

Converting Colors

YIQ(93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490)
contains.

YIQ(93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(93.5700, -26.8270,
29.1490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5652AD
RGB	86, 82, 173
RGB Percent	34%, 32%, 68%
CMY	0.6627, 0.6784, 0.3217
CMYK	0.50, 0.53, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	243°, 36%, 50%
HSV	243°, 53%, 68%
XYZ	14.3949, 11.0290, 40.8824
YIQ	93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

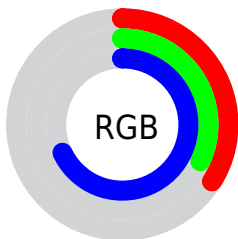
Format	Color
R _Y B	86, 82, 173
Decimal	5657261
CIE Lab	39.63, 26.74, -48.37
CIE LCh	40, 55.270, 298.931
Yxy	11.0290, 0.2171, 0.1663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283847341 (0xFF5652AD)
YUV	93.5700, 39.1590, -6.6389
Hunter-Lab	33.2099, 19.2540, -49.7408

Details

The YIQ color **93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **161.4300, 26.8270, -29.1490**, and the grayscale version is **93.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.1620, -25.4980, 32.5980**, and **43.1730, -33.1990, 23.4810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5080, -32.2840, 34.4360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108.6320, -21.3700, 23.8620**.

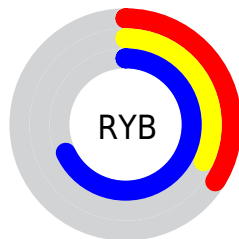
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (32%)

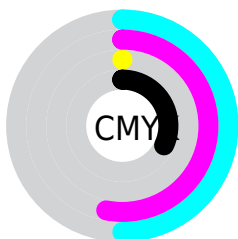
Blue (68%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (68%)

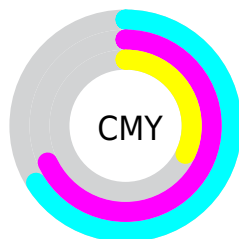


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 93.5700, -26.8270,
29.1490

■ 93.5700, -26.8270,
29.1490

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 68.6190, -28.5230,
26.8450

■ 145.1620,
-25.4980, 32.5980

■ 43.1730, -33.1990,
23.4810

■ 172.3470,
-24.5810, 32.4990

■ 20.6950, -34.8490,
20.3430

■ 196.8670,
-14.7220, 24.5260

■ 7.9800, -22.4700,
21.7700

■ 221.3870, -4.8630,
16.5530

■ 7.7060, -16.1870,
12.5250

■ 246.7820, 3.8500,
7.3220

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 93.5700, -26.8270,
29.1490

■ 93.5700, -26.8270,
29.1490

■ 78.5080, -32.2840,
34.4360

■ 108.6320,
-21.3700, 23.8620

■ 63.1580, -36.8700,
40.4580

■ 123.9820,
-16.7840, 17.8400

■ 48.0960, -42.3270,
45.7450

■ 139.0440,
-11.3270, 12.5530

■ 33.3330, -47.1880,
51.2440

■ 153.8070, -6.4660,
7.0540

■ 22.1140, -50.7650,
55.4990

■ 168.8690, -1.0090,
1.7670

■ 184.2190, 3.5770,
-4.2550

■ 199.2810, 9.0340,
-9.5420

■ 214.0440, 13.8950,
-15.0410

■ 229.6930, 19.0770,
-20.8510

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.6760, -86.5640, 4.9240



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



94.0620, 24.9340, 43.7340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



87.6130, 66.7570, -3.8910



76.5910, -59.9650, -31.1090

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



161.4300, 26.8270, -29.1490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4720, -44.0530, -44.1570



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



87.8020, 43.5150, -23.2130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



85.9230, 69.9610, 26.1610



81.3910, 13.3950, -39.0290



81.8350, -74.7310, -16.8030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



88.5180, 50.0130, 46.2770



81.3910, 13.3950, -39.0290



74.2940, -54.8750, -35.2510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



192.7020, -10.3640, 11.6200



144.0300, -53.4110, -17.7230



93.6930, -6.1450, 6.7430



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490



100.8680, -41.6850, 45.1230



107.0250, -0.0070, 38.6890



79.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990



19.1930, -43.9780, 48.1340



2.9210, -6.7870, 7.3650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.1270, 26.3090, 46.3490



140.5490, 40.7010, 71.8770



147.9750, 0.0070, -38.6890



81.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



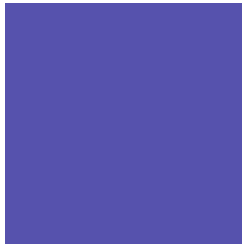
61.2660, 43.1760, 76.5840



9.3850, 6.6460, 11.7180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

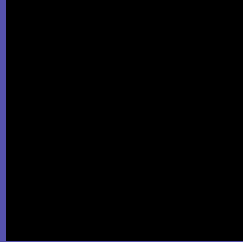
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 93.5700, -26.8270,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490

Protanopia

84.9400, -60.5240, 17.5880

Deuteranopia

74.9170, -80.0530, 2.5630



Tritanopia

89.9310, -21.9150, -4.8190

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490

Protanomaly

87.9200, -48.6040, 21.8280

Deuteranomaly

81.4790, -60.8440, 12.3720

Tritanomaly

91.2380, -23.7970, 7.2670

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490

Achromatopsia

94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

94.0610, -9.9970, 10.4750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 82, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 82, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 82, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 82, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 82, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 82, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 82, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 82, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 82, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 82,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 93.5700, -26.8270, 29.1490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 82, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 82,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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