

# Converting Colors

YIQ(99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(99.2460, -79.0010,  
16.5430)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	226ED7
RGB	34, 110, 215
RGB Percent	13%, 43%, 84%
CMY	0.8667, 0.5685, 0.1573
CMYK	0.84, 0.49, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	215°, 73%, 49%
HSV	215°, 84%, 84%
XYZ	18.4909, 16.3995, 66.4130
YIQ	99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

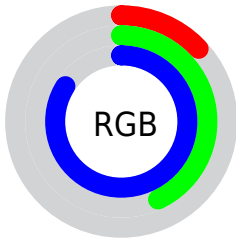
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">34, 88, 215</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">2256599</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">47.49, 16.04, -60.14</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">47, 62.242, 284.930</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.3995, 0.1825, 0.1619</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280446679 (0xFF226ED7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">99.2460, 57.0667, -57.2207</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.4963, 10.6359, -68.8868</a>

# Details

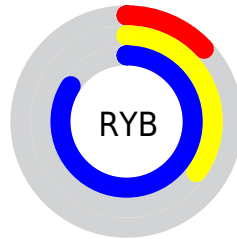
The YIQ color **99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **149.7540, 79.0010, -16.5430**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156.7660, -59.9740, 18.6340**, and **55.6940, -68.6390, 15.9770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.9230, -88.2170, 18.3670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.5690, -69.7850, 14.7190**.

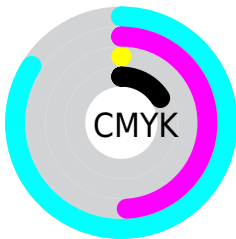
# Distribution



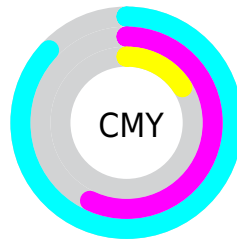
- Red (13%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 99.2460, -79.0010,  
16.5430

■ 99.2460, -79.0010,  
16.5430

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 71.8000, -83.6770,  
13.1790

■ 156.7660,  
-59.9740, 18.6340

■ 55.6940, -68.6390,  
15.9770

■ 181.8840,  
-48.9230, 11.0850

■ 40.2890, -54.1970,  
18.5630

■ 207.0020,  
-37.8720, 3.5360

■ 26.8730, -41.2220,  
20.2020

■ 233.2940,  
-27.3710, -5.0590

■ 13.4570, -28.2470,  
21.8410

■ 248.7210,  
-12.5160, -4.4520

■ 9.5470, -19.9930,  
15.4230

■ 5.1640, -11.7850,

9.8390

■ 1.1400, -3.2100,  
3.1100

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 99.2460, -79.0010,  
16.5430

■ 99.2460, -79.0010,  
16.5430

■ 85.9230, -88.2170,  
18.3670

■ 112.5690,  
-69.7850, 14.7190

■ 77.3400, -93.7650,  
19.7950

■ 126.7780,  
-60.2480, 12.5840

■ 140.1010,  
-51.0320, 10.7600

■ 154.3100,  
-41.4950, 8.6250

■ 167.6330,  
-32.2790, 6.8010

■ 181.8420,  
-22.7420, 4.6660

■ 195.1650,  
-13.5260, 2.8420

■ 209.3740, -3.9890,  
0.7070

■ 222.6970, 5.2270,  
-1.1170

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.3580, -103.3440, 0.6560



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



115.8670, 3.6140, 44.6540

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



106.1670, 80.4170, 12.8730



88.7070, -63.7680, -44.7920

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



149.7540, 79.0010, -16.5430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6690, -17.0470, -49.0070



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



106.5290, 66.3930, -19.3270

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



103.7260, 78.4860, 42.3740



102.7540, 34.3020, -37.9700



95.5640, -81.6980, -28.2100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



111.4600, 38.7330, 52.4690



102.7540, 34.3020, -37.9700



85.4810, -57.4400, -49.3440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



214.1450, -27.9690, 5.7830



151.9890, -82.8380, -62.6300



102.8380, -16.9190, 3.7610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430



91.8790, -111.2800, 23.3440



58.2220, -50.9490, 58.8350



100.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



61.7580, -74.6910, 15.5250



15.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.7830, 83.4800, 62.0080



88.4430, 117.6330, 87.3370



190.7780, 50.9490, -58.8350



99.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



59.3370, 78.8040, 58.6440

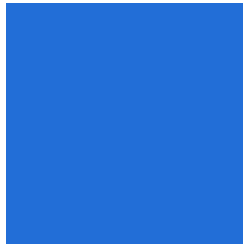


14.9090, 19.8500, 14.7140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.2460, -79.0010,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430

### Protanopia

103.5250, -66.4850, 20.9950

### Deuteranopia

89.7180, -95.5500, 2.5780



## Tritanopia

87.9500, -76.7930, -23.4890

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430

## Protanomaly

102.1330, -71.2530, 19.2990

## Deuteranomaly

93.2890, -89.7280, 7.2000

## Tritanomaly

92.0230, -77.8960, -9.0000

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430

## Achromatopsia

99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

98.9600, -28.8860, 5.8820

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 110, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 110, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 110, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 110, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 110, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 110, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 110, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 110, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 110, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 110,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.2460, -79.0010, 16.5430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 110, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 110,  
215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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