

Converting Colors

YIQ(97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(97.0570, 3.8530,
-9.2590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F664D
RGB	95, 102, 77
RGB Percent	37%, 40%, 30%
CMY	0.6275, 0.6000, 0.6980
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.25, 0.60
HSL	77°, 14%, 35%
HSV	77°, 25%, 40%
XYZ	10.8100, 12.4717, 8.8603
YIQ	97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

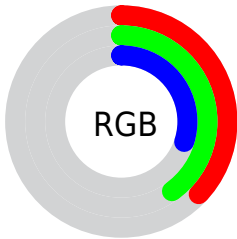
Format	Color
RYB	77, 102, 84
Decimal	6252109
CIELab	41.96, -7.56, 13.26
CIElCh	42, 15.261, 119.697
Yxy	12.4717, 0.3363, 0.3880
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284442189 (0xFF5F664D)
YUV	97.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040
Hunter-Lab	35.3153, -7.1631, 9.8453

Details

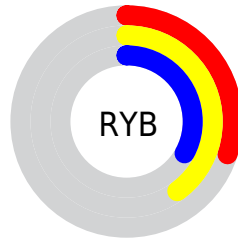
The YIQ color **97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **81.9430, -3.8530, 9.2590**, and the grayscale version is **97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **147.8290, 4.4950, -9.8810**, and **50.6980, 3.4860, -8.1140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.0200, 5.2750, -13.0050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.0940, 2.4310, -5.5130**.

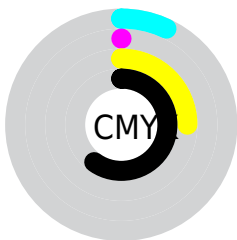
Distribution



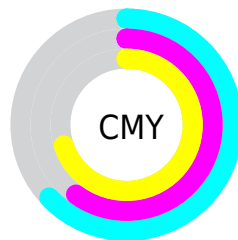
- Red (37%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

97.0570, 3.8530,
-9.2590

97.0570, 3.8530,
-9.2590

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

73.1710, 3.5320,
-8.9480

147.8290, 4.4950,
-9.8810

50.3990, 2.8900,
-8.3260

174.4160, 4.2200,
-10.4040

29.5840, 3.8070,
-8.4250

201.7150, 4.8160,
-10.1920

7.6310, -3.5750,
-6.7990

229.6010, 5.1370,
-10.5030

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

252.7200, 6.4200,
-6.2200

■ 97.0570, 3.8530,
-9.2590

■ 97.0570, 3.8530,
-9.2590

■ 95.0200, 5.2750,
-13.0050

■ 99.0940, 2.4310,
-5.5130

■ 92.9830, 6.6970,
-16.7510

■ 101.1310, 1.0090,
-1.7670

■ 90.8320, 8.4400,
-20.8080

■ 103.2820, -0.7340,
2.2900

■ 89.0940, 10.4580,
-24.3420

■ 105.0200, -2.7520,
5.8240

■ 87.0570, 11.8800,
-28.0880

■ 107.0570, -4.1740,
9.5700

■ 85.0200, 13.3020,
-31.8340

■ 109.0940, -5.5960,
13.3160

■ 82.9830, 14.7240,
-35.5800

■ 111.1310, -7.0180,
17.0620

■ 81.7010, 15.4580,

■ 113.2820, -8.7610,

-37.8700

21.1190

■ 115.3190,
-10.1830, 24.8650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.5530, 14.2600, -5.1320



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



95.6580, -8.2050, -10.9970

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



95.3590, -25.9960, -2.4440



101.0070, 16.4580, 10.1060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



81.9430, -3.8530, 9.2590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101.1570, 7.2880, 11.0960



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



97.9520, -17.2400, 4.0720

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



93.7130, -27.2330, -7.5610



100.3450, -5.0450, 8.8350



100.7100, 21.5480, 5.9640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



94.4660, -16.4120, -10.9400



100.3450, -5.0450, 8.8350



100.8650, 13.9820, 10.9260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



130.9630, 1.4220, -3.7460



88.5840, 12.9750, 1.6390



65.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590



125.2650, 5.9630, -14.4610



93.4690, -3.2990, -11.8030



50.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670



92.3220, 17.8430, -42.5490



194.0800, 37.1540, -89.6780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9430, -3.8530, 9.2590



101.7350, -5.9630, 14.4610



85.5310, 3.2990, 11.8030



46.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



22.6780, -17.8430, 42.5490



47.9200, -37.1540, 89.6780

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

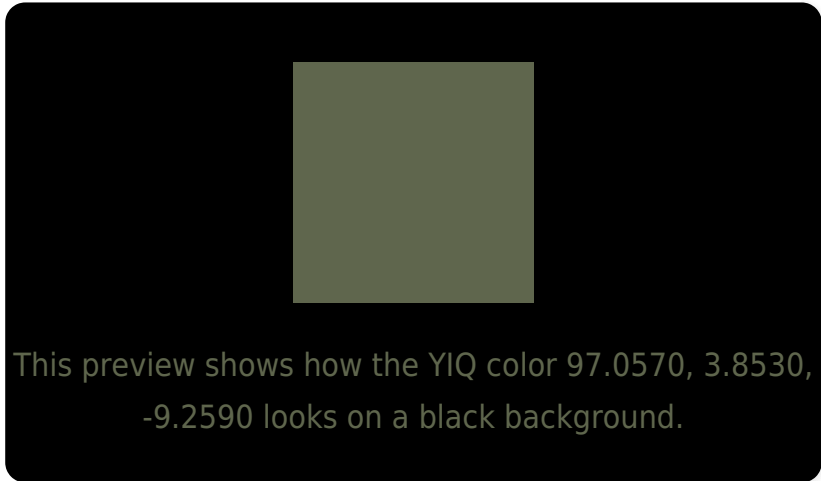
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

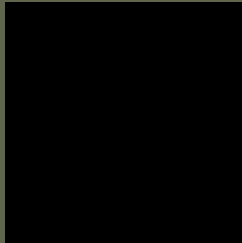
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590.



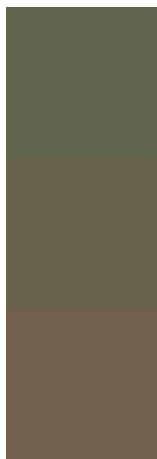
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.0570, 3.8530,

-9.2590.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

Protanopia

98.4710, 11.5550, -5.6690

Deuteranopia

99.0420, 17.3770, -1.0470



Tritanopia

99.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

Protanomaly

97.8620, 8.8960, -7.0400

Deuteranomaly

98.7100, 12.3800, -4.1000

Tritanomaly

98.2450, 0.6880, -1.4560

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

Achromatopsia

97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.0770, 1.1010, -3.4350

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 102, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 102, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 102, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 102, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 102, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 102, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 102, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 102, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 102, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 102,  
77) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 97.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 102, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 102,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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