0.7216, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.07, 0.60
HSL	314°, 18%, 34%
HSV	314°, 30%, 40%
XYZ	9.8003, 8.1573, 11.8859
YIQ	83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

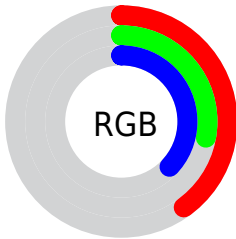
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 71, 95
Decimal	6702943
CIE _{Lab}	34.31, 17.61, -8.85
CIE _{LCh}	34, 19.711, 333.334
Yxy	8.1573, 0.3284, 0.2733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284893023 (0xFF66475F)
YUV	83.0050, 5.9135, 16.6586
Hunter-Lab	28.5609, 11.2683, -4.6815




Details

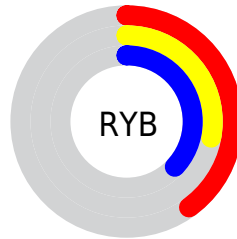
The YIQ color **83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **89.9950, -10.7720, -14.0360**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.7170, 11.6430, 14.7710**, and **37.5810, 9.0300, 12.5660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.9070, 14.1640, 18.6440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.1030, 7.3800, 9.4280**.

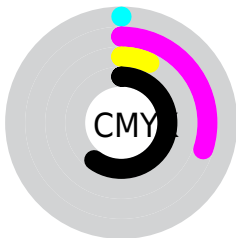
Distribution







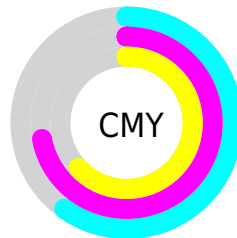
-  Red (40%)
-  Green (28%)
-  Blue (37%)






-  Red (40%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (37%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (30%)
-  Yellow (7%)
-  Black (60%)



-  Cyan (60%)
-  Magenta (72%)
-  Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.0050, 10.7720,
14.0360

■ 83.0050, 10.7720,
14.0360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 59.5920, 10.4970,
13.5130

■ 133.0160, 12.2390,
14.9830

■ 37.5810, 9.0300,
12.5660

■ 159.1300, 11.9180,
15.2940

■ 14.8200, 9.8550,
14.1350

■ 185.8420, 12.7890,
16.0290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 214.1410, 13.3850,
16.2410

■ 239.1510, 7.4250,
14.1210

■ 83.0050, 10.7720,
14.0360

■ 83.0050, 10.7720,
14.0360

■ 76.9070, 14.1640,
18.6440

■ 89.1030, 7.3800,
9.4280

■ 70.6950, 17.8770,
22.9410

■ 95.3150, 3.6670,
5.1310

■ 64.0100, 21.5440,
28.0720

■ 102.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 57.9120, 24.9360,
32.6800

■ 108.0980, -3.3920,
-4.6080

■ 51.7000, 28.6490,
36.9770

■ 114.3100, -7.1050,
-8.9050

■ 45.6020, 32.0410,
41.5850

■ 120.4080,
-10.4970, -13.5130

■ 39.5040, 35.4330,
46.1930

■ 126.5060,
-13.8890, -18.1210

■ 133.1910,

-17.5560, -23.2520

 139.4030,
-21.2690, -27.5490

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2250, -4.5870, 11.5490



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



82.6980, 21.8220, 12.0140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



79.4560, 15.9110, -7.5210



70.7760, -40.7120, -11.0800

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



89.9950, -10.7720, -14.0360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3550, -29.3410, -13.4130



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



77.8780, 2.7990, -12.1850

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



80.8640, 23.7500, -0.9060



75.3260, -13.2020, -14.0500



74.1560, -35.6700, -3.3340

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



81.8570, 25.6280, 9.1160



75.3260, -13.2020, -14.0500



70.9180, -38.2360, -11.9000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



125.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



76.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250



61.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



102.9830, 17.0060, 22.2060



81.2950, 15.5870, 9.3710



47.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



44.5310, 39.9710, 52.0590



93.6760, 84.2050, 109.4610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360



102.9830, 17.0060, 22.2060



91.7050, -15.5870, -9.3710



47.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040



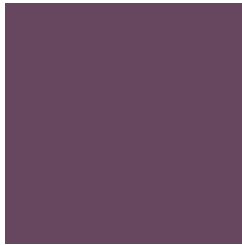
44.5310, 39.9710, 52.0590



93.6760, 84.2050, 109.4610

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

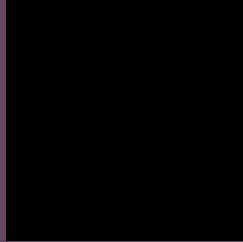
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360.

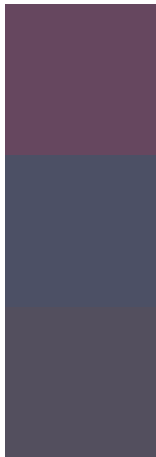


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 83.0050, 10.7720,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Protanopia

81.1980, -9.1250, 5.6830

Deuteranopia

81.9060, -2.4310, 5.5130



Tritanopia

82.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Protanomaly

81.9000, -2.2940, 8.5380

Deuteranomaly

82.2380, 2.5660, 8.5660

Tritanomaly

82.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360

Achromatopsia

83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

83.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 71, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 71, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 71, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 71, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 71, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 71, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 71, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 71, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 71, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 71,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 83.0050, 10.7720, 14.0360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 71, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 71,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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