

Converting Colors

YIQ(92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690)
contains.

YIQ(92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(92.1910, 1.9210,
25.7690)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4B86
RGB	110, 75, 134
RGB Percent	43%, 29%, 53%
CMY	0.5685, 0.7059, 0.4745
CMYK	0.18, 0.44, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	276°, 28%, 41%
HSV	276°, 44%, 53%
XYZ	13.2517, 10.0681, 23.7956
YIQ	92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

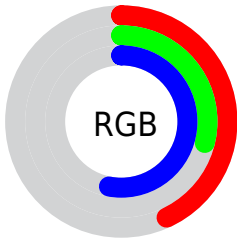
Format	Color
RYB	110, 75, 134
Decimal	7228294
CIELab	37.96, 26.66, -27.43
CIElCh	38, 38.251, 314.190
Yxy	10.0681, 0.2813, 0.2137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285418374 (0xFF6E4B86)
YUV	92.1910, 20.6118, 15.6185
Hunter-Lab	31.7303, 19.0201, -22.2524

Details

The YIQ color $92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $116.8090, -1.9210, -25.7690$, and the grayscale version is $92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $143.4300, 2.7460, 27.3380$, and $44.8380, 1.4170, 23.8890$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.0650, 2.5160, 31.5080$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $101.3170, 1.3260, 20.0300$.

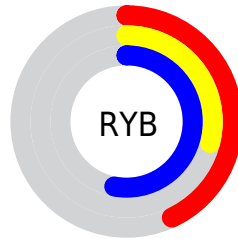
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (29%)

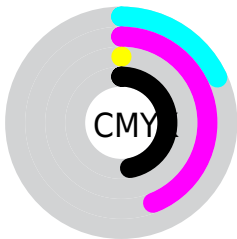
Blue (53%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (53%)

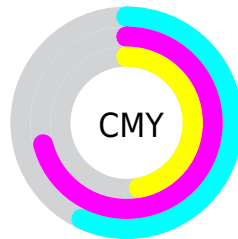


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92.1910, 1.9210,
25.7690

■ 92.1910, 1.9210,
25.7690

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 68.2510, 1.6920,
24.4120

■ 143.4300, 2.7460,
27.3380

■ 44.8380, 1.4170,
23.8890

■ 169.9570, 2.7000,
28.1720

■ 22.0120, 0.8670,
22.8430

■ 197.4840, 2.6540,
29.0060

■ 8.9310, -3.5790,
15.3090

■ 223.2580, 8.9820,
24.4540

■ 2.2970, -5.0900,
4.1420

■ 242.6730, 5.7750,
10.9830

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

92.1910, 1.9210,
25.7690

92.1910, 1.9210,
25.7690

83.0650, 2.5160,
31.5080

101.3170, 1.3260,
20.0300

73.0530, 2.7900,
37.5580

111.3290, 1.0520,
13.9800

63.9270, 3.3850,
43.2970

120.4550, 0.4570,
8.2410

53.9150, 3.6590,
49.3470

130.4670, 0.1830,
2.1910

44.7890, 4.2540,
55.0860

139.5930, -0.4120,
-3.5480

39.1960, 4.6660,
58.6340

149.0180, -0.4110,
-9.0750

158.7310, -1.2810,
-15.3370

168.1560, -1.2800,

-20.8640

■ 177.8690, -2.1500,
-27.1260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.5820, -36.2690, 13.0350



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



90.7290, 29.7050, 28.8490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



87.0920, 40.3030, -9.0490



73.4910, -62.2590, -22.5710

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



116.8090, -1.9210, -25.7690

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5550, -51.1160, -31.7880



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



84.2480, 21.8280, -21.1480

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



88.0090, 48.5070, 7.4750



80.6450, -7.3310, -26.8430



75.5090, -70.6970, -12.8170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



88.9660, 42.0390, 25.5830



80.6450, -7.3310, -26.8430



71.6500, -58.4530, -25.4690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



157.3950, 0.6860, 9.5980



96.4010, -25.8140, 5.2740



76.9880, 0.2740, 6.0500



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690



107.9330, 3.2480, 40.2720



98.7970, 17.8300, 29.3020



61.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140



37.8430, 4.1620, 56.7540



0.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.3770, 27.4600, 19.9720



112.8400, 42.6340, 31.3220



110.2030, -17.8300, -29.3020



62.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



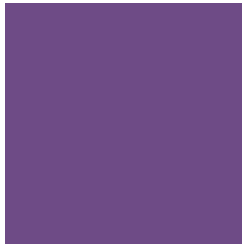
44.9120, 60.4670, 44.0430



1.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 92.1910, 1.9210,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690

Protanopia

88.2190, -30.8130, 13.2750

Deuteranopia

88.7050, -23.6140, 9.4580



Tritanopia

91.0660, 8.8020, 5.6820

Trichromacy



Original Color

92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690

Protanomaly

89.6120, -18.6180, 18.0380

Deuteranomaly

90.0700, -14.2160, 15.3520

Tritanomaly

91.4390, 6.5540, 13.3860

Monochromacy



Original Color

92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690

Achromatopsia

92.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

92.2810, 1.0070, 9.2870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 75, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 75, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 75, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 75, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 75, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 75, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 75, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 75, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 75, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 75,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 92.1910, 1.9210, 25.7690 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 75, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 75,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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