

# Converting Colors

YIQ(87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(87.0230, -7.9750,  
-15.1670)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	466346
RGB	70, 99, 70
RGB Percent	27%, 39%, 27%
CMY	0.7256, 0.6117, 0.7255
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.29, 0.61
HSL	120°, 17%, 33%
HSV	120°, 29%, 39%
XYZ	8.0926, 10.6694, 7.4268
YIQ	87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

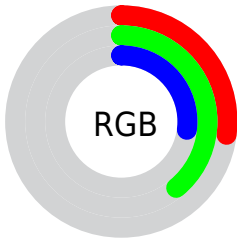
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	70, 99, 99
Decimal	4612934
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.02, -17.18, 13.14
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 21.631, 142.589
Yxy	10.6694, 0.3090, 0.4074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282803014 (0xFF466346)
YUV	87.0230, -8.3923, -14.9292
Hunter-Lab	32.6641, -12.9383, 9.3841

# Details

The YIQ color **87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **81.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670**, and the grayscale version is **87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137.0830, -8.2040, -16.5240**, and **40.9630, -7.7460, -13.8100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.8930, -10.7250, -20.3970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.1530, -5.2250, -9.9370**.

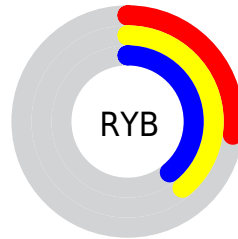
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (39%)

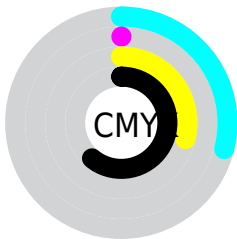
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (39%)

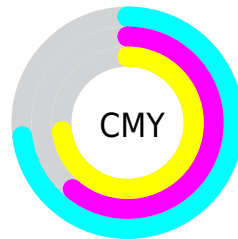


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.0230, -7.9750,  
-15.1670

87.0230, -7.9750,  
-15.1670

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

63.4360, -7.7000,  
-14.6440

137.0830, -8.2040,  
-16.5240

40.9630, -7.7460,  
-13.8100

163.6700, -8.4790,  
-17.0470

19.0940, -6.7370,  
-15.5770

190.6700, -8.4790,  
-17.0470

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

218.2570, -8.7540,  
-17.5700

243.3220, -7.3790,  
-14.9550

■ 87.0230, -7.9750,  
-15.1670

■ 87.0230, -7.9750,  
-15.1670

■ 82.8930, -10.7250,  
-20.3970

■ 91.1530, -5.2250,  
-9.9370

■ 78.7630, -13.4750,  
-25.6270

■ 95.2830, -2.4750,  
-4.7070

■ 74.6330, -16.2250,  
-30.8570

■ 99.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

■ 70.5030, -18.9750,  
-36.0870

■ 103.5430, 3.0250,  
5.7530

■ 66.4870, -22.0460,  
-41.0060

■ 107.2600, 5.5000,  
10.4600

■ 62.6560, -24.2000,  
-46.0240

■ 111.3900, 8.2500,  
15.6900

■ 58.5260, -26.9500,  
-51.2540

■ 115.5200, 11.0000,  
20.9200

■ 58.1130, -27.2250,

■ 119.6500, 13.7500,

-51.7770

26.1500

■ 123.7800, 16.5000,  
31.3800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.4010, 8.5760, -12.2560



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



83.8560, -26.4980, -15.3780

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



88.3680, -30.2150, 2.4330



93.3520, 28.6080, 10.1760

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



81.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.2080, 20.4460, 14.9260



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



92.6910, -11.8310, 10.6730

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



82.4430, -43.9680, -7.1360



94.4930, 6.4620, 15.0540



92.3100, 28.4260, 2.4580



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



81.3370, -38.0980, -14.4020



94.4930, 6.4620, 15.0540



94.0360, 26.6820, 12.0420

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



123.0440, -3.3000, -6.2760



95.6940, 9.3090, -9.0190



61.1090, -1.9250, -3.6610



191.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670



109.4150, -12.3750, -23.5350



88.6190, -12.4690, -10.8130



46.3480, -1.1000, -2.0920



65.7440, -30.8000, -58.5760



140.8800, -66.0000, -125.5200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670



101.4710, 12.6960, 23.2240



80.2670, 12.7900, 10.5020



45.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920



46.2560, 30.8000, 58.5760



99.1200, 66.0000, 125.5200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 87.0230, -7.9750,

-15.1670.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670

### Protanopia

90.9440, 11.6010, -6.5030

### Deuteranopia

91.8570, 16.4600, -0.9480



## Tritanopia

90.1170, -13.5710, -1.8510

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670

## Protanomaly

89.8290, 4.4950, -9.8810

## Deuteranomaly

90.2040, 7.9330, -6.1070

## Tritanomaly

88.7380, -11.1860, -6.5300

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670

## Achromatopsia

87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

86.8700, -2.7500, -5.2300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 99, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 99, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 99, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 99, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 99, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 99, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 99, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 99, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 99, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 99, 70)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 87.0230, -7.9750, -15.1670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 99, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 99,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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