

Converting Colors

YIQ(98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260)
contains.

YIQ(98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(98.4470, -39.4820,
32.7260)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5158C6
RGB	81, 88, 198
RGB Percent	32%, 35%, 78%
CMY	0.6823, 0.6549, 0.2238
CMYK	0.59, 0.56, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	236°, 51%, 55%
HSV	236°, 59%, 78%
XYZ	17.0704, 12.8043, 54.9605
YIQ	98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

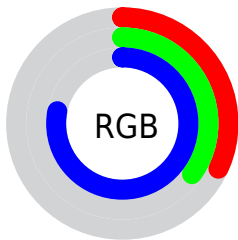
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 88, 198
Decimal	5331142
CIE _{Lab}	42.47, 30.09, -58.44
CIE _{LCh}	42, 65.729, 297.243
Yxy	12.8043, 0.2012, 0.1509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283521222 (0xFF5158C6)
YUV	98.4470, 49.0796, -15.3010
Hunter-Lab	35.7830, 22.5335, -66.0176

Details

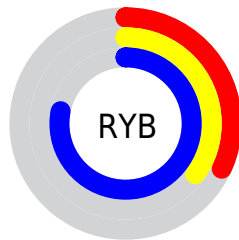
The YIQ color **98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **180.5530, 39.4820, -32.7260**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151.9360, -36.3650, 36.8110**, and **41.5430, -57.7280, 21.9840** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.3140, -46.1770, 38.4230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **115.5800, -32.7870, 27.0290**.

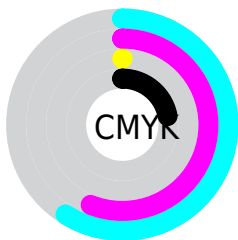
Distribution



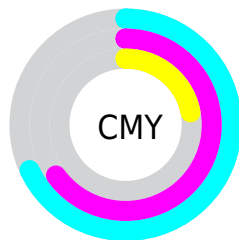
- Red (32%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 98.4470, -39.4820,
32.7260

■ 98.4470, -39.4820,
32.7260

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 71.8870, -43.8370,
29.0510

■ 151.9360,
-36.3650, 36.8110

■ 41.5430, -57.7280,
21.9840

■ 175.8690,
-26.2310, 29.3610

■ 26.8390, -43.8820,
24.3580

■ 200.3890,
-16.3720, 21.3880

■ 10.4880, -29.5320,
28.6120

■ 225.7950, -6.1920,
13.1040

■ 11.7470, -23.4320,
17.1760

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,
3.6610

■ 6.7770, -14.9490,
12.1150

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,

6.3190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.4470, -39.4820,
32.7260

■ 98.4470, -39.4820,
32.7260

■ 81.3140, -46.1770,
38.4230

■ 115.5800,
-32.7870, 27.0290

■ 64.7680, -53.1470,
43.5970

■ 132.1260,
-25.8170, 21.8550

■ 47.9340, -59.2460,
49.5060

■ 148.9600,
-19.7180, 15.9460

■ 31.3880, -66.2160,
54.6800

■ 165.5060,
-12.7480, 10.7720

■ 29.6160, -66.8580,
55.3020

■ 182.6390, -6.0530,
5.0750

■ 199.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

■ 216.3180, 7.6120,
-5.7960

■ 233.1520, 13.7110,
-11.7050

■ 248.5020, 18.2970,
-17.7270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.9230, -97.3850, 8.3030



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



99.2400, 27.7290, 53.6570

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



91.8980, 79.1360, -2.4640



82.8030, -63.6780, -35.4060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



180.5530, 39.4820, -32.7260

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.8430, -43.9600, -51.3520



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



94.0260, 48.6960, -23.4960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



87.0330, 84.6310, 35.6310



86.9840, 12.9830, -42.5770



89.1870, -81.6540, -17.9900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



89.3380, 59.8680, 60.4120



86.9840, 12.9830, -42.5770



80.0500, -57.3040, -40.7920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



216.0050, -15.5910, 12.7370



162.1050, -67.1640, -27.2920



103.4800, -9.8590, 7.9730



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260



101.0910, -61.1260, 50.5380



109.5870, -7.1610, 47.1990



91.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990



24.4520, -55.0730, 45.4630



5.2780, -12.1060, 10.1500

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



116.7810, 67.4850, 26.9810



129.3730, 104.3450, 41.7930



169.4130, 7.1610, -47.1990



92.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



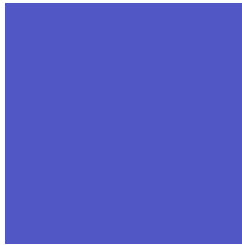
49.8770, 93.9380, 37.6660



10.9920, 20.8140, 8.2540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

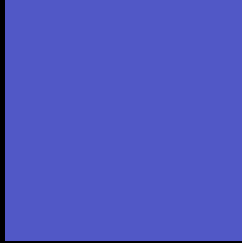
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

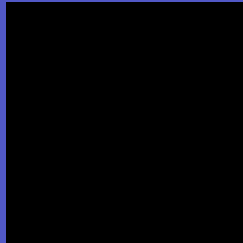
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.4470, -39.4820,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260

Protanopia

79.7220, -92.2050, 13.5470

Deuteranopia

80.1660, -85.1880, 2.0120



Tritanopia

91.1890, -40.4370, -10.5570

Trichromacy



Original Color

98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260

Protanomaly

86.2900, -73.1330, 20.3310

Deuteranomaly

86.7000, -68.7760, 12.9520

Tritanomaly

93.6860, -39.7980, 5.4020

Monochromacy



Original Color

98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260

Achromatopsia

98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.9620, -14.0320, 12.0160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 88, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 88, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 88, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 88, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 88, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 88, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 88, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 88, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 88, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 88,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 98.4470, -39.4820, 32.7260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 88, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 88,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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