

# Converting Colors

YIQ(94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(94.1300, -23.6130,  
3.9310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4A627F
RGB	74, 98, 127
RGB Percent	29%, 38%, 50%
CMY	0.7098, 0.6156, 0.5021
CMYK	0.42, 0.23, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	213°, 26%, 39%
HSV	213°, 42%, 50%
XYZ	11.0207, 11.7243, 21.7507
YIQ	94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

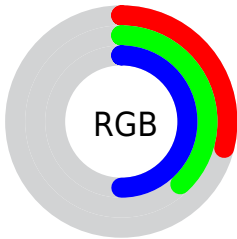
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	74, 91, 127
Decimal	4874879
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.77, -0.90, -19.03
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 19.049, 267.285
Yxy	11.7243, 0.2477, 0.2635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283064959 (0xFF4A627F)
YUV	94.1300, 16.2049, -17.6540
Hunter-Lab	34.2407, -2.4690, -13.6943

# Details

The YIQ color **94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **106.8700, 23.6130, -3.9310**, and the grayscale version is **94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.3580, -24.2550, 4.5530**, and **46.8910, -24.4380, 2.3620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.1340, -29.4360, 4.8360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.1260, -17.7900, 3.0260**.

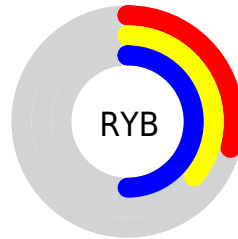
# Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (38%)

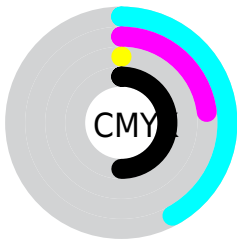
Blue (50%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (50%)

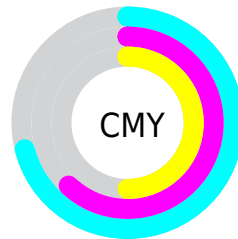


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 94.1300, -23.6130,  
3.9310

■ 94.1300, -23.6130,  
3.9310

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 69.7170, -23.8880,  
3.4080

■ 145.3580,  
-24.2550, 4.5530

■ 46.8910, -24.4380,  
2.3620

■ 171.4720,  
-24.5760, 4.8640

■ 24.4670, -26.1800,  
0.8920

■ 199.5860,  
-24.8970, 5.1750

■ 6.8110, -12.2890,  
7.9590

■ 226.2610,  
-22.6040, 2.1640

■ 0.9120, -2.5680,  
2.4880

■ 249.0200,  
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 94.1300, -23.6130,  
3.9310

■ 94.1300, -23.6130,  
3.9310

■ 86.1340, -29.4360,  
4.8360

■ 102.1260,  
-17.7900, 3.0260

■ 78.4370, -34.6630,  
5.9530

■ 109.8230,  
-12.5630, 1.9090

■ 70.4410, -40.4860,  
6.8580

■ 117.8190, -6.7400,  
1.0040

■ 62.4450, -46.3090,  
7.7630

■ 125.8150, -0.9170,  
0.0990

■ 54.7480, -51.5360,  
8.8800

■ 133.5120, 4.3100,  
-1.0180

■ 48.5240, -56.7170,  
9.1630

■ 141.5080, 10.1330,  
-1.9230

■ 149.5040, 15.9560,  
-2.8280

■ 157.5000, 21.7790,

-3.7330

■ 164.6100, 27.2810,  
-4.3270

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.9280, -35.0280, -3.9560



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



97.4310, -8.1630, 10.2770

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



97.9170, 25.3990, 7.7590



91.5930, -9.5800, -13.6120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



106.8700, 23.6130, -3.9310

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.9600, 5.5040, -11.6480



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



96.4020, 25.1710, 0.8750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



98.4420, 19.6670, 12.5230



95.7660, 17.9740, -6.3620



89.3940, -25.0770, -13.5970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



98.1720, 2.9320, 12.9480



95.7660, 17.9740, -6.3620



92.3440, -4.4450, -13.0610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



152.3780, -9.8120, 1.6120



108.3030, -23.5630, -19.0110



76.0040, -5.8230, 0.9050



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310



114.1810, -36.8180, 6.4620



80.6400, -15.8210, 16.9070



59.5590, -3.0720, 0.6080



48.6380, -57.0380, 9.4740



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.5830, 23.8840, 18.7000



112.0350, 37.5910, 29.1030



120.3600, 15.8210, -16.9070



59.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170



44.8840, 57.6700, 45.1740

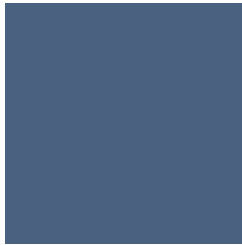


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

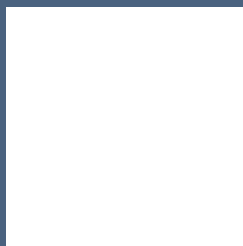
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310.



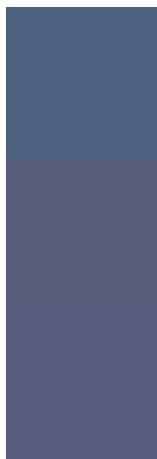
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.1300, -23.6130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310

### Protanopia

96.3270, -13.8020, 7.8460

### Deuteranopia

96.0820, -14.4900, 9.3020



## Tritanopia

92.3440, -21.6400, -4.2960

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310

## Protanomaly

95.5330, -17.3780, 6.5740

## Deuteranomaly

95.1740, -17.7450, 7.7190

## Tritanomaly

93.1530, -22.4200, -1.1720

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310

## Achromatopsia

94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

93.8620, -8.2990, 1.7250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 98, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 98, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 98, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 98, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 98, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 98, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 98, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 98, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 98, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 98,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 94.1300, -23.6130, 3.9310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 98, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 98,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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