

Converting Colors

YIQ(91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310)
contains.

YIQ(91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(91.2120, 14.6230,
15.8310)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	734D66
RGB	115, 77, 102
RGB Percent	45%, 30%, 40%
CMY	0.5489, 0.6981, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.11, 0.55
HSL	321°, 20%, 38%
HSV	321°, 33%, 45%
XYZ	12.1253, 9.9117, 13.8470
YIQ	91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

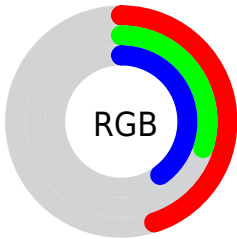
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 77, 102
Decimal	7556454
CIE Lab	37.68, 20.31, -8.02
CIE LCh	38, 21.834, 338.454
Yxy	9.9117, 0.3379, 0.2762
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285746534 (0xFF734D66)
YUV	91.2120, 5.3185, 20.8621
Hunter-Lab	31.4829, 13.6525, -4.0393

Details

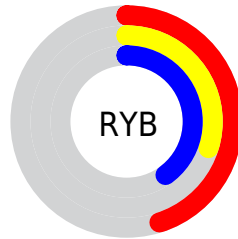
The YIQ color **91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **100.7880, -14.6230, -15.8310**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.2230, 16.0900, 16.7780**, and **44.7880, 12.8810, 14.3610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.7120, 19.2070, 20.8630**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.1250, 10.3140, 11.3220**.

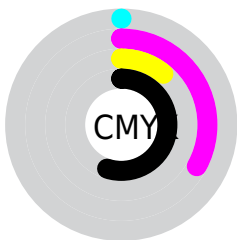
Distribution



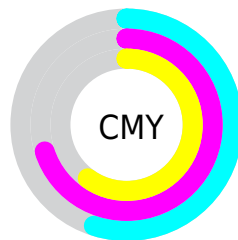
- Red (45%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91.2120, 14.6230,
15.8310

■ 91.2120, 14.6230,
15.8310

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 67.5000, 13.7520,
15.0960

■ 141.6360, 16.3650,
17.3010

■ 44.7880, 12.8810,
14.3610

■ 168.6360, 16.3650,
17.3010

■ 22.6030, 11.9640,
14.4600

■ 195.3480, 17.2360,
18.0360

■ 7.1200, 8.7100,
7.3500

■ 223.7610, 17.5110,
18.5590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 243.2600, 5.5000,
10.4600

91.2120, 14.6230,
15.8310

91.2120, 14.6230,
15.8310

83.7120, 19.2070,
20.8630

98.1250, 10.3140,
11.3220

76.7990, 23.5160,
25.3720

105.6250, 5.7300,
6.2900

69.2990, 28.1000,
30.4040

112.5380, 1.4210,
1.7810

62.3860, 32.4090,
34.9130

120.0380, -3.1630,
-3.2510

54.8860, 36.9930,
39.9450

127.5380, -7.7470,
-8.2830

47.9730, 41.3020,
44.4540


134.4510,
-12.0560, -12.7920

43.0490, 44.1440,
48.0160

141.9510,
-16.6400, -17.8240

148.7500,

-20.6280, -22.6440

 156.2500,
-25.2120, -27.6760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.3610, -1.9740, 13.7540



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



90.3780, 25.7190, 12.9750

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



86.9890, 15.7280, -9.7120



76.6550, -47.6810, -11.4330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



100.7880, -14.6230, -15.8310

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.9950, -37.1350, -15.3350



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



84.8560, -0.1350, -14.0790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



88.2940, 25.3550, -2.4610



81.9340, -17.9700, -15.7460



82.1280, -38.4670, -2.2030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



89.7110, 28.9750, 9.0310



81.9340, -17.9700, -15.7460



76.6720, -46.3510, -13.5110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



140.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900



85.2190, -4.4500, 14.5740



70.6740, 4.0340, 3.9860



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



112.5000, 22.9200, 25.1600



89.0460, 20.7220, 9.9220



55.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



45.7120, 46.7110, 51.0550



93.4460, 96.3560, 104.0040

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310



112.5000, 22.9200, 25.1600



102.9540, -20.7220, -9.9220



55.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



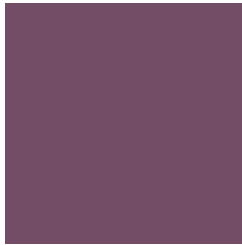
45.7120, 46.7110, 51.0550



93.4460, 96.3560, 104.0040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

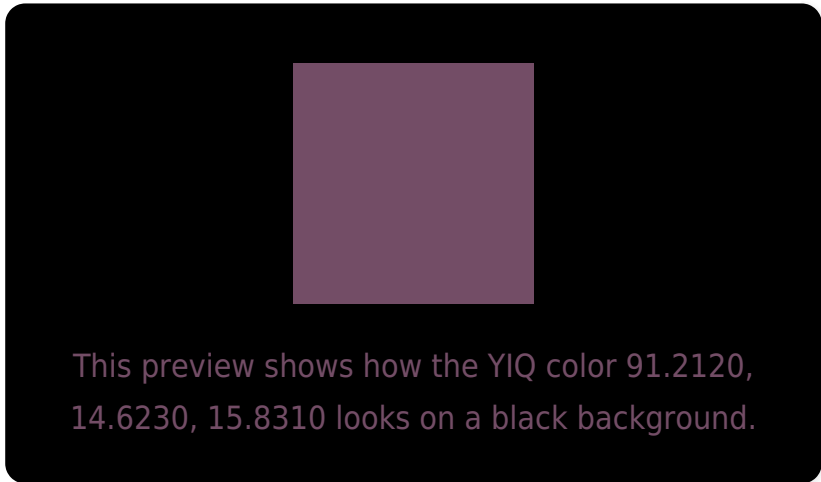
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

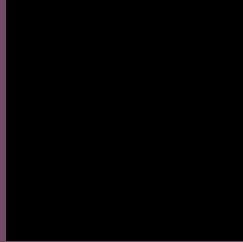
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.2120, 14.6230,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Protanopia

89.3120, -9.4460, 5.9940

Deuteranopia

89.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



Tritanopia

90.5510, 17.7420, 8.8620

Trichromacy



Original Color

91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Protanomaly

89.9110, -0.8270, 9.4850

Deuteranomaly

90.1350, 4.3540, 9.2020

Tritanomaly

90.9470, 16.6870, 11.4630

Monochromacy



Original Color

91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310

Achromatopsia

91.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

91.2120, 5.4550, 5.7670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 77, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 77, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 77, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 77, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 77, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 77, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 77, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 77, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 77, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 77,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 91.2120, 14.6230, 15.8310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 77, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 77,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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