

Converting Colors

YIQ(85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(85.7470, 55.6570,
21.0730)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98393C
RGB	152, 57, 60
RGB Percent	60%, 22%, 24%
CMY	0.4037, 0.7766, 0.7645
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.61, 0.40
HSL	358°, 45%, 41%
HSV	358°, 63%, 60%
XYZ	15.2380, 9.9302, 5.3963
YIQ	85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

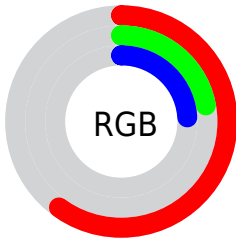
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 57, 60
Decimal	9976124
CIE _{Lab}	37.72, 40.09, 19.15
CIE _{LCh}	38, 44.425, 25.537
Yxy	9.9302, 0.4986, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288166204 (0xFF98393C)
YUV	85.7470, -12.6933, 58.1039
Hunter-Lab	31.5121, 31.1692, 11.9054

Details

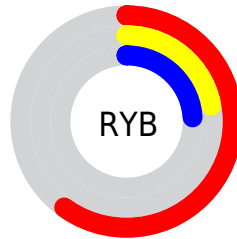
The YIQ color **85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **123.2530, -55.6570, -21.0730**, and the grayscale version is **86.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138.6830, 61.7090, 21.5250**, and **30.4570, 50.8420, 25.7380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.2320, 64.5970, 24.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.2620, 46.7170, 17.8930**.

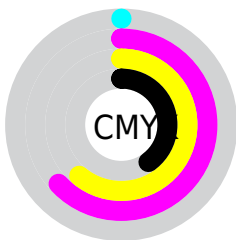
Distribution



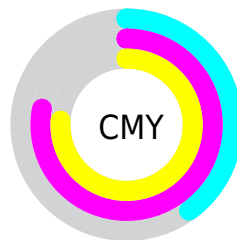
- Red (60%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.7470, 55.6570,
21.0730

■ 85.7470, 55.6570,
21.0730

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 59.3060, 52.5850,
21.6810

■ 138.6830, 61.7090,
21.5250

■ 30.4570, 50.8420,
25.7380

■ 166.4660, 63.8180,
21.8500

■ 20.3320, 40.5280,
14.4160

■ 189.4650, 56.3910,
18.7830

■ 12.9710, 25.3070,
9.4270

■ 208.9790, 40.0240,
12.5360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 228.4930, 23.6570,
6.2890

■ 248.8220, 6.3730,

0.1410

■ 85.7470, 55.6570,
21.0730

■ 85.7470, 55.6570,
21.0730

■ 75.2320, 64.5970,
24.2530

■ 96.2620, 46.7170,
17.8930

■ 64.8310, 73.2160,
27.7440

■ 106.6630, 38.0980,
14.4020

■ 53.7290, 82.4310,
31.4470

■ 117.7650, 28.8830,
10.6990

■ 46.0180, 88.9870,
33.7790

■ 128.2800, 19.9430,
7.5190

■ 138.7950, 11.0030,
4.3390

■ 149.1960, 2.3840,
0.8480

■ 159.7110, -6.5560,
-2.3320

■ 170.8130,
-15.7710, -6.0350

■ 181.2140,
-24.3900, -9.5260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.4920, 43.7340, 33.4140



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



85.9460, 52.8180, 0.9300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



72.2940, -28.5120, -33.9520



74.0050, -77.4850, 0.0750

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



123.2530, -55.6570, -21.0730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.7460, -75.5580, -7.3180



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



70.9830, -55.1970, -29.4130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



81.0850, 14.6770, -29.2190



75.2010, -67.0740, -17.9060



89.0120, -25.4960, 21.5440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



84.9800, 46.3100, -13.2900



75.2010, -67.0740, -17.9060



75.5380, -77.6680, -2.1160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



172.4760, 22.3270, 8.3670



95.3380, 24.3370, 49.0490



83.5780, 13.1120, 4.6640



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



95.1210, 87.1990, 33.1430



111.2330, 44.5200, -2.8720



71.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



42.4300, 81.8350, 31.2350



3.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730



95.1210, 87.1990, 33.1430



97.7670, -44.5200, 2.8720



71.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



42.4300, 81.8350, 31.2350



3.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

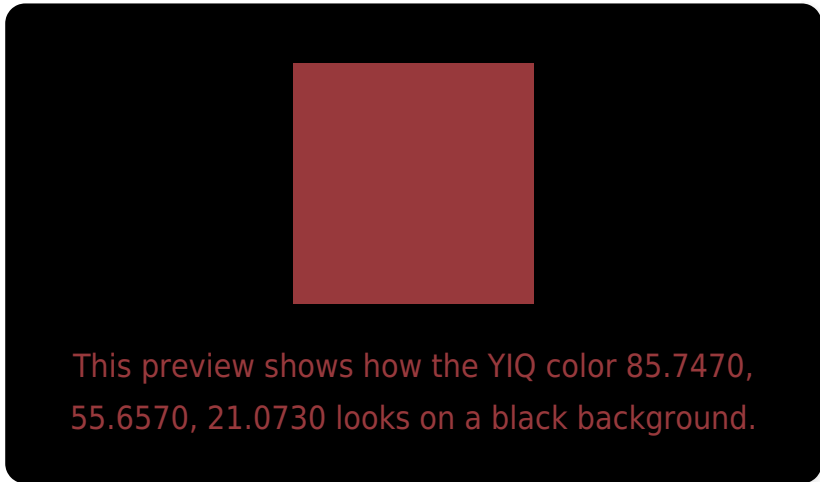
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

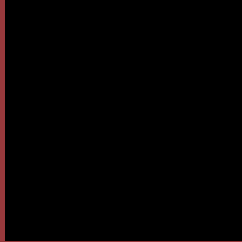
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730.

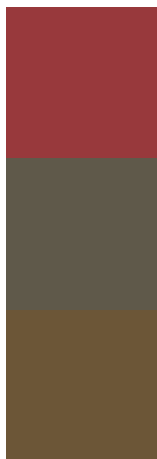


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 85.7470, 55.6570,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Protanopia

89.0840, 8.3910, -3.3930

Deuteranopia

89.0440, 23.0630, -4.9770



Tritanopia

85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Protanomaly

87.7490, 25.8120, 5.7800

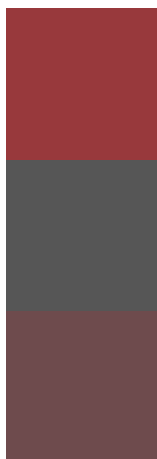
Deuteranomaly

87.5990, 34.9820, 4.7900

Tritanomaly

85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730

Achromatopsia

86.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

85.6930, 20.2180, 8.0420

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 57, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 57, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 57, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 57, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 57, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 57, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 57, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 57, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 57, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 57,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 85.7470, 55.6570, 21.0730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 57, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 57,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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