

Converting Colors

YIQ(87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960)
contains.

YIQ(87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(87.3420, 34.5680,
12.2960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	804646
RGB	128, 70, 70
RGB Percent	50%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.4979, 0.7256, 0.7254
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.45, 0.50
HSL	360°, 29%, 39%
HSV	360°, 45%, 50%
XYZ	12.2026, 9.4118, 6.9737
YIQ	87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

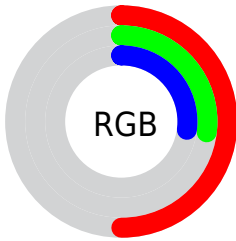
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 70, 70
Decimal	8406598
CIE Lab	36.77, 24.80, 10.96
CIE LCh	37, 27.111, 23.833
Yxy	9.4118, 0.4268, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286596678 (0xFF804646)
YUV	87.3420, -8.5496, 35.6571
Hunter-Lab	30.6787, 17.3116, 7.9977

Details

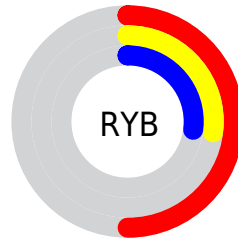
The YIQ color **87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **110.6580, -34.5680, -12.2960**, and the grayscale version is **87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138.0220, 38.4650, 13.2570**, and **39.8900, 30.0290, 11.9570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2290, 42.3160, 15.0520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.4550, 26.8200, 9.5400**.

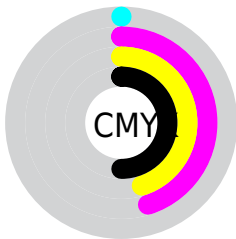
Distribution



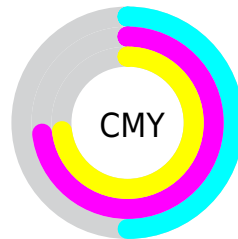
- Red (50%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.3420, 34.5680,
12.2960

87.3420, 34.5680,
12.2960

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

63.5590, 32.4590,
11.9710

138.0220, 38.4650,
13.2570

39.8900, 30.0290,
11.9570

164.9190, 40.2530,
13.8930

16.1350, 30.7170,
10.5010

192.4030, 41.7660,
14.0060

6.8770, 13.7080,
4.8760

216.2170, 33.4220,
11.0380

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

235.8450, 16.7340,
5.1020

254.8860, 0.3210,

-0.3110

■ 87.3420, 34.5680,
12.2960

■ 87.3420, 34.5680,
12.2960

■ 78.2290, 42.3160,
15.0520

■ 96.4550, 26.8200,
9.5400

■ 69.1160, 50.0640,
17.8080

■ 105.5680, 19.0720,
6.7840

■ 60.7040, 57.2160,
20.3520

■ 113.9800, 11.9200,
4.2400

■ 51.5910, 64.9640,
23.1080

■ 123.0930, 4.1720,
1.4840

■ 42.4780, 72.7120,
25.8640

■ 132.2060, -3.5760,
-1.2720

■ 38.2720, 76.2880,
27.1360

■ 141.3190,
-11.3240, -4.0280

■ 150.4320,
-19.0720, -6.7840

■ 158.8440,
-26.2240, -9.3280

■ 167.9570,
-33.9720, -12.0840

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.3660, 25.9930, 19.0250



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



86.4200, 33.9280, 1.8640

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



79.6480, -11.4130, -18.9410



80.2080, -41.4480, 2.2640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



110.6580, -34.5680, -12.2960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.5590, -64.9660, -12.0540



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



73.0390, -40.4350, -21.6110

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



83.4780, 9.6770, -15.6910



69.2680, -60.0130, -19.2210



87.6030, -14.3990, 13.1610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



85.4530, 29.1610, -5.3590



69.2680, -60.0130, -19.2210



75.4730, -52.6800, -3.4320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



149.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760



93.6550, 15.3540, 30.1220



74.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



102.9100, 53.6400, 19.0800



103.7780, 26.8680, -2.3480



59.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



38.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960



102.9100, 53.6400, 19.0800



94.2220, -26.8680, 2.3480



59.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



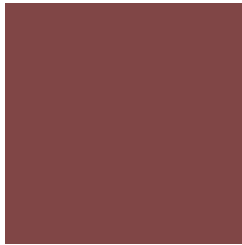
38.2720, 76.2880, 27.1360



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

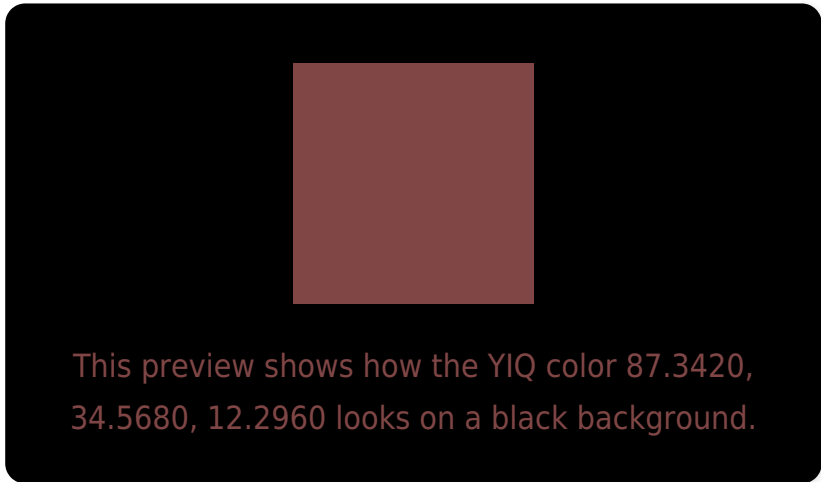
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960.

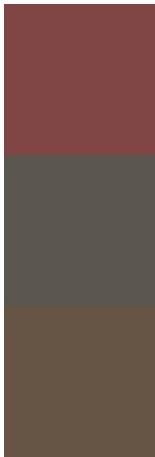


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 87.3420, 34.5680,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

Protanopia

87.1700, 5.2730, -1.9510

Deuteranopia

87.5580, 15.8640, -1.1600



Tritanopia

87.2110, 33.5590, 14.0630

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

Protanomaly

87.1930, 15.6340, 3.0100

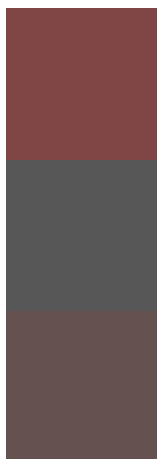
Deuteranomaly

87.4280, 22.2820, 3.6740

Tritanomaly

87.0970, 33.8800, 13.7520

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960

Achromatopsia

87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

87.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 70, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 70, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 70, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 70, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 70, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 70, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 70, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 70, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 70, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 70,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 87.3420, 34.5680, 12.2960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 70, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 70,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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