

Converting Colors

YIQ(99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810)
contains.

YIQ(99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	367E4F
RGB	54, 126, 79
RGB Percent	21%, 49%, 31%
CMY	0.7884, 0.5058, 0.6903
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.37, 0.51
HSL	141°, 40%, 35%
HSV	141°, 57%, 49%
XYZ	10.3939, 16.2765, 9.9874
YIQ	99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

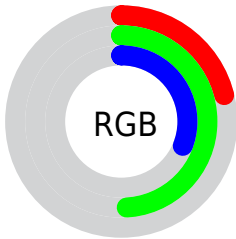
Format	Color
RYB	54, 107, 126
Decimal	3571279
CIELab	47.34, -33.89, 19.00
CIELCh	47, 38.857, 150.725
Yxy	16.2765, 0.2835, 0.4440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281761359 (0xFF367E4F)
YUV	99.1140, -9.9162, -39.5650
Hunter-Lab	40.3442, -24.6153, 13.5634

Details

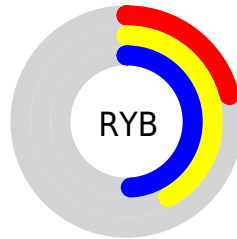
The YIQ color **99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **80.8860, 27.8250, 29.8810**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151.7720, -26.8620, -30.8140**, and **48.4880, -31.8140, -29.1740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.3150, -33.0050, -35.1250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103.9130, -22.6450, -24.6370**.

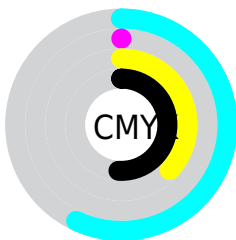
Distribution



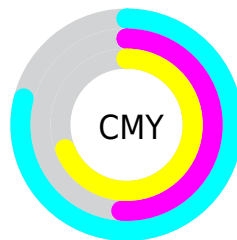
- Red (21%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810

■ 99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 73.1460, -30.8510,
-30.1070

■ 151.7720,
-26.8620, -30.8140

■ 48.4880, -31.8140,
-29.1740

■ 179.2450,
-26.8160, -31.6480

■ 32.4790, -18.4270,
-23.9870

■ 207.4190,
-27.3660, -32.6940

■ 19.3710, -9.0750,
-17.2590

■ 230.0220,
-24.5700, -28.2980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 241.9990,
-16.5950, -13.1310

■ 252.6080, -4.7680,

-1.6960

■ 99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810

■ 99.1140, -27.8250,
-29.8810

■ 94.3150, -33.0050,
-35.1250

■ 103.9130,
-22.6450, -24.6370

■ 89.8150, -37.5890,
-40.1570

■ 108.4130,
-18.0610, -19.6050

■ 84.9020, -42.4480,
-45.7120

■ 113.3260,
-13.2020, -14.0500

■ 80.4020, -47.0320,
-50.7440

■ 117.8260, -8.6180,
-9.0180

■ 78.9780, -48.7740,
-52.2140

■ 122.6250, -3.4380,
-3.7740

■ 127.4240, 1.7420,
1.4700

■ 132.0380, 6.0050,
6.8130

■ 136.8370, 11.1850,
12.0570

■ 141.3370, 15.7690,
17.0890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



105.5990, 7.4780, -25.4020



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



88.4910, -71.4270, -32.6350

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



102.9320, -58.0460, 5.7140



112.3180, 52.3110, 15.6310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



80.8860, 27.8250, 29.8810

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.6180, 43.1390, 27.6750



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



114.1120, -14.0340, 23.0700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



92.0540, -88.3490, -12.2930



115.6940, 19.6180, 29.9380



111.0270, 48.0960, -1.6000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



90.9990, -78.4890, -25.7930



115.6940, 19.6180, 29.9380



112.5830, 50.2470, 19.9990

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



152.5760, -10.9100, -11.5340



110.6160, 8.8080, -27.4800



75.6630, -6.6010, -7.0250



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810



121.1900, -43.3190, -46.4470



103.1040, -39.0600, -18.9960



61.4510, -2.8880, -2.7280



80.1520, -49.3240, -53.2600



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8860, 27.8250, 29.8810



92.8100, 43.3190, 46.4470



76.8960, 39.0600, 18.9960



59.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390



47.7340, 49.6450, 52.9490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

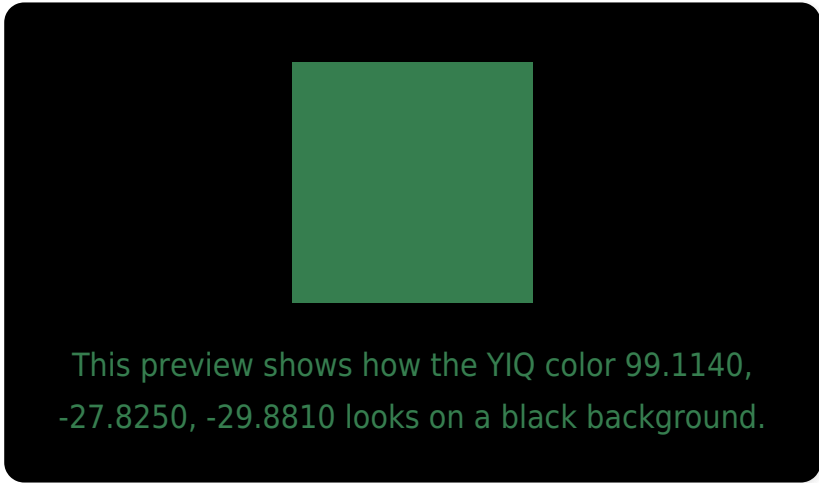
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

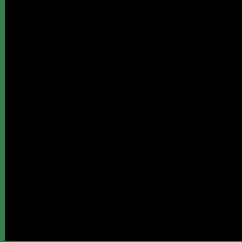
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.1140, -27.8250,

-29.8810.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810

Protanopia

110.2450, 17.8830, -10.2210

Deuteranopia

111.7390, 22.6040, -2.1640



Tritanopia

105.5920, -34.2020, -7.9140

Trichromacy



Original Color

99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810

Protanomaly

106.2320, 1.5620, -17.3020

Deuteranomaly

107.3620, 4.3120, -12.0720

Tritanomaly

103.1050, -31.6330, -15.9290

Monochromacy



Original Color

99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810

Achromatopsia

99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

99.2880, -10.0390, -10.7990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 126, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 126, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 126, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 126, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 126, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 126, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 126, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 126, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 126, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 126,  
79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.1140, -27.8250, -29.8810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 126, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 126,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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