

Converting Colors

YIQ(98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440)
contains.

YIQ(98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(98.3760, -68.2240,
2.9440)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2373B3
RGB	35, 115, 179
RGB Percent	14%, 45%, 70%
CMY	0.8628, 0.5489, 0.2984
CMYK	0.80, 0.36, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	207°, 67%, 42%
HSV	207°, 80%, 70%
XYZ	14.9548, 15.8772, 44.8809
YIQ	98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

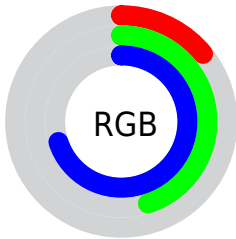
Format	Color
R_{YB}	35, 86, 179
Decimal	2323379
CIE _{Lab}	46.81, -0.82, -40.55
CIE _{LCh}	47, 40.554, 268.848
Yxy	15.8772, 0.1975, 0.2097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280513459 (0xFF2373B3)
YUV	98.3760, 39.7476, -55.5808
Hunter-Lab	39.8462, -2.7373, -38.8892

Details

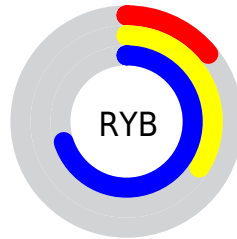
The YIQ color **98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **115.6240, 68.2240, -2.9440**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **155.6160, -59.9720, 7.5800**, and **54.2800, -59.1460, 3.6220** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.2980, -76.7520, 3.3120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108.4540, -59.6960, 2.5760**.

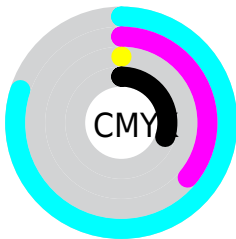
Distribution



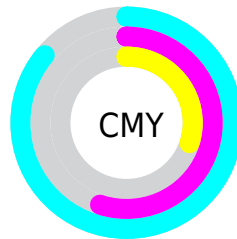
- Red (14%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 98.3760, -68.2240,
2.9440

■ 98.3760, -68.2240,
2.9440

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 70.7450, -73.8170,
-0.3210

■ 155.6160,
-59.9720, 7.5800

■ 54.2800, -59.1460,
3.6220

■ 182.7150,
-55.9370, 6.0390

■ 38.4020, -44.7500,
7.0420

■ 207.2350,
-46.0780, -1.9340

■ 23.9260, -31.5460,
10.0380

■ 232.9290,
-36.7690, -10.9530

■ 8.9770, -18.3880,
13.8680

■ 244.8340,
-20.2640, -7.2080

■ 4.7080, -10.5010,
8.5950

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,

■ 0.1140, -0.3210,

-0.8480

0.3110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.3760, -68.2240,
2.9440

■ 98.3760, -68.2240,
2.9440

■ 88.2980, -76.7520,
3.3120

■ 108.4540,
-59.6960, 2.5760

■ 79.1060, -84.9590,
3.3690

■ 118.5320,
-51.1680, 2.2080

■ 128.6100,
-42.6400, 1.8400

■ 138.6880,
-34.1120, 1.4720

■ 148.4670,
-26.1800, 0.8920

■ 158.5450,
-17.6520, 0.5240

■ 168.6230, -9.1240,
0.1560

■ 178.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 188.7790, 7.9320,
-0.5800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.4670, -88.0740, -11.7700



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



112.8450, -17.6560, 22.6320

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



110.7420, 54.0530, 17.1010



97.3590, -27.1370, -31.3370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



115.6240, 68.2240, -2.9440

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.3280, 9.6790, -26.7450



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



109.6360, 50.7550, -0.2290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



111.9710, 43.6430, 29.5550



107.7120, 35.2610, -16.7950



87.4480, -69.8680, -33.3560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



114.2350, 7.7890, 29.5570



107.7120, 35.2610, -16.7950



100.4270, -12.6490, -29.5850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



200.5810, -26.5010, 1.2030



126.5960, -59.5020, -56.0300



98.0290, -16.1390, 0.6370



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440



106.0250, -106.6000, 4.6000



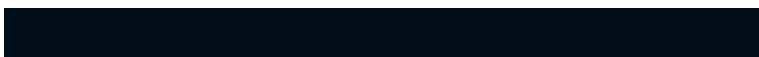
57.2860, -48.9740, 39.5540



83.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840



67.3370, -72.4880, 3.1280



11.1820, -12.1960, 0.7640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1760, 60.1440, 55.4080



88.5250, 93.9750, 86.5750



156.7140, 48.9740, -39.5540



83.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



55.4370, 63.9030, 58.8710



9.3700, 11.0020, 9.8660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

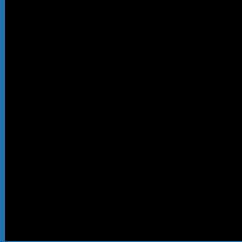
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.3760, -68.2240,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440

Protanopia

108.8320, -33.9770, 15.5510

Deuteranopia

106.0090, -47.7770, 12.3430



Tritanopia

87.2490, -76.1970, -23.2770

Trichromacy



Original Color

98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440

Protanomaly

105.1400, -46.7680, 10.5760

Deuteranomaly

103.0080, -55.2040, 9.2760

Tritanomaly

91.3130, -73.0810, -13.6650

Monochromacy



Original Color

98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440

Achromatopsia

98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.9510, -24.6670, 1.0050

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 115, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 115, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 115, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 115, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 115, 179) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 115, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 115, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 115, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 115, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 115,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 98.3760, -68.2240, 2.9440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 115, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 115,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor