

# Converting Colors

YIQ(94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(94.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F6152
RGB	95, 97, 82
RGB Percent	37%, 38%, 32%
CMY	0.6275, 0.6196, 0.6784
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.15, 0.62
HSL	68°, 8%, 35%
HSV	68°, 15%, 38%
XYZ	10.5170, 11.5915, 9.6671
YIQ	94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

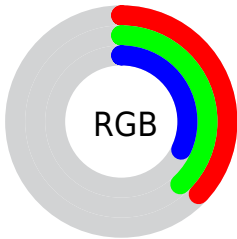
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	82, 97, 84
Decimal	6250834
CIE Lab	40.56, -3.75, 8.29
CIE LCh	41, 9.102, 114.323
Yxy	11.5915, 0.3310, 0.3648
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284440914 (0xFF5F6152)
YUV	94.6920, -6.2572, 0.2701
Hunter-Lab	34.0463, -4.4423, 6.9978

# Details

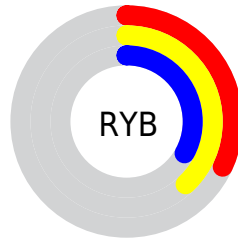
The YIQ color **94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **84.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890**, and the grayscale version is **95.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.1650, 3.6690, -5.9230**, and **48.8060, 3.3020, -4.7780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.2530, 6.2370, -8.4110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670**.

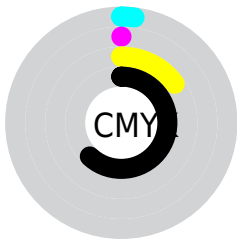
# Distribution



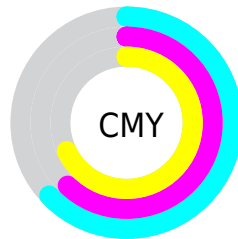
- Red (37%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 94.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

■ 94.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 70.8060, 3.3020,  
-4.7780

■ 145.1650, 3.6690,  
-5.9230

■ 48.8060, 3.3020,  
-4.7780

■ 171.4640, 4.2650,  
-5.7110

■ 27.9200, 2.9810,  
-4.4670

■ 198.4640, 4.2650,  
-5.7110

■ 2.3480, -1.1000,  
-2.0920

■ 227.0510, 3.9900,  
-6.2340

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 253.2900, 4.8150,  
-4.6650

■ 94.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

■ 94.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

■ 93.2530, 6.2370,  
-8.4110

■ 96.1310, 1.0090,  
-1.7670

■ 91.6290, 7.9340,  
-11.6340

■ 97.7550, -0.6880,  
1.4560

■ 90.1900, 10.5480,  
-14.9560

■ 99.1940, -3.3020,  
4.7780

■ 88.7510, 13.1620,  
-18.2780

■ 100.6330, -5.9160,  
8.1000

■ 87.4260, 15.4550,  
-21.2890

■ 102.0720, -8.5300,  
11.4220

■ 85.6880, 17.4730,  
-24.8230

■ 103.6960,  
-10.2270, 14.6450

■ 84.2490, 20.0870,  
-28.1450

■ 105.1350,  
-12.8410, 17.9670

■ 82.8100, 22.7010,

■ 106.5740,

-31.4670

-15.4550, 21.2890

■ 82.0550, 23.3890,  
-32.9230

■ 108.1980,  
-17.1520, 24.5120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.7960, 9.2620, -2.6580



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



93.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



93.9320, -14.4880, -1.7520



97.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



84.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



95.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



92.9380, -14.6250, -4.7770



96.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770



97.1650, 12.8370, 4.1410



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



93.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



96.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770



97.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



124.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780



87.6590, 8.3900, 2.1340



63.2450, 0.6880, -1.4560



191.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



64.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890



121.3670, 5.9160, -8.1000



92.5990, -0.5490, -6.5730



47.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440



94.7470, 27.0120, -38.0120



203.0720, 57.9680, -81.4240



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890



104.6330, -5.9160, 8.1000



86.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850



44.4560, -1.2840, 1.2440



17.2530, -27.0120, 38.0120



36.9280, -57.9680, 81.4240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

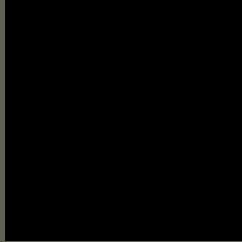
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890.



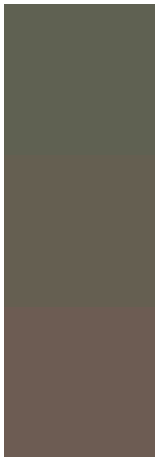
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 94.6920, 3.6230,

-5.0890.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890

### Protanopia

95.1980, 8.0700, -3.0820

### Deuteranopia

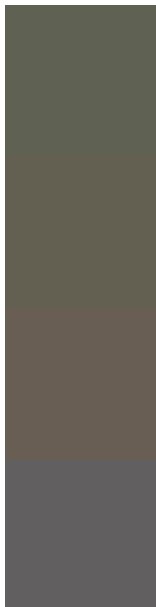
96.0570, 13.0210, 0.8050



## Tritanopia

96.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890

## Protanomaly

95.1870, 6.6030, -4.0290

## Deuteranomaly

95.7360, 9.4910, -1.3010

## Tritanomaly

95.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890

## Achromatopsia

95.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

95.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 97, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 97, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 97, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 97, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 97, 82) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 97, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 97, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 97, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 97, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 97, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 94.6920, 3.6230, -5.0890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 97, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 97,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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