

Converting Colors

YIQ(94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(94.1850, -15.1370,
37.5590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	674AAF
RGB	103, 74, 175
RGB Percent	40%, 29%, 69%
CMY	0.5959, 0.7098, 0.3139
CMYK	0.41, 0.58, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	257°, 41%, 49%
HSV	257°, 58%, 69%
XYZ	15.7798, 10.8753, 41.8067
YIQ	94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

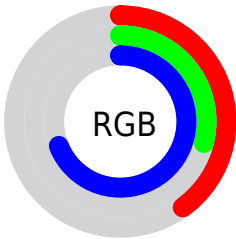
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 74, 175
Decimal	6769327
CIE _{Lab}	39.37, 36.14, -49.90
CIE _{LCh}	39, 61.614, 305.916
Yxy	10.8753, 0.2305, 0.1589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284959407 (0xFF674AAF)
YUV	94.1850, 39.8418, 7.7308
Hunter-Lab	32.9777, 27.7009, -52.0792

Details

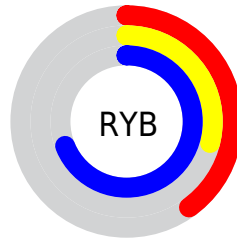
The YIQ color **94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **154.8150, 15.1370, -37.5590**, and the grayscale version is **94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.3640, -14.0830, 40.4850**, and **44.6960, -18.2540, 33.4740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.0310, -17.3390, 44.4290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108.0510, -12.0640, 31.4240**.

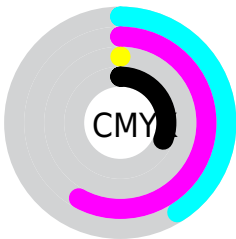
Distribution



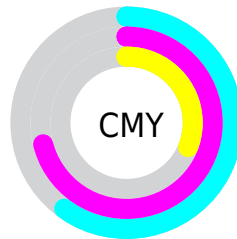
- Red (40%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94.1850, -15.1370,
37.5590

■ 94.1850, -15.1370,
37.5590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 68.9460, -15.9620,
35.9900

■ 146.3640,
-14.0830, 40.4850

■ 44.6960, -18.2540,
33.4740

■ 172.7340,
-12.2490, 40.2870

■ 17.7660, -24.4430,
29.9970

■ 197.2540, -2.3900,
32.3140

■ 8.2080, -23.1120,
22.3920

■ 222.6600, 7.7900,
24.0300

■ 7.8200, -16.5080,
12.8360

■ 242.0860, 6.0500,
11.5060

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 94.1850, -15.1370,
37.5590

■ 94.1850, -15.1370,
37.5590

■ 80.0310, -17.3390,
44.4290

■ 108.0510,
-12.0640, 31.4240

■ 66.1650, -20.4120,
50.5640

■ 122.2050, -9.8620,
24.5540

■ 52.0110, -22.6140,
57.4340

■ 135.7720, -7.3850,
18.2070

■ 38.1450, -25.6870,
63.5690

■ 150.2250, -4.5870,
11.5490

■ 34.9000, -26.3750,
65.0250

■ 163.7920, -2.1100,
5.2020

■ 178.2450, 0.6880,
-1.4560

■ 191.8120, 3.1650,
-7.8030

■ 206.2650, 5.9630,
-14.4610

■ 219.8320, 8.4400,
-20.8080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.4680, -88.6740, 10.1260



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



88.7590, 39.3290, 52.6810

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



86.7930, 66.0700, -7.9620



78.5460, -64.0920, -27.9000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



154.8150, 15.1370, -37.5590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.3300, -46.5290, -43.3370



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



86.2740, 36.1340, -27.1140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



83.1210, 78.0310, 23.0790



76.8730, 0.0540, -45.0500



84.1320, -79.8210, -12.6610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



79.2150, 64.4080, 55.2240



76.8730, 0.0540, -45.0500



76.4940, -58.3140, -33.4980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



195.7350, -5.9630, 14.4610



127.7780, -52.2210, -6.2450



96.4160, -3.8070, 8.4250



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590



101.3530, -23.5770, 58.3670



109.1350, 14.6630, 48.1590



79.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



29.9570, -22.5220, 55.7660



4.7150, -3.2110, 8.6370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



112.4070, 37.0840, 43.8040



129.7110, 57.6200, 68.1160



139.8650, -14.6630, -48.1590



81.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



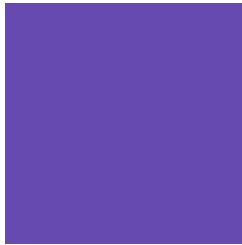
57.0480, 55.0530, 65.0770



8.7010, 8.5720, 9.8520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

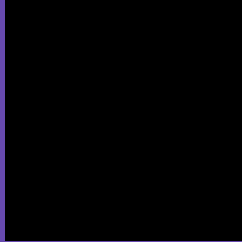
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.1850, -15.1370,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590

Protanopia

73.9030, -85.4650, 12.5430

Deuteranopia

74.8030, -79.7320, 2.2520



Tritanopia

92.4060, -7.0150, 0.4810

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590

Protanomaly

81.4610, -60.4330, 21.4470

Deuteranomaly

81.5120, -56.4430, 15.2130

Tritanomaly

93.1690, -10.1810, 13.8110

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590

Achromatopsia

94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

94.0940, -5.5960, 13.3160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 74, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 74, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 74, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 74, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 74, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 74, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 74, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 74, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 74, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 74,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 94.1850, -15.1370, 37.5590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 74, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103, 74,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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