

Converting Colors

YIQ(86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830)
contains.

YIQ(86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(86.8050, 14.2110,
12.2830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C4B5C
RGB	108, 75, 92
RGB Percent	42%, 29%, 36%
CMY	0.5764, 0.7059, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.15, 0.58
HSL	329°, 18%, 36%
HSV	329°, 31%, 42%
XYZ	10.6345, 8.9927, 11.3030
YIQ	86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

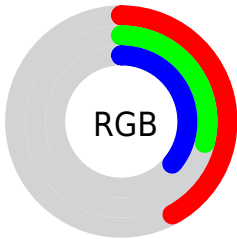
Format	Color
RYB	108, 75, 92
Decimal	7097180
CIELab	35.97, 16.92, -4.39
CIElCh	36, 17.483, 345.452
Yxy	8.9927, 0.3438, 0.2907
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285287260 (0xFF6C4B5C)
YUV	86.8050, 2.5611, 18.5880
Hunter-Lab	29.9879, 10.8219, -1.3560

Details

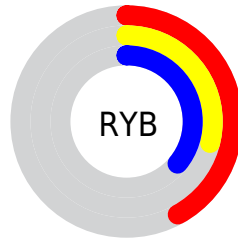
The YIQ color **86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **96.1950, -14.2110, -12.2830**, and the grayscale version is **87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.8160, 15.6780, 13.2300**, and **40.7940, 12.7440, 11.3360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.7780, 18.8410, 16.4810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.8320, 9.5810, 8.0850**.

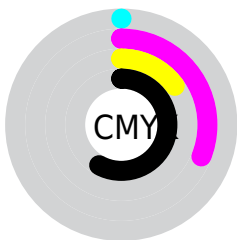
Distribution



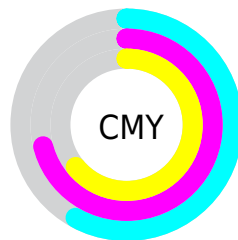
- Red (42%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.8050, 14.2110,
12.2830

■ 86.8050, 14.2110,
12.2830

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 63.2070, 13.0190,
11.8590

■ 136.8160, 15.6780,
13.2300

■ 40.7940, 12.7440,
11.3360

■ 163.2290, 15.9530,
13.7530

■ 19.0220, 12.1020,
11.9580

■ 190.5280, 16.5490,
13.9650

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 218.2400, 17.4200,
14.7000

■ 241.7440, 7.0130,
10.5730

■ 86.8050, 14.2110,
12.2830

■ 86.8050, 14.2110,
12.2830

■ 79.7780, 18.8410,
16.4810

■ 93.8320, 9.5810,
8.0850

■ 72.7510, 23.4710,
20.6790

■ 100.8590, 4.9510,
3.8870

■ 66.1970, 28.1470,
24.0430

■ 107.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 59.1700, 32.7770,
28.2410

■ 114.4400, -4.3550,
-3.6750

■ 52.1430, 37.4070,
32.4390

■ 121.4670, -8.9850,
-7.8730

■ 45.1160, 42.0370,
36.6370


■ 128.4940,
-13.6150, -12.0710

■ 38.6760, 46.3920,
40.3120

■ 135.6350,
-18.5660, -15.9580

■ 142.0750,

-22.9210, -19.6330

 149.1020,
-27.5510, -23.8310

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.9330, 2.1070, 11.3790



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



86.1170, 21.9600, 9.5120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



82.9930, 9.9050, -8.8070



77.8310, -33.3770, -6.3450

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



96.1950, -14.2110, -12.2830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



81.4690, -3.2990, -11.8030

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



84.3580, 19.3030, -2.9130



79.2270, -17.2370, -12.5090



81.3530, -25.8590, 0.5810

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



85.9660, 23.7030, 5.4550



79.2270, -17.2370, -12.5090



77.6630, -32.9640, -8.3240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



132.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



83.5460, -1.0570, 13.6550



66.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



106.6260, 22.3250, 19.4210



84.9810, 19.3470, 7.3070



50.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



41.8230, 50.4720, 43.4640



87.6190, 105.5740, 91.1260

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830



106.6260, 22.3250, 19.4210



98.0190, -19.3470, -7.3070



50.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



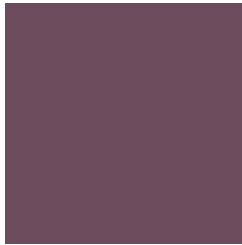
41.8230, 50.4720, 43.4640



87.6190, 105.5740, 91.1260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

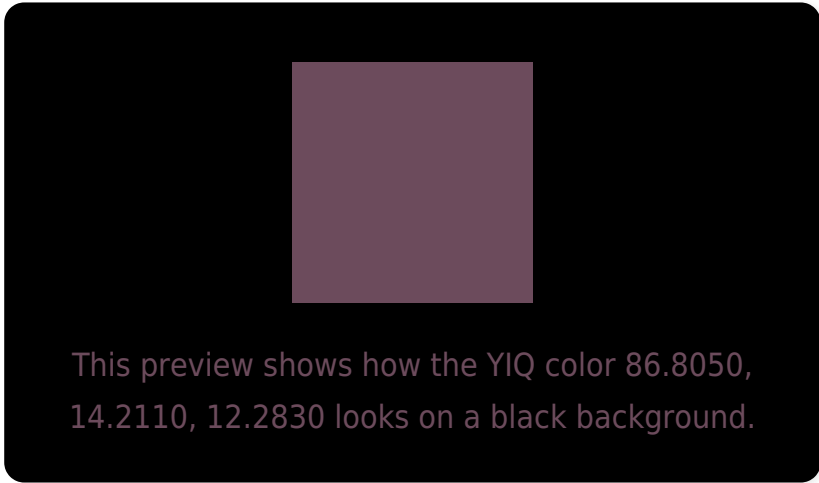
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

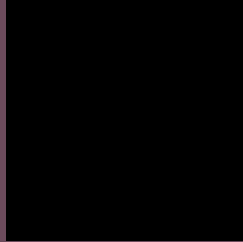
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830.

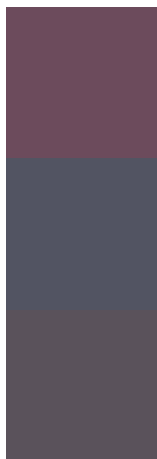


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 86.8050, 14.2110,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830

Protanopia

84.9980, -5.6860, 3.9300

Deuteranopia

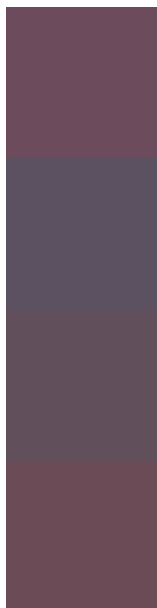
85.4180, 1.8790, 4.4950



Tritanopia

86.6540, 15.9540, 8.2260

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830

Protanomaly

85.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850

Deuteranomaly

85.7500, 6.8760, 7.5480

Tritanomaly

86.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830

Achromatopsia

87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

87.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 75, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 75, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 75, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 75, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 75, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 75, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 75, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 75, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 75, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 75,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 86.8050, 14.2110, 12.2830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 75, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 75,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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