

Converting Colors

YIQ(93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(93.8110, 39.2960,
-18.3360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 785F13 |
| RGB | 120, 95, 19 |
| RGB Percent | 47%, 37%, 7% |
| CMY | 0.5294, 0.6275, 0.9253 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.21, 0.84, 0.53 |
| HSL | 45°, 73%, 27% |
| HSV | 45°, 84%, 47% |
| XYZ | 11.9554, 12.2230, 2.3477 |
| YIQ | 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

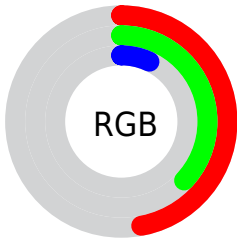
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 52, 120, 19 |
| Decimal | 7888659 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 41.57, 2.38, 43.59 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 42, 43.655, 86.872 |
| Yxy | 12.2230, 0.4507, 0.4608 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286078739 (0xFF785F13) |
| YUV | 93.8110, -36.8818, 22.9678 |
| Hunter-Lab | 34.9614, -0.1425, 20.4916 |

Details

The YIQ color **93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **45.1890, -39.2960, 18.3360**, and the grayscale version is **94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.7190, 42.5510, -16.7530**, and **49.0950, 27.0530, -11.2110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.6820, 43.9730, -20.4990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.9400, 34.6190, -16.1730**.

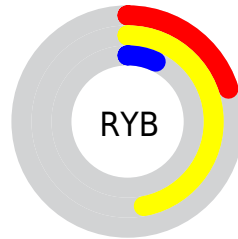
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (37%)

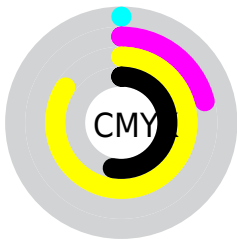
Blue (7%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (7%)

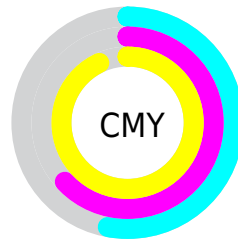


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

93.8110, 39.2960,
-18.3360

93.8110, 39.2960,
-18.3360

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

70.0710, 35.6280,
-17.9400

145.7190, 42.5510,
-16.7530

49.0950, 27.0530,
-11.2110

172.7900, 43.7890,
-17.1630

29.5810, 17.0570,
-6.2630

200.1600, 45.6230,
-17.3610

6.5340, 7.2440,
0.8760

226.2520, 42.3680,
-18.9440

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

245.7660, 26.0010,
-25.1910

248.9580, 17.0130,

-16.4830

■ 252.1500, 8.0250,
-7.7750

■ 93.8110, 39.2960,
-18.3360

■ 93.8110, 39.2960,
-18.3360

■ 90.6820, 43.9730,
-20.4990

■ 96.9400, 34.6190,
-16.1730

■ 88.7100, 46.7700,
-21.6300

■ 100.0690, 29.9420,
-14.0100

■ 103.1980, 25.2650,
-11.8470

■ 106.3270, 20.5880,
-9.6840

■ 109.4560, 15.9110,
-7.5210

■ 112.5850, 11.2340,
-5.3580

■ 115.7140, 6.5570,
-3.1950

■ 118.8430, 1.8800,
-1.0320

■ 121.9720, -2.7970,
1.1310

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.8320, 53.1390, 0.6190



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



90.8290, 12.5220, -28.7100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



82.2110, -73.0340, -20.0260



101.0190, 17.3250, 32.9490

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



45.1890, -39.2960, 18.3360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.8060, -21.9200, 22.8160



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



83.1690, -81.2430, -8.9150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



78.1070, -61.4780, -31.2220



79.8410, -82.8950, -0.9990



97.7370, 44.4220, 31.9580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



86.2590, -12.2360, -31.5640



79.8410, -82.8950, -0.9990



101.3920, 5.9090, 30.5890

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



145.6840, 15.2690, -6.8990



52.0490, 52.1710, 29.1870



72.7420, 9.3540, -4.3260



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360



115.3230, 60.8010, -28.1190



101.0110, 17.5210, -36.7110



59.7290, 2.2010, -1.3430



92.5530, 48.6500, -22.6620



186.8780, 97.9420, -45.9460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.1890, -39.2960, 18.3360



40.6770, -60.8010, 28.1190



37.9890, -17.5210, 36.7110



56.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200



32.4470, -48.6500, 22.6620



65.7090, -98.2170, 45.4230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360.

-18.3360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360

Protanopia

93.5820, 32.5110, -22.0250

Deuteranopia

93.9470, 41.9090, -16.1310



Tritanopia

99.8610, 19.8050, 10.0210

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360

Protanomaly

93.8920, 34.5740, -20.8660

Deuteranomaly

94.2350, 41.0380, -16.8660

Tritanomaly

97.8320, 26.7760, -0.6800

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360

Achromatopsia

94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

93.6130, 14.0310, -6.4890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 95, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 95, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 95, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 95, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 95, 19) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 95, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 95, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 95, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 95, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 95,  
19) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 93.8110, 39.2960, -18.3360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 95, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120, 95,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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