

Converting Colors

YIQ(85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160)
contains.

YIQ(85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**YIQ(85.3570, -66.0720,
19.0160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	225BBF
RGB	34, 91, 191
RGB Percent	13%, 36%, 75%
CMY	0.8667, 0.6430, 0.2513
CMYK	0.82, 0.52, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	218°, 70%, 44%
HSV	218°, 82%, 75%
XYZ	13.7967, 11.5839, 50.7490
YIQ	85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

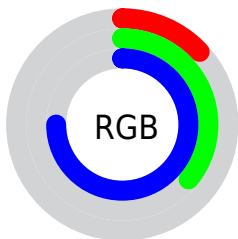
Format	Color
R _Y B	34, 76, 191
Decimal	2251711
CIE Lab	40.55, 19.04, -57.57
CIE LCh	41, 60.638, 288.297
Yxy	11.5839, 0.1812, 0.1522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280441791 (0xFF225BBF)
YUV	85.3570, 52.0820, -45.0401
Hunter-Lab	34.0351, 12.7965, -64.5816

Details

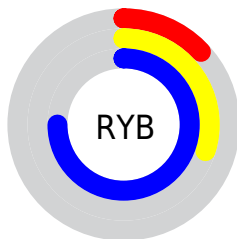
The YIQ color **85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **139.6430, 66.0720, -19.0160**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.1460, -54.9320, 26.3800**, and **43.2070, -56.9020, 18.0260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.6320, -74.0960, 21.2640**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.0820, -58.0480, 16.7680**.

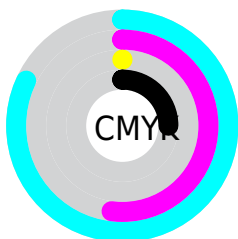
Distribution



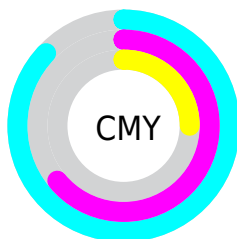
- Red (13%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.3570, -66.0720,
19.0160

■ 85.3570, -66.0720,
19.0160

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 58.4980, -71.0230,
15.1290

■ 142.7330,
-55.2070, 25.8570

■ 43.2070, -56.9020,
18.0260

■ 167.7630,
-46.7240, 20.7960

■ 28.3890, -42.7350,
20.0890

■ 192.5820,
-36.2690, 13.0350

■ 9.8040, -27.6060,
26.7460

■ 217.9880,
-26.0890, 4.7510

■ 10.4760, -21.2310,
15.8330

■ 243.3940,
-15.9090, -3.5330

■ 6.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 2.4110, -5.4110,

4.4530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 85.3570, -66.0720,
19.0160

■ 85.3570, -66.0720,
19.0160

■ 72.6320, -74.0960,
21.2640

■ 98.0820, -58.0480,
16.7680

■ 62.2770, -80.2860,
23.3140

■ 110.8070,
-50.0240, 14.5200

■ 123.5320,
-42.0000, 12.2720

■ 136.8440,
-34.2510, 9.5010

■ 149.5690,
-26.2270, 7.2530

■ 162.5930,
-17.6070, 5.2170

■ 175.3180, -9.5830,
2.9690

■ 188.0430, -1.5590,
0.7210

■ 200.7680, 6.4650,
-1.5270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.9250, -91.6990, 4.3730



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



97.2760, 9.7120, 44.2720

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



88.4820, 74.9160, 7.9400



76.5280, -55.6540, -37.6540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



139.6430, 66.0720, -19.0160

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.7040, -33.3230, -51.3950



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



89.9500, 55.0220, -16.9940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



83.5900, 75.8730, 40.1690



86.1860, 24.3980, -34.6900



82.9290, -72.3000, -22.3160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



91.7870, 42.1260, 51.5500



86.1860, 24.3980, -34.6900



73.8890, -49.6010, -42.7290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



205.8680, -25.6310, 7.4650



137.4450, -74.9540, -51.3220



99.5500, -16.0480, 4.4960



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160



82.1730, -103.1200, 29.6480



58.1770, -37.8810, 53.2790



87.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



51.4710, -66.3930, 19.3270



9.9910, -12.9760, 3.8880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.4410, 75.2750, 51.0110



85.4010, 117.4510, 79.6190



166.8230, 37.8810, -53.2790



88.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



53.7400, 75.8710, 51.2230



10.5230, 14.9450, 9.9930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

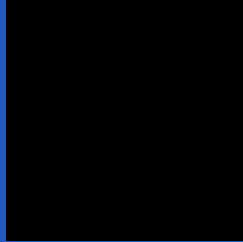
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.3570, -66.0720,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160

Protanopia

83.0680, -72.6280, 16.6840

Tritanopia

75.1040, -65.4230, -20.2950

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160

Protanomaly

84.2640, -70.2440, 17.5320

Tritanomaly

78.9490, -65.8840, -6.4280

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160

Achromatopsia

85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

84.9390, -24.3930, 7.0550

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 91, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 91, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 91, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 91, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 91, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 91, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 91, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 91, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 91, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 91,  
191) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 85.3570, -66.0720, 19.0160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 91, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 91,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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