

Converting Colors

YIQ(83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(83.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD2D2D
RGB	173, 45, 45
RGB Percent	68%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.3213, 0.8237, 0.8232
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.74, 0.32
HSL	360°, 59%, 43%
HSV	360°, 74%, 68%
XYZ	18.6622, 10.9558, 3.6215
YIQ	83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

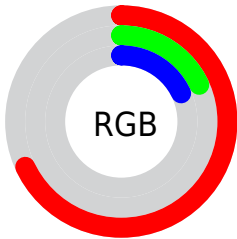
Format	Color
RYB	173, 45, 45
Decimal	11349293
CIELab	39.51, 51.36, 31.38
CIELCh	40, 60.189, 31.424
Yxy	10.9558, 0.5614, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289539373 (0xFFAD2D2D)
YUV	83.2720, -18.8681, 78.6915
Hunter-Lab	33.0996, 42.7178, 16.6827

Details

The YIQ color **83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **134.7280, -76.2880, -27.1360**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139.3390, 83.3490, 25.8210**, and **33.7870, 67.3480, 23.9560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.3550, 86.4200, 30.7400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.1890, 66.1560, 23.5320**.

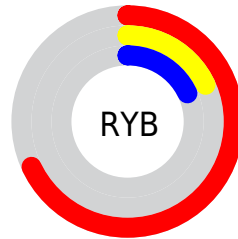
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (18%)

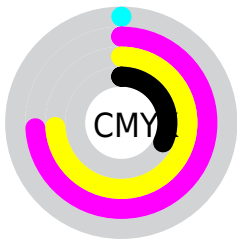
Blue (18%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

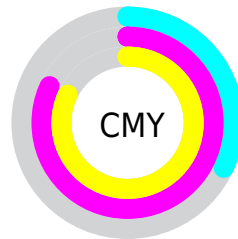


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

■ 83.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 49.6020, 75.5990,
34.1190

■ 139.3390, 83.3490,
25.8210

■ 33.7870, 67.3480,
23.9560

■ 164.6050, 79.5440,
23.1920

■ 24.8170, 49.4680,
17.5960

■ 183.4180, 63.7730,
17.1570

■ 17.2710, 33.3300,
12.7060

■ 202.8180, 47.7270,
10.5990

■ 4.4850, 8.9400,
3.1800

■ 222.9190, 31.0850,
3.8290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 243.1340, 14.1220,

-2.6300

254.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 83.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

■ 83.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

■ 71.3550, 86.4200,
30.7400

■ 95.1890, 66.1560,
23.5320

■ 58.7370, 97.1480,
34.5560

■ 107.8070, 55.4280,
19.7160

■ 51.7270, 103.1080,
36.6760

■ 119.7240, 45.2960,
16.1120

■ 131.6410, 35.1640,
12.5080

■ 143.6720, 24.7110,
9.2150

■ 156.1760, 14.3040,
5.0880

■ 168.0930, 4.1720,
1.4840

■ 180.0100, -5.9600,
-2.1200

■ 192.6280,
-16.6880, -5.9360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.2490, 67.0680, 51.0680



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



86.8150, 69.0040, -6.0680

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



69.9450, -44.0070, -44.9910



80.0010, -88.8570, 7.9350

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



134.7280, -76.2880, -27.1360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9760, -87.7090, -1.8610



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



77.6340, -61.5240, -30.3880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



79.2870, 7.7560, -41.4600



83.2200, -77.2530, -15.1490



93.8740, -24.6270, 33.3330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



87.8570, 50.8500, -18.4780



83.2200, -77.2530, -15.1490



82.2350, -89.6360, 5.5320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



189.6510, 29.2040, 10.3880



97.2660, 34.0080, 66.5200



91.6710, 17.2840, 6.1480



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



84.5010, 118.6040, 42.1880



119.6660, 59.2380, -5.2900



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



44.8500, 89.4000, 31.8000



6.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



84.5010, 118.6040, 42.1880



98.3340, -59.2380, 5.2900



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



44.8500, 89.4000, 31.8000



6.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

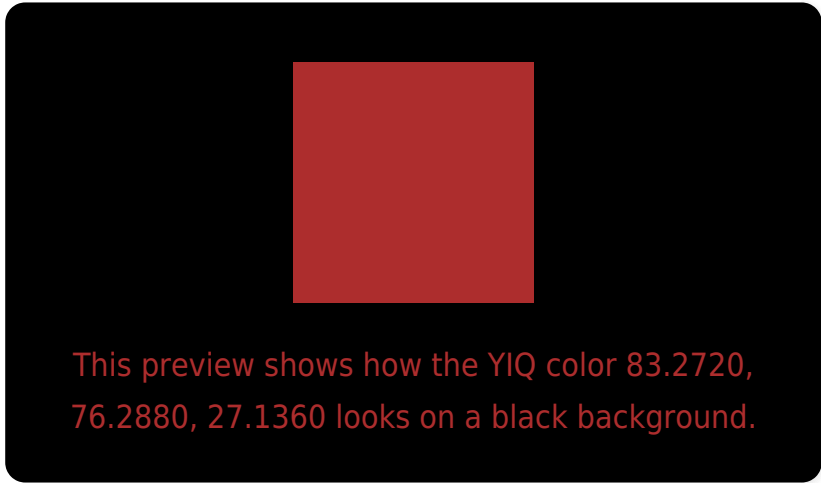
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 83.2720, 76.2880,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Protanopia

92.6300, 15.3610, -8.5670

Deuteranopia

91.4440, 33.3800, -10.2360



Tritanopia

83.3860, 75.9670, 27.4470

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Protanomaly

89.1540, 37.7330, 4.4930

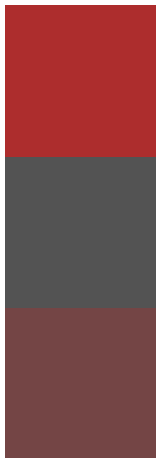
Deuteranomaly

88.3740, 48.7370, 3.3050

Tritanomaly

83.3860, 75.9670, 27.4470

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360

Achromatopsia

83.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

83.0530, 28.0120, 9.9640

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 45, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 45, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 45, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 45, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 45, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 45, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 45, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 45, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 45, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 45,  
45) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 83.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 45, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 45,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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