

Converting Colors

YIQ(84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740)
contains.

YIQ(84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	356553
RGB	53, 101, 83
RGB Percent	21%, 40%, 33%
CMY	0.7923, 0.6038, 0.6746
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.18, 0.60
HSL	157°, 31%, 30%
HSV	157°, 48%, 40%
XYZ	7.6827, 10.6915, 9.8384
YIQ	84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

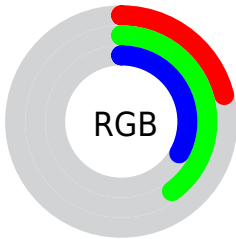
Format	Color
RYB	53, 83, 101
Decimal	3499347
CIELab	39.06, -21.12, 5.18
CIELCh	39, 21.749, 166.228
Yxy	10.6915, 0.2723, 0.3790
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281689427 (0xFF356553)
YUV	84.5960, -0.7868, -27.7097
Hunter-Lab	32.6979, -15.2808, 5.0489

Details

The YIQ color **84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **69.4040, 22.8300, 15.7740**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135.0690, -22.7840, -16.6080**, and **36.3290, -26.4520, -16.2120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.1500, -27.5060, -19.1380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.0420, -18.1540, -12.4100**.

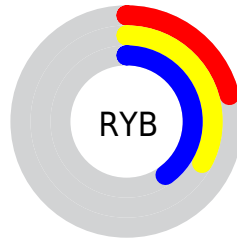
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (40%)

Blue (33%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (40%)

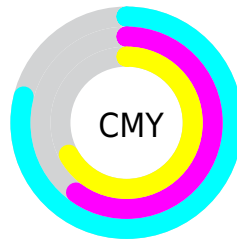


Cyan (48%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740

■ 84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 60.4110, -23.7470,
-15.6750

■ 135.0690,
-22.7840, -16.6080

■ 36.3290, -26.4520,
-16.2120

■ 161.7700,
-23.3800, -16.8200

■ 21.4230, -14.8530,
-11.6610

■ 188.9440,
-23.9300, -17.8660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 216.9440,
-23.9300, -17.8660

■ 240.2480,
-21.7300, -13.6820

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,

-3.3920

■ 84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740

■ 84.5960, -22.8300,
-15.7740

■ 81.1500, -27.5060,
-19.1380

■ 88.0420, -18.1540,
-12.4100

■ 77.7040, -32.1820,
-22.5020

■ 91.4880, -13.4780,
-9.0460

■ 74.3720, -37.1790,
-25.5550

■ 94.8200, -8.4810,
-5.9930

■ 70.9260, -41.8550,
-28.9190

■ 98.2660, -3.8050,
-2.6290

■ 67.1810, -47.1270,
-32.4950

■ 101.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 66.4690, -47.9980,
-33.2300

■ 105.4570, 6.1430,
4.3110

■ 108.9030, 10.8190,
7.6750

■ 112.2350, 15.8160,
10.7280

■ 115.6810, 20.4920,
14.0920

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.2900, -4.3530, -14.7290



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



81.2550, -40.8030, -14.9390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



92.0110, -15.7280, 9.7120



92.5490, 29.2510, 4.0270

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



69.4040, 22.8300, 15.7740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8080, 27.3240, 11.4200



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



94.3400, 2.5190, 14.9270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



87.1610, -34.0660, 0.6380



94.0660, 17.9700, 15.7460



91.4570, 23.3380, -4.4540

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



80.7260, -46.4430, -11.8430



94.0660, 17.9700, 15.7460



93.1300, 29.1130, 6.5290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



126.5210, -9.0770, -6.2050



86.5580, -2.4720, -21.2880



62.2550, -5.2720, -3.5760



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740



106.9700, -35.9870, -25.1310



83.1260, -26.9580, -7.0380



49.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820



75.7130, -54.7370, -37.7530



159.2680, -115.0210, -79.6050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.4040, 22.8300, 15.7740



82.9160, 36.3080, 24.8200



70.8740, 26.9580, 7.0380



47.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



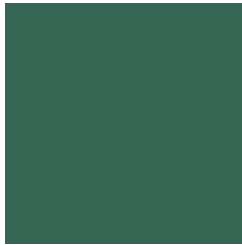
39.2870, 54.7370, 37.7530



82.7320, 115.0210, 79.6050

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

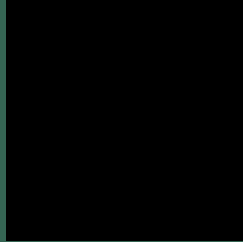
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 84.5960, -22.8300,

-15.7740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

Protanopia

91.0130, 7.1530, -2.9830

Deuteranopia

92.2570, 9.5820, 2.5580



Tritanopia

87.2510, -25.8120, -5.7800

Trichromacy



Original Color

84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

Protanomaly

88.8050, -4.1250, -7.8450

Deuteranomaly

89.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840

Tritanomaly

86.3280, -24.7110, -9.2150

Monochromacy



Original Color

84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740

Achromatopsia

85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

84.8200, -8.4810, -5.9930

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 101, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 101, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 101, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 101, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 101, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 101, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 101, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 101, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 101, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 101,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 84.5960, -22.8300, -15.7740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 101, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 101,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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