

Converting Colors

YIQ(89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(89.5190, -75.5160,
13.9560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A65C5
RGB	26, 101, 197
RGB Percent	10%, 40%, 77%
CMY	0.8981, 0.6038, 0.2278
CMYK	0.87, 0.49, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	214°, 77%, 44%
HSV	214°, 87%, 77%
XYZ	15.1491, 13.5596, 54.5849
YIQ	89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

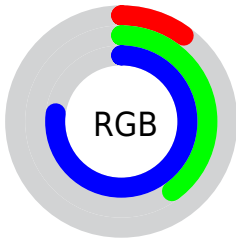
Format	Color
R _Y B	26, 78, 197
Decimal	1729989
CIE Lab	43.59, 14.22, -56.13
CIE LCh	44, 57.903, 284.217
Yxy	13.5596, 0.1819, 0.1628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279920069 (0xFF1A65C5)
YUV	89.5190, 52.9881, -55.7062
Hunter-Lab	36.8234, 8.9939, -62.1118

Details

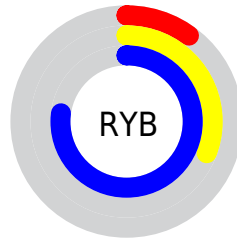
The YIQ color **89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **133.4810, 75.5160, -13.9560**, and the grayscale version is **89.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.3900, -61.6710, 21.8570**, and **49.0600, -60.9820, 14.8740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.0820, -84.4110, 15.4690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.9560, -66.6210, 12.4430**.

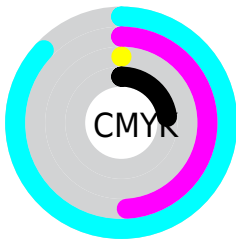
Distribution



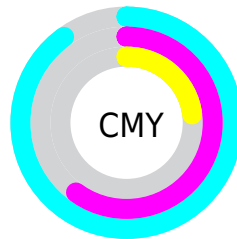
- Red (10%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.5190, -75.5160,
13.9560

■ 89.5190, -75.5160,
13.9560

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 65.0520, -75.6990,
11.7650

■ 148.3900,
-61.6710, 21.8570

■ 49.0600, -60.9820,
14.8740

■ 173.6220,
-50.9410, 14.6190

■ 33.7690, -46.8610,
17.7710

■ 198.7400,
-39.8900, 7.0700

■ 18.5920, -33.0610,
20.9790

■ 224.1460,
-29.7100, -1.2140

■ 11.6330, -23.1110,
16.8650

■ 246.0300,
-17.8800, -6.3600

■ 6.6630, -14.6280,
11.8040

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,

6.3190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.5190, -75.5160,
13.9560

■ 89.5190, -75.5160,
13.9560

■ 77.0820, -84.4110,
15.4690

■ 101.9560,
-66.6210, 12.4430

■ 72.9400, -86.8870,
16.2890

■ 114.0940,
-58.3220, 10.7180

■ 126.5310,
-49.4270, 9.2050

■ 138.9680,
-40.5320, 7.6920

■ 151.1060,
-32.2330, 5.9670

■ 163.5430,
-23.3380, 4.4540

■ 175.9800,
-14.4430, 2.9410

■ 188.4170, -5.5480,
1.4280

■ 200.5550, 2.7510,
-0.2970

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.4360, -94.8160, 0.2880



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



105.8620, 2.0100, 40.6820

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



97.0460, 73.4480, 12.5200



80.7510, -57.9000, -41.0040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



133.4810, 75.5160, -13.9560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5710, -13.6550, -44.3990



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



96.7720, 61.3950, -16.8530

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



94.9100, 71.9760, 39.2080



94.1930, 31.6880, -34.6480



87.6250, -74.5000, -26.5000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



102.3730, 34.4240, 47.9600



94.1930, 31.6880, -34.6480



78.3400, -52.4890, -45.4570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



213.5470, -29.1610, 5.3590



137.0930, -77.1990, -60.1990



102.5390, -17.5150, 3.5490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560



94.8140, -112.6550, 20.7290



48.1850, -49.5270, 55.0890



93.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



60.8460, -72.1230, 13.0370



13.4960, -15.9560, 2.8280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.6790, 77.8410, 59.5770



89.0130, 116.0280, 88.8920



174.8150, 49.5270, -55.0890



93.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



56.9450, 74.0360, 56.9480



12.5880, 16.3200, 12.6080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

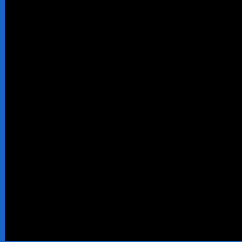
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 89.5190, -75.5160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560

Protanopia

94.9940, -60.6160, 19.2560

Deuteranopia

82.4970, -87.6180, 1.9980



Tritanopia

80.8260, -70.5120, -21.6800

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560

Protanomaly

93.3030, -65.9800, 17.3480

Deuteranomaly

85.1710, -83.5840, 5.9840

Tritanomaly

83.6600, -72.4400, -8.7600

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560

Achromatopsia

90.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

89.9170, -27.3270, 5.1610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 101, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 101, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 101, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 101, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

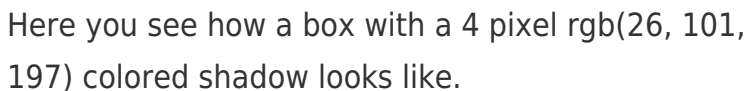
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 101, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 101, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 101, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 101, 197); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 101, 197); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 101, 197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 89.5190, -75.5160, 13.9560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 101, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 101,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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