

Converting Colors

YIQ(97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YIQ(97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YIQ(97.9390, -57.6420,
53.4780)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 4C4FFD |
| RGB | 76, 79, 253 |
| RGB Percent | 30%, 31%, 99% |
| CMY | 0.7018, 0.6902, 0.0082 |
| CMYK | 0.70, 0.69, 0.00, 0.01 |
| HSL | 239°, 98%, 64% |
| HSV | 239°, 70%, 99% |
| XYZ | 23.4935, 14.2157, 94.3568 |
| YIQ | 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

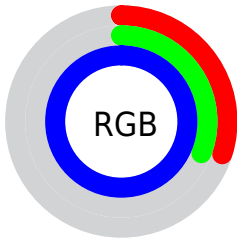
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 76, 79, 253 |
| Decimal | 5001213 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 44.54, 52.84, -86.30 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 45, 101.189, 301.479 |
| Yxy | 14.2157, 0.1779, 0.1076 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283191293 (0xFF4C4FFD) |
| YUV | 97.9390, 76.4451, -19.2405 |
| Hunter-Lab | 37.7037, 45.2433, -121.9856 |

Details

The YIQ color **97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **231.0610, 57.6420, -53.4780**, and the grayscale version is **97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.4470, -30.3140, 42.7900**, and **41.0140, -71.3950, 43.9090** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.7890, -65.6670, 61.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **120.0890, -49.6170, 45.7030**.

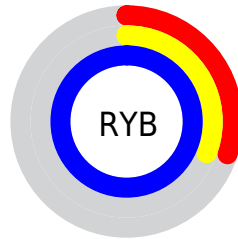
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (31%)

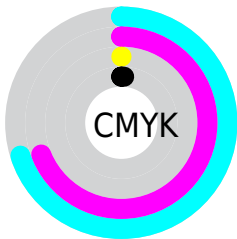
Blue (99%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (99%)

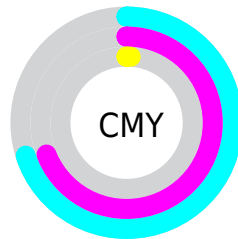


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 97.9390, -57.6420,
53.4780

■ 97.9390, -57.6420,
53.4780

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 64.1000, -74.5130,
45.3510

■ 148.4470,
-30.3140, 42.7900

■ 41.0140, -71.3950,
43.9090

■ 173.8640,
-18.6670, 35.4530

■ 24.9080, -56.3570,
46.7070

■ 199.2810, -7.0200,
28.1160

■ 15.8460, -44.6190,
43.2290

■ 224.9860, 3.7560,
20.0440

■ 12.8820, -36.2730,
35.1430

■ 245.6080, 4.4000,
8.3680

■ 16.9620, -31.2270,
20.7810

■ 10.7040, -21.8730,

16.4550

■ 6.3210, -13.6650,
10.8710

■ 2.6390, -6.0530,
5.0750

■ 97.9390, -57.6420,
53.4780

■ 97.9390, -57.6420,
53.4780

■ 75.7890, -65.6670,
61.2530

■ 120.0890,
-49.6170, 45.7030

■ 53.3400, -74.2880,
68.8160

■ 142.5380,
-40.9960, 38.1400

■ 31.1900, -82.3130,
76.5910

■ 164.6880,
-32.9710, 30.3650

■ 186.2510,
-24.6710, 23.1130

■ 208.4010,
-16.6460, 15.3380

■ 230.8500, -8.0250,
7.7750

■ 253.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 254.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.3360, -114.3050, 17.5910



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



82.1290, 60.6400, 101.5040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



92.9050, 95.5940, 7.6420



91.5570, -71.7930, -37.0170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



231.0610, 57.6420, -53.4780

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.4840, -36.3000, -69.0360



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



98.4230, 45.9000, -27.8920

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



71.9900, 130.8890, 56.3370



76.3760, -26.9480, -62.3080



102.4210, -99.6280, -11.6280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



85.1280, 96.7710, 90.9710



76.3760, -26.9480, -62.3080



87.5500, -61.8880, -45.8240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



207.7430, -17.6090, 16.2710



199.3930, -103.5660, -39.3900



99.6480, -10.2720, 9.9520



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780



67.1570, -69.5190, 64.9850



120.9950, -7.3490, 72.6430



116.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430



23.5350, -62.1360, 57.8320



7.8830, -20.8190, 19.3810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129.2650, 104.5290, 38.4570



105.3280, 126.5810, 46.3010



208.0050, 7.3490, -72.6430



118.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560



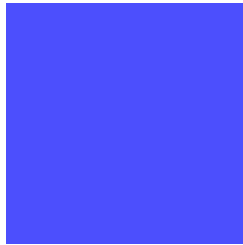
57.4510, 112.8730, 41.4250



19.2500, 37.8230, 13.8790

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

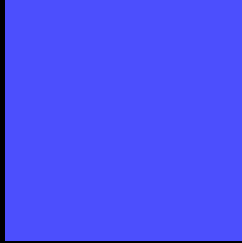
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.9390, -57.6420,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780

Protanopia

83.4550, -95.8270, 13.1090

Deuteranopia

83.5570, -87.8470, 0.6410



Tritanopia

82.2280, -71.7040, -22.1040

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780

Protanomaly

88.8410, -81.7540, 27.8940

Deuteranomaly

89.0230, -76.7550, 19.8930

Tritanomaly

88.3270, -66.5280, 5.2480

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780

Achromatopsia

98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.8830, -20.8190, 19.3810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 79, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 79, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 79, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 79, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 79, 253) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 79, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 79, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 79, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 79, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 79,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 97.9390, -57.6420, 53.4780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 79, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 79,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor