

Converting Colors

YIQ(96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110)
contains.

YIQ(96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(96.8070, 10.7290,
-1.7110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A5F52
RGB	106, 95, 82
RGB Percent	42%, 37%, 32%
CMY	0.5843, 0.6275, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.23, 0.58
HSL	32°, 13%, 37%
HSV	32°, 23%, 42%
XYZ	11.5597, 11.8574, 9.6648
YIQ	96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

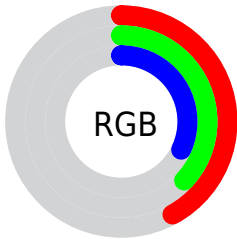
Format	Color
RYB	102, 106, 82
Decimal	6971218
CIELab	40.99, 2.09, 9.04
CIELCh	41, 9.278, 77.007
Yxy	11.8574, 0.3494, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285161298 (0xFF6A5F52)
YUV	96.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623
Hunter-Lab	34.4346, -0.3382, 7.4633

Details

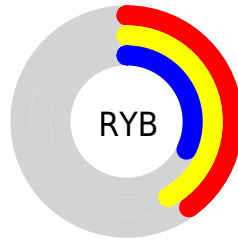
The YIQ color **96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **91.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110**, and the grayscale version is **97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.2910, 12.2420, -1.5980**, and **50.3230, 9.2160, -1.8240** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92.6180, 15.6350, -2.5170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.9960, 5.8230, -0.9050**.

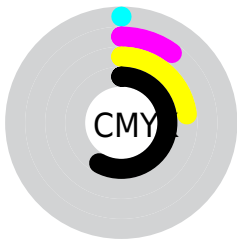
Distribution



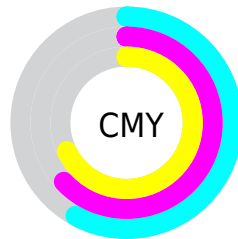
- Red (42%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 96.8070, 10.7290,
-1.7110

■ 96.8070, 10.7290,
-1.7110

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 72.9210, 10.4080,
-1.4000

■ 147.2910, 12.2420,
-1.5980

■ 50.3230, 9.2160,
-1.8240

■ 174.1770, 12.5630,
-1.9090

■ 29.4370, 8.8950,
-1.5130

■ 201.1770, 12.5630,
-1.9090

■ 4.4630, 6.0060,
1.2860

■ 229.4760, 13.1590,
-1.6970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.2900, 4.8150,
-4.6650

■ 96.8070, 10.7290,
-1.7110

■ 96.8070, 10.7290,
-1.7110

■ 92.6180, 15.6350,
-2.5170

■ 100.9960, 5.8230,
-0.9050

■ 88.5430, 20.2200,
-3.0120

■ 105.0710, 1.2380,
-0.4100

■ 84.3540, 25.1260,
-3.8180

■ 109.2600, -3.6680,
0.3960

■ 80.8660, 29.4360,
-4.8360

■ 112.7480, -7.9780,
1.4140

■ 76.6770, 34.3420,
-5.6420

■ 116.9370,
-12.8840, 2.2200

■ 72.4880, 39.2480,
-6.4480

■ 121.1260,
-17.7900, 3.0260

■ 68.4130, 43.8330,
-6.9430

■ 125.2010,
-22.3750, 3.5210

■ 65.1530, 47.5010,

■ 129.3900,

-7.3390

-27.2810, 4.3270

■ 133.4650,
-31.8660, 4.8220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.5840, 12.9750, 1.6390



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



96.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



93.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880



97.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



91.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.1120, -6.0070, 4.2410



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



94.2200, -15.3590, -2.4870

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



94.4070, -8.7560, -6.5160



95.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870



98.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



95.1970, 0.6430, -6.1490



95.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870



97.5040, -1.2390, 5.9370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



133.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950



90.4300, 10.7730, 8.5090



66.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



196.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



69.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110



123.8030, 16.5520, -2.6160



102.9650, 7.1080, -7.6760



51.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



71.9640, 52.4070, -8.1450



150.7390, 109.7200, -17.0960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110



115.1970, -16.5520, 2.6160



85.0350, -7.1080, 7.6760



50.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



45.0360, -52.4070, 8.1450



93.6740, -109.4450, 17.6190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

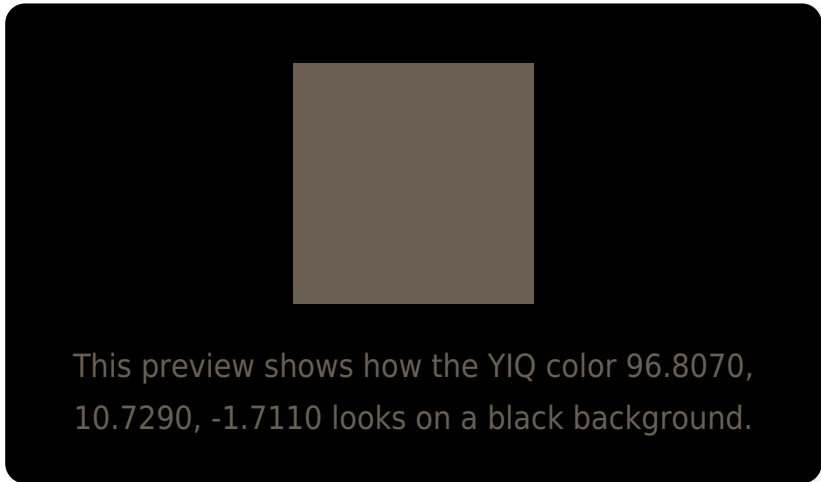
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

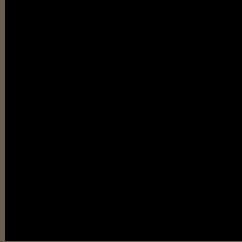
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

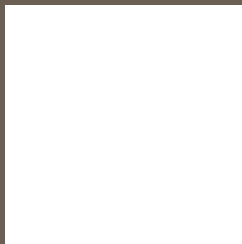
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110.



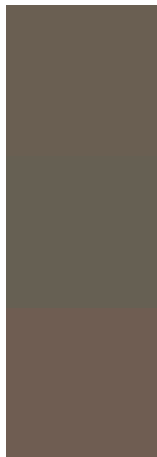
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110.

-1.7110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

Protanopia

96.3120, 7.7490, -2.7710

Deuteranopia

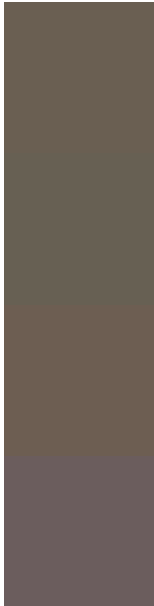
97.1280, 14.2590, 0.3950



Tritanopia

97.6960, 6.9680, 5.8800

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

Protanomaly

96.6110, 8.3450, -2.5590

Deuteranomaly

97.1170, 12.7920, -0.5520

Tritanomaly

97.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680

Monochromacy



Original Color

96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

Achromatopsia

97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

96.7400, 3.6680, -0.3960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 95, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 95, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 95, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 95, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 95, 82) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 95, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 95, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 95, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 95, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 95,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 96.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 95, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 95,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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