

Converting Colors

YIQ(94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(94.5290, 32.0030,
-1.7970)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C5738
RGB	124, 87, 56
RGB Percent	49%, 34%, 22%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6589, 0.7802
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.55, 0.51
HSL	27°, 38%, 35%
HSV	27°, 55%, 49%
XYZ	12.4364, 11.3862, 5.2886
YIQ	94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

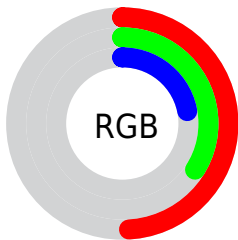
Format	Color
RYB	124, 113, 56
Decimal	8148792
CIELab	40.22, 11.50, 23.96
CIElCh	40, 26.579, 64.375
Yxy	11.3862, 0.4272, 0.3911
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286338872 (0xFF7C5738)
YUV	94.5290, -18.9948, 25.8461
Hunter-Lab	33.7434, 6.7367, 14.3278

Details

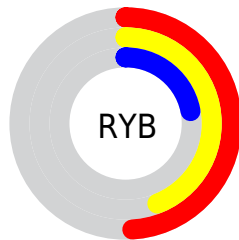
The YIQ color **94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **85.4710, -32.0030, 1.7970**, and the grayscale version is **95.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.7960, 35.6250, -1.3590**, and **47.5500, 27.5100, -2.9700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.0520, 37.7800, -1.8680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0060, 26.2260, -1.7260**.

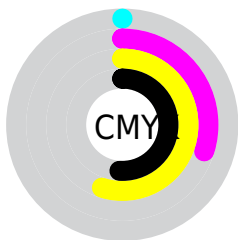
Distribution



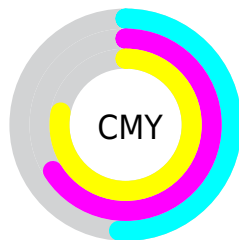
- Red (49%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 94.5290, 32.0030,
-1.7970

■ 94.5290, 32.0030,
-1.7970

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 70.7460, 29.8940,
-2.1220

■ 145.7960, 35.6250,
-1.3590

■ 47.5500, 27.5100,
-2.9700

■ 172.2800, 37.1380,
-1.2460

■ 26.6790, 22.8330,
-0.8070

■ 199.7640, 38.6510,
-1.1330

■ 7.4750, 14.9000,
5.3000

■ 224.9590, 33.6080,
-3.3520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 245.1740, 16.6450,
-9.8110

■ 253.0620, 5.4570,

-5.2870

■ 94.5290, 32.0030,
-1.7970

■ 94.5290, 32.0030,
-1.7970

■ 89.0520, 37.7800,
-1.8680

■ 100.0060, 26.2260,
-1.7260

■ 83.4610, 43.8780,
-2.2500

■ 105.0100, 20.4030,
-0.8210

■ 78.5710, 49.3800,
-2.8440

■ 110.4870, 14.6260,
-0.7500

■ 72.9800, 55.4780,
-3.2260

■ 116.0780, 8.5280,
-0.3680

■ 69.9480, 58.5040,
-3.0000

■ 121.5550, 2.7510,
-0.2970

■ 127.0320, -3.0260,
-0.2260

■ 132.0360, -8.8490,
0.6790

■ 137.5130,
-14.6260, 0.7500

■ 143.1040,
-20.7240, 1.1320

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.4190, 35.6690, 8.8610



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



93.2730, 20.6800, -11.3520

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



79.2600, -48.3670, -21.0310



96.7890, -6.0550, 16.1290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



85.4710, -32.0030, 1.7970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.1170, -30.7660, 6.9140



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



75.2010, -67.0740, -17.9060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



86.9290, -19.5740, -19.7180



81.6140, -57.6310, -7.3190



97.9180, 15.6310, 19.5910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



91.4780, 9.6770, -15.6910



81.6140, -57.6310, -7.3190



95.9020, -13.8030, 13.3730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



149.8180, 12.1960, -0.7640



80.5500, 28.6510, 25.9230



74.8930, 7.6110, -0.2690



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970



114.8700, 49.9760, -2.6320



114.4870, 22.6530, -19.5790



58.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



70.8340, 58.8250, -3.3110



142.8530, 118.5670, -6.7210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.4710, -32.0030, 1.7970



100.5430, -49.7010, 3.1550



65.5130, -22.6530, 19.5790



57.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



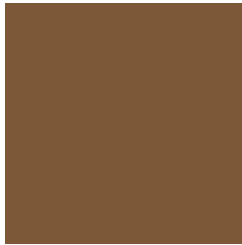
54.1660, -58.8250, 3.3110



109.7340, -118.8420, 6.1980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

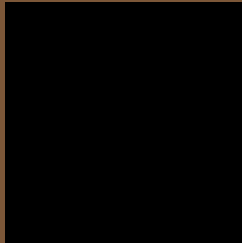
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.5290, 32.0030,

-1.7970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970

Protanopia

93.5870, 16.9200, -9.2880

Deuteranopia

94.3710, 26.4560, -5.8960



Tritanopia

96.8400, 24.2980, 11.1940

Trichromacy



Original Color

94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970

Protanomaly

93.8050, 22.2380, -6.5460

Deuteranomaly

94.6810, 28.5190, -4.7370

Tritanomaly

95.7600, 27.2790, 6.7270

Monochromacy



Original Color

94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970

Achromatopsia

95.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

94.9320, 11.8750, -0.4530

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 87, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 87, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 87, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 87, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 87, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 87, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 87, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 87, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 87, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 87,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 94.5290, 32.0030, -1.7970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 87, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124, 87,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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