

Converting Colors

YIQ(91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(91.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70544A
RGB	112, 84, 74
RGB Percent	44%, 33%, 29%
CMY	0.5607, 0.6706, 0.7097
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.34, 0.56
HSL	16°, 20%, 36%
HSV	16°, 34%, 44%
XYZ	11.0902, 10.2793, 7.8821
YIQ	91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

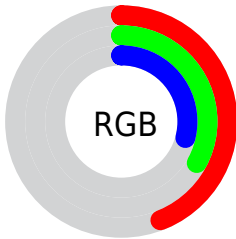
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 88, 74
Decimal	7361610
CIE Lab	38.34, 10.11, 10.33
CIE LCh	38, 14.455, 45.640
Yxy	10.2793, 0.3791, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285551690 (0xFF70544A)
YUV	91.2320, -8.4954, 18.2135
Hunter-Lab	32.0613, 5.6371, 7.8669

Details

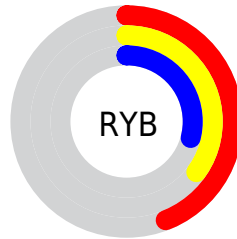
The YIQ color **91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **94.7680, -19.8980, -2.8260**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.0150, 22.0070, 3.1510**, and **45.1500, 17.1930, 2.2890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.2820, 25.6290, 3.5890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.1820, 14.1670, 2.0630**.

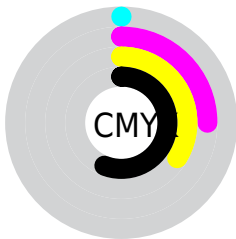
Distribution



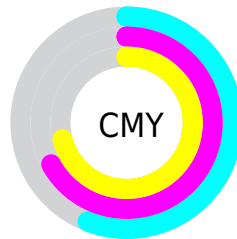
- Red (44%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260

■ 91.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 67.6340, 18.7060,
2.4020

■ 142.0150, 22.0070,
3.1510

■ 45.1500, 17.1930,
2.2890

■ 168.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520

■ 23.5090, 17.5600,
1.1440

■ 195.4990, 23.5200,
3.2640

■ 2.3920, 4.7680,
1.6960

■ 223.7980, 24.1160,
3.4760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 245.2200, 11.0040,
-1.1880

■ 91.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260

■ 91.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260

■ 85.2820, 25.6290,
3.5890

■ 97.1820, 14.1670,
2.0630

■ 78.7450, 31.6350,
4.8750

■ 103.7190, 8.1610,
0.7770

■ 72.6810, 37.6870,
5.3270

■ 109.7830, 2.1090,
0.3250

■ 66.7310, 43.4180,
6.0900

■ 115.7330, -3.6220,
-0.4380

■ 60.7810, 49.1490,
6.8530

■ 121.6830, -9.3530,
-1.2010

■ 54.2440, 55.1550,
8.1390

■ 128.2200,
-15.3590, -2.4870

■ 50.5110, 58.7770,
8.5770

■ 134.1700,
-21.0900, -3.2500

■ 140.2340,

-27.1420, -3.7020

■ 146.1840,
-32.8730, -4.4650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



90.5040, 15.9560, -2.8280

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



86.5480, -13.7070, -10.4030



90.5400, -10.0880, 6.6160

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



94.7680, -19.8980, -2.8260

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.1040, -20.7240, 1.1320



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



85.2250, -22.9230, -8.5790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



87.8220, -2.7950, -9.9230



85.8920, -26.1790, -4.6350



91.9930, 1.8780, 10.0220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



89.4710, 11.5550, -5.6690



85.8920, -26.1790, -4.6350



89.9200, -14.2140, 4.2980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



137.5340, 7.2440, 0.8760



88.6680, 13.3390, 17.0750



68.8650, 4.8140, 0.8620



201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260



112.4460, 31.0390, 4.6630



102.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110



52.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260



54.0770, 62.9950, 9.2270



112.0080, 129.3370, 18.3690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.7680, -19.8980, -2.8260



118.5540, -31.0390, -4.6630



84.2020, -14.9480, 6.5880



53.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



65.3360, -62.7200, -8.7040



134.9920, -129.3370, -18.3690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

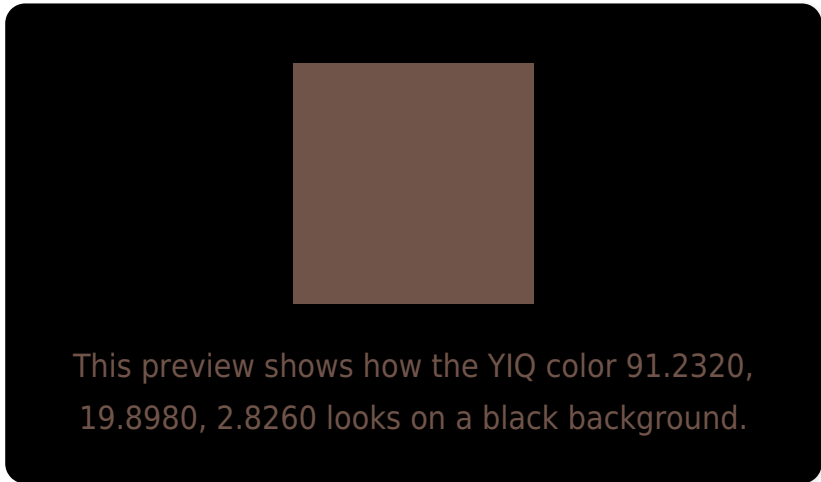
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

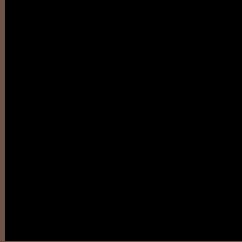
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260.



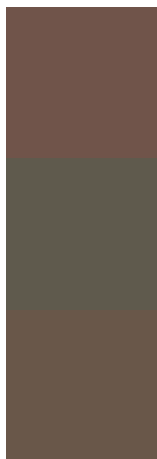
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.2320, 19.8980,

2.8260.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Protanopia

90.0130, 7.1530, -2.9830

Deuteranopia

90.7860, 15.2220, -0.5380



Tritanopia

91.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380

Trichromacy



Original Color

91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Protanomaly

90.5190, 11.6000, -0.9760

Deuteranomaly

91.0960, 17.2850, 0.6210

Tritanomaly

91.9700, 17.8800, 6.3600

Monochromacy



Original Color

91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Achromatopsia

91.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

90.9470, 7.5190, 1.3990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 84, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 84, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 84, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 84, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 84, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 84, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 84, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 84, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 84, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 84,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 91.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 84, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 84,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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