

Converting Colors

YIQ(84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E4D5E
RGB	94, 77, 94
RGB Percent	37%, 30%, 37%
CMY	0.6313, 0.6981, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	300°, 10%, 34%
HSV	300°, 18%, 37%
XYZ	9.2913, 8.4953, 11.7401
YIQ	84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

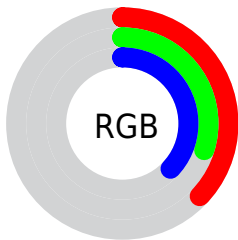
Format	Color
RYB	94, 77, 94
Decimal	6180190
CIELab	34.99, 10.53, -7.27
CIElCh	35, 12.795, 325.368
Yxy	8.4953, 0.3147, 0.2877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284370270 (0xFF5E4D5E)
YUV	84.0210, 4.9196, 8.7516
Hunter-Lab	29.1467, 5.8946, -3.4788




Details

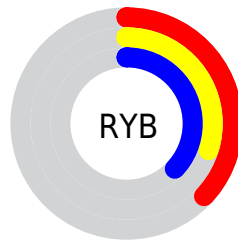
The YIQ color **84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **86.9790, -4.6750, -8.8910**, and the grayscale version is **84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.7330, 5.5460, 9.6260**, and **39.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840**.

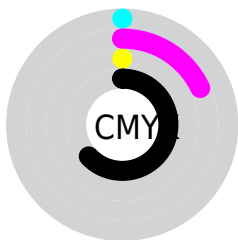
Distribution







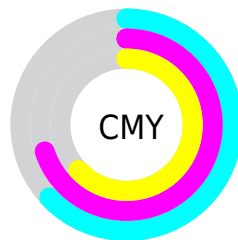
-  Red (37%)
-  Green (30%)
-  Blue (37%)






-  Red (37%)
-  Yellow (30%)
-  Blue (37%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (18%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (63%)



-  Cyan (63%)
-  Magenta (70%)
-  Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 84.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 60.6080, 4.4000,
8.3680

■ 133.7330, 5.5460,
9.6260

■ 39.1950, 4.1250,
7.8450

■ 159.8470, 5.2250,
9.9370

■ 17.9070, 4.9960,
8.5800

■ 186.8470, 5.2250,
9.9370

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 214.2600, 5.5000,
10.4600

■ 242.6730, 5.7750,
10.9830

■ 84.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 84.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 78.7380, 7.1500,
13.5980

■ 89.3040, 2.2000,
4.1840

■ 72.8680, 9.9000,
18.8280

■ 95.1740, -0.5500,
-1.0460

■ 67.5850, 12.3750,
23.5350

■ 100.4570, -3.0250,
-5.7530

■ 61.7150, 15.1250,
28.7650

■ 106.3270, -5.7750,
-10.9830

■ 56.4320, 17.6000,
33.4720

■ 111.6100, -8.2500,
-15.6900

■ 51.1490, 20.0750,
38.1790

■ 116.8930,
-10.7250, -20.3970

■ 45.2790, 22.8250,
43.4090

■ 122.7630,
-13.4750, -25.6270

■ 39.9960, 25.3000,

■ 128.0460,

48.1160

-15.9500, -30.3340

■ 38.8220, 25.8500,
49.1620

■ 133.9160,
-18.7000, -35.5640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.9920, -5.5490, 6.9550



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



84.0990, 13.2030, 8.5230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



82.1230, 12.6550, -3.5770



78.1760, -21.2270, -6.2750

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



86.9790, -4.6750, -8.8910

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.4170, -14.7160, -8.6360



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



80.8230, 4.6320, -6.8560

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



83.2100, 16.9640, 0.9320



79.6800, -5.2710, -9.1030



78.8110, -21.4570, -2.1050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



83.6000, 16.0460, 6.5580



79.6800, -5.2710, -9.1030



78.0190, -19.3470, -7.3070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



118.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



78.9380, -5.4570, 5.2870



59.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



106.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210



83.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030



43.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150



45.4300, 30.2500, 57.5300



97.8810, 65.1750, 123.9510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910



106.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210



88.0050, -7.5640, -6.0920



43.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150



45.4300, 30.2500, 57.5300



97.8810, 65.1750, 123.9510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

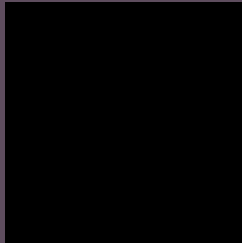
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910.

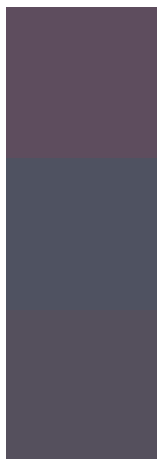


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Protanopia

82.8130, -6.6030, 4.0290

Deuteranopia

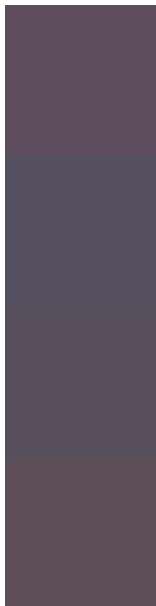
82.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



Tritanopia

83.8700, 6.4180, 4.8340

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Protanomaly

83.0200, -2.7520, 5.8240

Deuteranomaly

83.2870, 0.8700, 6.2620

Tritanomaly

83.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Achromatopsia

84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

83.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 77, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 77, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 77, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 77, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 77, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 77, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 77, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 77, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 77, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 77, 94)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 84.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 77, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 77,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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