

# Converting Colors

YIQ(95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(95.6380, 30.0780,  
-5.4580)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	795B35
RGB	121, 91, 53
RGB Percent	47%, 36%, 21%
CMY	0.5254, 0.6432, 0.7920
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.56, 0.53
HSL	33°, 39%, 34%
HSV	34°, 56%, 47%
XYZ	12.2703, 11.8032, 5.0043
YIQ	95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

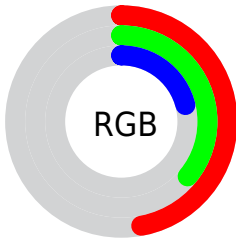
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	107, 121, 53
Decimal	7953205
CIE Lab	40.90, 7.44, 26.47
CIE LCh	41, 27.491, 74.305
Yxy	11.8032, 0.4220, 0.4059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286143285 (0xFF795B35)
YUV	95.6380, -21.0205, 22.2425
Hunter-Lab	34.3558, 3.6295, 15.4129

# Details

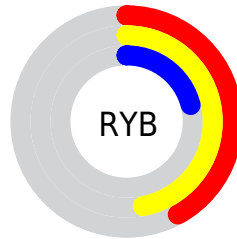
The YIQ color **95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **78.3620, -30.0780, 5.4580**, and the grayscale version is **96.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.6060, 33.1040, -5.2320**, and **48.2570, 26.7770, -6.2070** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.3350, 35.3050, -6.5750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.9410, 24.8510, -4.3410**.

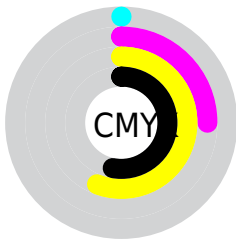
# Distribution



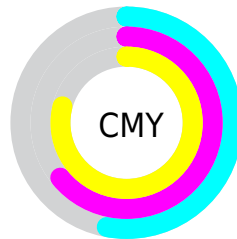
- Red (47%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 95.6380, 30.0780,  
-5.4580

■ 95.6380, 30.0780,  
-5.4580

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 71.8550, 27.9690,  
-5.7830

■ 146.6060, 33.1040,  
-5.2320

■ 48.2570, 26.7770,  
-6.2070

■ 173.0900, 34.6170,  
-5.1190

■ 28.4290, 20.5410,  
-3.3230

■ 201.1610, 35.8550,  
-5.5290

■ 6.2790, 12.5160,  
4.4520

■ 226.9650, 33.4710,  
-6.3770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 247.0660, 16.8290,  
-13.1470

■ 252.7200, 6.4200,

-6.2200

■ 95.6380, 30.0780,  
-5.4580

■ 95.6380, 30.0780,  
-5.4580

■ 91.3350, 35.3050,  
-6.5750

■ 99.9410, 24.8510,  
-4.3410

■ 86.4450, 40.8070,  
-7.1690

■ 104.8310, 19.3490,  
-3.7470

■ 82.1420, 46.0340,  
-8.2860

■ 109.1340, 14.1220,  
-2.6300

■ 77.8390, 51.2610,  
-9.4030

■ 113.4370, 8.8950,  
-1.5130

■ 76.0950, 53.4160,  
-9.9120

■ 118.4410, 3.0720,  
-0.6080

■ 122.7440, -2.1550,  
0.5090

■ 127.0470, -7.3820,  
1.6260

■ 131.9370,  
-12.8840, 2.2200

■ 136.2400,  
-18.1110, 3.3370

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.6100, 36.4490, 5.7370



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



93.9410, 15.6830, -14.4050

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



75.5940, -64.0470, -23.2070



99.2630, 1.4180, 18.3620

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



78.3620, -30.0780, 5.4580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.9440, -22.7890, 11.0270



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



77.2870, -70.1920, -16.4640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



85.8400, -29.5690, -20.2970



86.7830, -50.6170, -2.2730



99.1530, 22.2790, 20.2550



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



92.1890, 3.1210, -18.0230



86.7830, -50.6170, -2.2730



98.3160, -6.1010, 16.9630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



147.8780, 11.9670, -2.1210



76.8660, 30.5770, 24.0570



73.0670, 7.0610, -1.3150



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580



118.3270, 46.9510, -8.3850



112.3510, 20.0400, -21.7840



58.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



78.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



158.1150, 111.4170, -20.3190



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.3620, -30.0780, 5.4580



91.6730, -46.9510, 8.3850



61.6490, -20.0400, 21.7840



57.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



46.5350, -55.2500, 10.1100

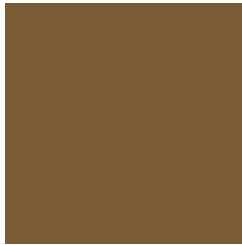


93.8850, -111.4170, 20.3190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 95.6380, 30.0780,

-5.4580.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580

### Protanopia

94.9030, 18.8460, -11.1540

### Deuteranopia

95.3280, 28.0150, -6.6170



## Tritanopia

98.1600, 20.4010, 10.2330

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580

## Protanomaly

95.1100, 22.6970, -9.3590

## Deuteranomaly

95.6270, 28.6110, -6.4050

## Tritanomaly

97.3250, 24.0700, 4.3100

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580

## Achromatopsia

96.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

95.6930, 11.0500, -2.0220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 91, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 91, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 91, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 91, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 91, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 91, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 91, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 91, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 91, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 91,  
53) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 95.6380, 30.0780, -5.4580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 91, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 91,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor