

Converting Colors

YIQ(97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(97.9520, 26.3180,
-3.3940)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	795D3F
RGB	121, 93, 63
RGB Percent	47%, 36%, 25%
CMY	0.5254, 0.6353, 0.7528
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.48, 0.53
HSL	31°, 32%, 36%
HSV	31°, 48%, 47%
XYZ	12.6983, 12.2517, 6.4029
YIQ	97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

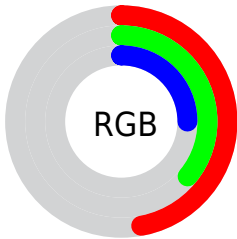
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 121, 63
Decimal	7953727
CIE Lab	41.61, 7.27, 21.56
CIE LCh	42, 22.753, 71.358
Yxy	12.2517, 0.4050, 0.3908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286143807 (0xFF795D3F)
YUV	97.9520, -17.2313, 20.2131
Hunter-Lab	35.0024, 3.5026, 13.6559

Details

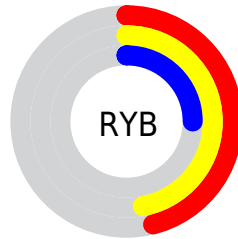
The YIQ color **97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **86.0480, -26.3180, 3.3940**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **148.9200, 29.3440, -3.1680**, and **50.7990, 22.3750, -3.5210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.0620, 31.8200, -3.9880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.8420, 20.8160, -2.8000**.

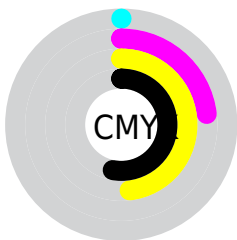
Distribution



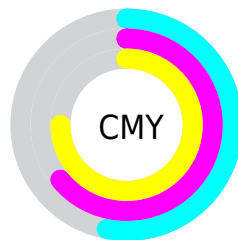
- Red (47%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 97.9520, 26.3180,
-3.3940

■ 97.9520, 26.3180,
-3.3940

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 73.5820, 24.4840,
-3.1960

■ 148.9200, 29.3440,
-3.1680

■ 50.7990, 22.3750,
-3.5210

■ 176.1050, 30.2610,
-3.2670

■ 29.3150, 20.8620,
-3.6340

■ 203.2900, 31.1780,
-3.3660

■ 6.8770, 13.7080,
4.8760

■ 229.9800, 29.1150,
-4.5250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 250.1950, 12.1520,
-10.9840

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,

-2.4880

■ 97.9520, 26.3180,
-3.3940

■ 97.9520, 26.3180,
-3.3940

■ 93.0620, 31.8200,
-3.9880

■ 102.8420, 20.8160,
-2.8000

■ 88.1720, 37.3220,
-4.5820

■ 107.7320, 15.3140,
-2.2060

■ 83.2820, 42.8240,
-5.1760

■ 112.6220, 9.8120,
-1.6120

■ 78.9790, 48.0510,
-6.2930

■ 116.9250, 4.5850,
-0.4950

■ 74.0890, 53.5530,
-6.8870

■ 121.9290, -1.2380,
0.4100

■ 73.1600, 54.7910,
-7.2970

■ 126.8190, -6.7400,
1.0040

■ 131.7090,
-12.2420, 1.5980

■ 136.5990,
-17.7440, 2.1920

■ 141.4890,
-23.2460, 2.7860

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.9730, 30.9930, 5.4970



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



96.1630, 15.1780, -10.7580

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



87.0270, -40.1610, -15.5610



100.6710, 0.0890, 14.9130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



86.0480, -26.3180, 3.3940

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.0320, -20.2210, 8.5390



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



86.5840, -48.9190, -11.0230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



90.8520, -20.6750, -16.2830



91.7690, -38.8340, -1.0580



100.5220, 16.6860, 16.9900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



94.8950, 4.1290, -14.2630



91.7690, -38.8340, -1.0580



99.9090, -6.5130, 13.4150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



149.0350, 10.0870, -1.0890



83.5340, 25.5800, 21.0040



73.9960, 5.8230, -0.9050



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940



122.4990, 40.7150, -5.5010



114.0890, 18.0220, -18.2500



58.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



75.5300, 56.6250, -7.4950



151.6580, 114.4420, -14.5660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0480, -26.3180, 3.3940



104.0880, -40.9900, 4.9780



69.9110, -18.0220, 18.2500



57.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



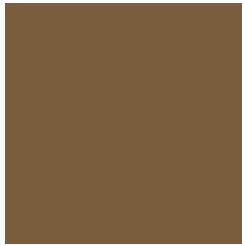
49.4700, -56.6250, 7.4950



100.3420, -114.4420, 14.5660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

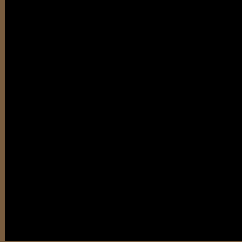
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 97.9520, 26.3180,

-3.3940.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Protanopia

96.9290, 15.9570, -8.3550

Deuteranopia

97.9410, 24.8510, -4.3410



Tritanopia

100.2630, 18.6130, 9.5970

Trichromacy



Original Color

97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Protanomaly

97.1360, 19.8080, -6.5600

Deuteranomaly

98.2400, 25.4470, -4.1290

Tritanomaly

99.1830, 21.5940, 5.1300

Monochromacy



Original Color

97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940

Achromatopsia

98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.7360, 9.4910, -1.3010

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 93, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 93, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 93, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 93, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 93, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 93, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 93, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 93, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 93, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 93,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 97.9520, 26.3180, -3.3940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 93, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 93,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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