

Converting Colors

YIQ(90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(90.4270, -19.5350,
18.1370)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	53548F
RGB	83, 84, 143
RGB Percent	33%, 33%, 56%
CMY	0.6745, 0.6706, 0.4393
CMYK	0.42, 0.41, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	239°, 27%, 44%
HSV	239°, 42%, 56%
XYZ	11.6940, 10.1624, 27.3193
YIQ	90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

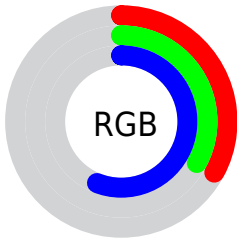
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 84, 143
Decimal	5461135
CIE _{Lab}	38.13, 15.35, -32.81
CIE _{LCh}	38, 36.227, 295.075
Yxy	10.1624, 0.2378, 0.2067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283651215 (0xFF53548F)
YUV	90.4270, 25.9185, -6.5135
Hunter-Lab	31.8784, 9.6918, -28.4957

Details

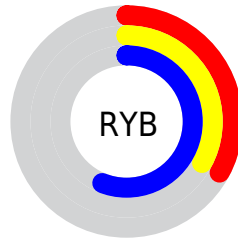
The YIQ color $90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $135.5730, 19.5350, -18.1370$, and the grayscale version is $90.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $140.8940, -19.3520, 20.3280$, and $42.9490, -21.1850, 14.9990$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.0230, -24.0290, 22.4910$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $102.8310, -15.0410, 13.7830$.

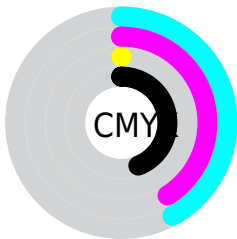
Distribution



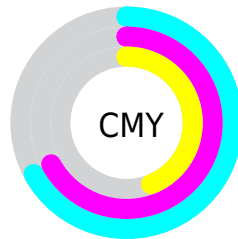
- Red (33%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90.4270, -19.5350,
18.1370

■ 90.4270, -19.5350,
18.1370

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 66.4870, -19.7640,
16.7800

■ 140.8940,
-19.3520, 20.3280

■ 42.9490, -21.1850,
14.9990

■ 168.0080,
-19.6730, 20.6390

■ 18.9050, -27.0530,
11.2110

■ 195.5350,
-19.7190, 21.4730

■ 5.2440, -14.7660,
14.3060

■ 219.8700,
-10.7770, 13.5990

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,
6.9410

■ 245.5640, -1.4680,
4.5800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 90.4270, -19.5350,
18.1370

■ 90.4270, -19.5350,
18.1370

■ 78.0230, -24.0290,
22.4910

■ 102.8310,
-15.0410, 13.7830

■ 65.3200, -29.1190,
26.6330

■ 115.5340, -9.9510,
9.6410

■ 52.9160, -33.6130,
30.9870

■ 127.9380, -5.4570,
5.2870

■ 40.5120, -38.1070,
35.3410

■ 140.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 28.1080, -42.6010,
39.6950

■ 152.7460, 3.5310,
-3.4210

■ 17.4760, -46.4530,
43.4270

■ 165.4490, 8.6210,
-7.5630

■ 177.8530, 13.1150,
-11.9170

■ 190.2570, 17.6090,

-16.2710

■ 203.5470, 22.4240,
-20.9360

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.0500, -73.3580, -3.1340



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



92.5790, 12.5120, 26.5600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



88.2810, 44.5650, 1.8210



70.6240, -55.5640, -28.2680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



135.5730, 19.5350, -18.1370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.0120, -18.6100, -26.1780



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



87.1510, 32.6470, -13.4730

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



89.1370, 45.5710, 16.6350



84.0450, 12.1540, -22.0380



74.0440, -65.1940, -18.9380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



91.4900, 28.8800, 27.2800



84.0450, 12.1540, -22.0380



68.8970, -52.0790, -30.8550

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



164.7360, -7.7040, 7.4640



124.9460, -35.4390, -13.0310



81.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



104.7760, -30.4030, 27.8770



98.5110, -1.9760, 24.8080



64.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



16.5640, -43.8850, 40.9390



0.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.0540, 35.4390, 13.0310



121.0350, 54.7860, 20.3380



127.4890, 1.9760, -24.8080



66.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



40.5930, 79.8180, 29.2420



2.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

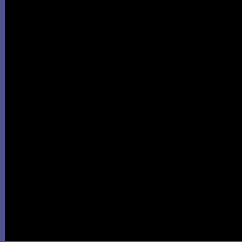
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 90.4270, -19.5350,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370

Protanopia

88.0340, -31.7300, 13.3740

Deuteranopia

87.2570, -33.9760, 10.0240



Tritanopia

87.6330, -15.0840, -1.9640

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370

Protanomaly

89.1270, -27.5580, 14.8580

Deuteranomaly

88.4750, -28.6580, 12.7660

Tritanomaly

88.7780, -16.6900, 5.1180

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370

Achromatopsia

90.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

90.0950, -7.3370, 6.3190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 84, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 84, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 84, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 84, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 84, 143) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 84, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 84, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 84, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 84, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 84,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 90.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 84, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 84,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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