

Converting Colors

YIQ(98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(98.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	814D81
RGB	129, 77, 129
RGB Percent	51%, 30%, 51%
CMY	0.4940, 0.6981, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 25%, 40%
HSV	300°, 40%, 51%
XYZ	15.6744, 11.5601, 22.1755
YIQ	98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

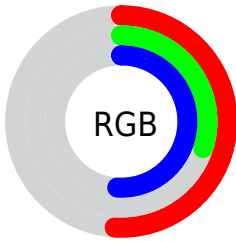
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 77, 129
Decimal	8473985
CIE _{Lab}	40.51, 30.62, -20.24
CIE _{LCh}	41, 36.708, 326.533
Yxy	11.5601, 0.3172, 0.2340
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286664065 (0xFF814D81)
YUV	98.4760, 15.0483, 26.7695
Hunter-Lab	34.0001, 22.7903, -14.8701

Details

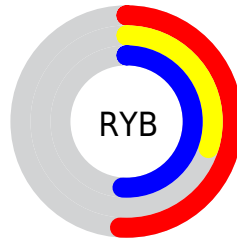
The YIQ color **98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **107.5240, -14.3000, -27.1960**, and the grayscale version is **98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150.0140, 15.7210, 28.9770**, and **50.0520, 12.5580, 25.7260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.8450, 17.8750, 33.9950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **106.1070, 10.7250, 20.3970**.

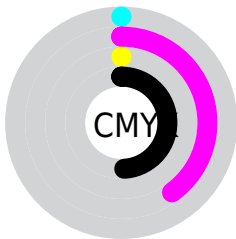
Distribution



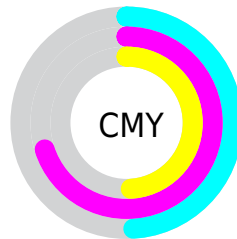
- Red (51%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 98.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

■ 98.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 73.7640, 13.4290,
26.4610

■ 150.0140, 15.7210,
28.9770

■ 50.0520, 12.5580,
25.7260

■ 177.4270, 15.9960,
29.5000

■ 25.4650, 12.8330,
26.2490

■ 205.1390, 16.8670,
30.2350

■ 14.7540, 10.2210,
18.5170

■ 227.9980, 12.6500,
24.0580

■ 1.0260, -2.8890,
2.7990

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

■ 98.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

■ 90.8450, 17.8750,
33.9950

■ 106.1070, 10.7250,
20.3970

■ 83.2140, 21.4500,
40.7940

■ 113.7380, 7.1500,
13.5980

■ 75.5830, 25.0250,
47.5930

■ 121.3690, 3.5750,
6.7990

■ 67.9520, 28.6000,
54.3920

■ 129.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.3210, 32.1750,
61.1910

■ 136.6310, -3.5750,
-6.7990


■ 53.2770, 35.4750,
67.4670

■ 143.6750, -6.8750,
-13.0750

■ 151.3060,
-10.4500, -19.8740

■ 158.9370,

-14.0250, -26.6730

 166.5680,
-17.6000, -33.4720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.4380, -18.0680, 19.0840



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



96.1550, 37.1330, 26.3890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



92.7380, 32.3720, -13.9960



78.3640, -69.0910, -19.8990

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



107.5240, -14.3000, -27.1960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.9440, -59.4610, -29.2290



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



90.0340, 10.6870, -22.9850

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



94.0530, 45.2070, 1.1990



84.1150, -20.3980, -26.8140



79.3390, -75.9700, -10.8660

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



95.3590, 45.0660, 20.2820



84.1150, -20.3980, -26.8140



77.3380, -66.2020, -22.6980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



156.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600



82.9280, -16.6920, 16.1720



76.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



121.0400, 22.0000, 41.8400



95.5120, 22.6460, 19.1100



59.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610



52.7500, 35.5210, 66.6330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960



121.0400, 22.0000, 41.8400



110.4880, -22.6460, -19.1100



59.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610



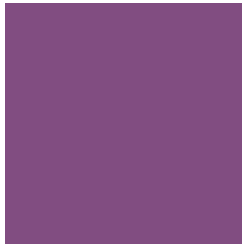
52.7500, 35.5210, 66.6330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

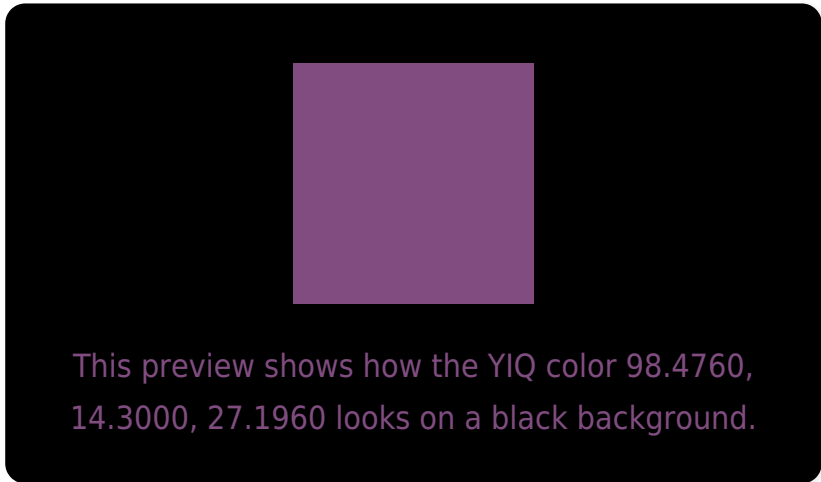
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

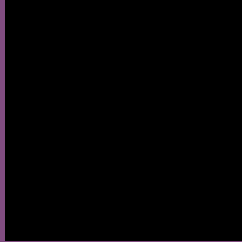
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 98.4760, 14.3000,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Protanopia

95.1010, -24.6690, 12.0590

Deuteranopia

96.1530, -13.2520, 8.8920



Tritanopia

97.4590, 20.9970, 10.4450

Trichromacy



Original Color

98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Protanomaly

96.3910, -10.6860, 17.4580

Deuteranomaly

97.2300, -2.9830, 15.5210

Tritanomaly

97.7780, 18.8410, 16.4810

Monochromacy



Original Color

98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Achromatopsia

98.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

97.8470, 5.2250, 9.9370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 77, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 77, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 77, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 77, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 77, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 77, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 77, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 77, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 77, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 77,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 98.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 77, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 77,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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