

# Converting Colors

YIQ(91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(91.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F566F
RGB	95, 86, 111
RGB Percent	37%, 34%, 44%
CMY	0.6274, 0.6628, 0.5647
CMYK	0.14, 0.23, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	262°, 13%, 39%
HSV	262°, 23%, 44%
XYZ	10.9166, 10.2359, 16.4371
YIQ	91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

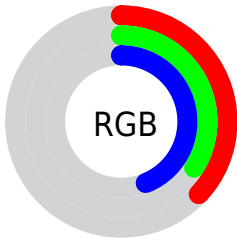
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	95, 86, 111
Decimal	6248047
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.26, 9.15, -12.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	38, 15.848, 305.286
Yxy	10.2359, 0.2904, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284438127 (0xFF5F566F)
YUV	91.5410, 9.5933, 3.0335
Hunter-Lab	31.9936, 4.9175, -8.0654

# Details

The YIQ color **91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **105.4590, 2.6610, -9.6830**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.0680, -2.7070, 10.5170**, and **45.6010, -2.8900, 8.3260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.9910, -3.8080, 13.9520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0910, -1.5140, 5.4140**.

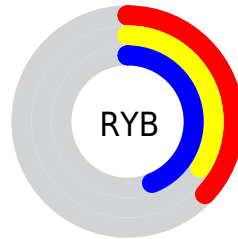
# Distribution



 Red (37%)

 Green (34%)

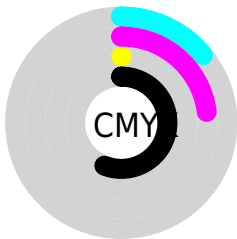
 Blue (44%)



 Red (37%)

 Yellow (34%)

 Blue (44%)

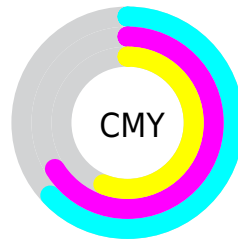


 Cyan (14%)

 Magenta (23%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (56%)



 Cyan (63%)

 Magenta (66%)

 Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 91.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 91.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 68.1280, -2.9360,  
9.1600

■ 142.0680, -2.7070,  
10.5170

■ 45.6010, -2.8900,  
8.3260

■ 168.1820, -3.0280,  
10.8280

■ 25.0740, -2.8440,  
7.4920

■ 195.5950, -2.7530,  
11.3510

■ 2.3940, -6.7410,  
6.5310

■ 223.5950, -2.7530,  
11.3510

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 249.1300, 2.7500,  
5.2300

■ 91.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 91.5410, -2.6610,  
9.6830

■ 82.9910, -3.8080,  
13.9520

■ 100.0910, -1.5140,  
5.4140

■ 74.4410, -4.9550,  
18.2210

■ 108.6410, -0.3670,  
1.1450

■ 65.8910, -6.1020,  
22.4900

■ 117.1910, 0.7800,  
-3.1240

■ 57.3410, -7.2490,  
26.7590

■ 125.7410, 1.9270,  
-7.3930

■ 48.7910, -8.3960,  
31.0280

■ 134.2910, 3.0740,  
-11.6620

■ 39.3550, -9.8640,  
35.6080

■ 143.7270, 4.5420,  
-16.2420

■ 30.8050, -11.0110,  
39.8770

■ 152.2770, 5.6890,  
-20.5110

■ 24.6140, -11.7910,

■ 160.8270, 6.8360,

43.0010

-24.7800

 169.3770, 7.9830,  
-29.0490

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.9630, -15.7730, 5.0190



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



92.2390, 9.9930, 11.6330

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



90.7110, 19.8070, -1.0330



84.1710, -22.8310, -10.2470

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



105.4590, 2.6610, -9.6830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.6900, -11.2310, -11.2230



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



89.2430, 12.1970, -6.2910

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



91.1830, 21.5940, 5.1300



87.8610, 1.4690, -10.1070



84.3430, -29.0670, -7.3630



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



92.2350, 15.8160, 10.7280



87.8610, 1.4690, -10.1070



84.9110, -19.1630, -10.6430

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



137.3360, -0.8260, 3.9580



98.2420, -12.4250, -0.5930



69.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900



201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830



114.6320, -4.1750, 15.0970



95.1290, 4.4910, 12.2270



51.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020



26.5370, -12.8920, 46.4360



54.7690, -26.2430, 95.6850



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.2990, 9.7640, 10.2760



120.5110, 15.2190, 16.0430



101.8710, -4.4910, -12.2270



52.2500, 2.2920, 2.5160



44.6580, 46.8030, 49.3870



91.8650, 96.4940, 101.5020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

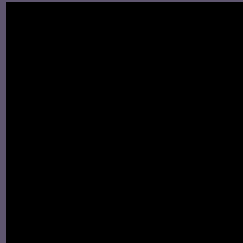
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 91.5410, -2.6610,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

### Protanopia

90.2410, -10.6840, 6.4040

### Deuteranopia

90.9210, -6.7870, 7.3650



## Tritanopia

90.6950, -0.4590, 2.8130

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

## Protanomaly

90.7360, -7.7040, 7.4640

## Deuteranomaly

90.9320, -5.3200, 8.3120

## Tritanomaly

90.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830

## Achromatopsia

92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

91.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 86, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 86, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 86, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 86, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 86, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 86, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 86, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 86, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 86, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 86,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 91.5410, -2.6610, 9.6830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 86, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 86,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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