

# Converting Colors

YIQ(85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(85.6070, 25.6180,  
64.3860)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9625A7
RGB	150, 37, 167
RGB Percent	59%, 15%, 65%
CMY	0.4114, 0.8551, 0.3451
CMYK	0.10, 0.78, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	292°, 64%, 40%
HSV	292°, 78%, 65%
XYZ	20.2293, 10.6027, 37.5397
YIQ	85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

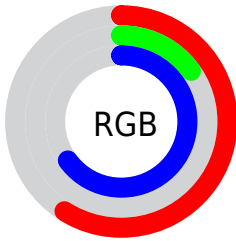
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	150, 37, 167
Decimal	9840039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.90, 61.88, -45.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 76.851, 323.623
Yxy	10.6027, 0.2959, 0.1551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288030119 (0xFF9625A7)
<b>YUV</b>	85.6070, 40.1267, 56.4727
Hunter-Lab	32.5618, 53.9112, -45.5606

# Details

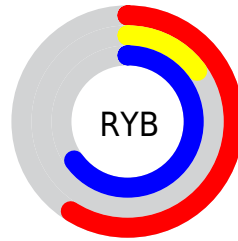
The YIQ color **85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **118.3930, -25.6180, -64.3860**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143.0800, 25.6640, 63.5520**, and **41.4010, 20.0260, 55.5940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.0300, 29.1010, 72.8530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1840, 22.1350, 55.9190**.

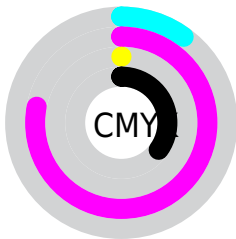
# Distribution



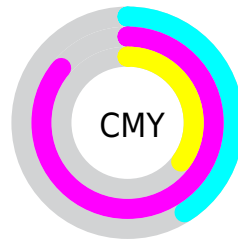
- Red (59%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



85.6070, 25.6180,  
64.3860

85.6070, 25.6180,  
64.3860

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

52.4380, 27.7720,  
69.4040

143.3790, 26.2600,  
63.7640

41.4010, 20.0260,  
55.5940

171.7920, 26.5350,  
64.2870

30.4780, 11.9590,  
42.0950

193.9520, 28.6000,  
54.3920

20.5660, 5.3590,  
29.5430

210.3880, 20.9000,  
39.7480

5.0870, -12.8860,  
13.2740

227.4110, 12.9250,  
24.5810

2.8670, -6.6950,  
5.6970

244.4340, 4.9500,

0.0000, 0.0000,

9.4140

0.0000

■ 85.6070, 25.6180,  
64.3860

■ 85.6070, 25.6180,  
64.3860

■ 75.0300, 29.1010,  
72.8530

■ 96.1840, 22.1350,  
55.9190

■ 65.0400, 32.3090,  
80.7970

■ 106.1740, 18.9270,  
47.9750

■ 62.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

■ 117.0500, 16.0400,  
39.7200

■ 127.6270, 12.5570,  
31.2530

■ 137.6170, 9.3490,  
23.3090

■ 148.1940, 5.8660,  
14.8420

■ 158.7710, 2.3830,  
6.3750

■ 169.3480, -1.1000,  
-2.0920

■ 179.6370, -3.7120,  
-9.8240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.8360, -83.3580, 23.9220



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



69.4210, 79.1680, 74.0800

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



86.9710, 50.5290, -18.1670



84.1660, -77.1610, -16.8170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



118.3930, -25.6180, -64.3860

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1690, -56.0210, -36.5090



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



79.5970, 9.8190, -40.3010

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



80.1690, 86.1030, 8.9430



65.1570, -30.5250, -58.0530



88.9200, -93.3030, 0.4010



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



66.2420, 95.3090, 62.3890



65.1570, -30.5250, -58.0530



81.7720, -70.4200, -23.3480

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



185.5570, 9.5780, 24.6660



61.7990, -46.4050, 31.5390



90.6070, 6.1410, 15.3650



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



90.6520, 40.0540, 100.1340



85.2180, 51.1580, 53.0620



79.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720



55.4430, 29.3760, 73.3760



7.6620, 4.3080, 10.0360



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.8080, 72.0230, 32.8470



78.3620, 112.0460, 50.9100



118.7820, -51.1580, -53.0620



78.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070



46.4180, 82.1090, 37.2850



6.3220, 10.9570, 5.1730



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

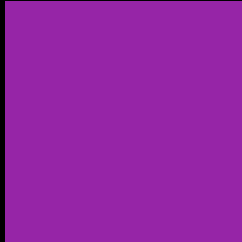
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

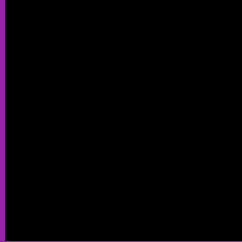
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.6070, 25.6180,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860

### Protanopia

73.7890, -85.1440, 12.2320

### Deuteranopia

86.3460, -50.3440, 9.3040



## Tritanopia

92.6030, 38.3270, 15.7590

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



## Protanomaly

78.1690, -44.5710, 31.3410



## Deuteranomaly

86.0220, -22.2880, 29.4880



## Tritanomaly

89.9300, 33.6930, 33.6690

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860



## Achromatopsia

86.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

85.6170, 9.3490, 23.3090

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 37, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 37, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 37, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 37, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 37, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 37, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 37, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 37, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 37, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 37,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 85.6070, 25.6180, 64.3860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 37, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 37,  
167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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