

# Converting Colors

YIQ(99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(99.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B625CC
RGB	182, 37, 204
RGB Percent	71%, 15%, 80%
CMY	0.2858, 0.8551, 0.2000
CMYK	0.11, 0.82, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	292°, 69%, 47%
HSV	292°, 82%, 80%
XYZ	30.8773, 15.6380, 58.5179
YIQ	99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

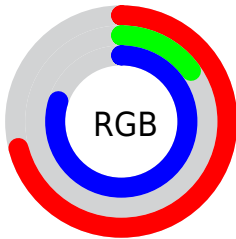
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	182, 37, 204
Decimal	11937228
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	46.50, 74.34, -54.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 92.388, 323.576
Yxy	15.6380, 0.2940, 0.1489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290127308 (0xFFB625CC)
YUV	99.3930, 51.5713, 72.4463
Hunter-Lab	39.5450, 70.1715, -60.0548

# Details

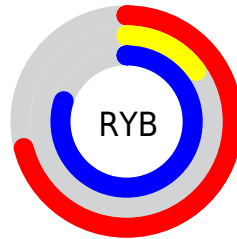
The YIQ color **99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **141.6070, -32.8130, -82.6770**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.3020, 34.3270, 77.2630**, and **54.0620, 26.0750, 72.6270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.7560, 36.5250, 92.5010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **112.0300, 29.1010, 72.8530**.

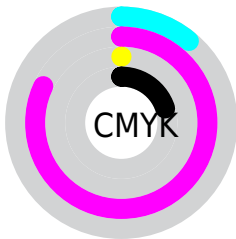
# Distribution



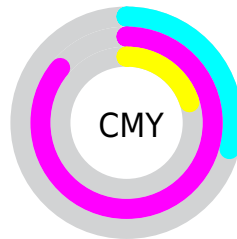
- Red (71%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



99.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

99.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

65.8110, 34.6920,  
87.1720

161.3020, 34.3270,  
77.2630

54.0620, 26.0750,  
72.6270

182.2120, 34.1000,  
64.8520

42.6120, 18.0540,  
58.2940

199.2350, 26.1250,  
49.6850

31.3900, 9.3910,  
44.5830

216.2580, 18.1500,  
34.5180

20.1680, 0.7280,  
30.8720

233.8680, 9.9000,  
18.8280

5.4720, -15.4080,  
14.9280

250.8910, 1.9250,

3.5510, -8.6210,

3.6610

7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 99.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

■ 99.3930, 32.8130,  
82.6770

■ 86.7560, 36.5250,  
92.5010

■ 112.0300, 29.1010,  
72.8530

■ 76.1790, 40.0080,  
100.9680

■ 124.9550, 24.5180,  
62.2940

■ 137.5920, 20.8060,  
52.4700

■ 150.8160, 16.8190,  
42.1230

■ 163.1540, 12.5110,  
32.0870

■ 175.7910, 8.7990,  
22.2630

■ 189.0150, 4.8120,  
11.9160

■ 201.3530, 0.5040,  
1.8800

■ 214.5770, -3.4830,  
-8.4670

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.5960, -108.8050, 28.0510



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



84.1880, 96.5420, 89.6140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



104.4250, 60.7540, -21.7580



101.6740, -93.3910, -20.0390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



141.6070, -32.8130, -82.6770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.9670, -67.4360, -44.3960



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



94.9140, 10.0040, -49.1640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



94.7430, 105.0380, 12.7020



78.6580, -36.8500, -70.0820



107.9100, -113.7060, 1.2220



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



80.2820, 116.1680, 75.3360



78.6580, -36.8500, -70.0820



98.7100, -85.0450, -28.1250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



215.0400, 12.8320, 31.7760



68.9520, -59.6570, 40.4310



103.3130, 7.1490, 19.1250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



98.3830, 49.0820, 123.7540



99.0170, 65.5060, 68.3700



95.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180



61.9800, 32.5380, 82.1540



14.1990, 7.4700, 18.8140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.4410, 92.4700, 42.2460



83.5120, 138.4070, 63.2630



141.9830, -65.5060, -68.3700



95.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310



52.1420, 91.8740, 42.0340



11.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

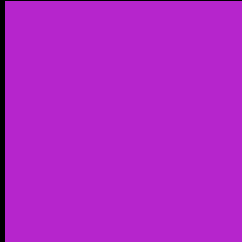
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

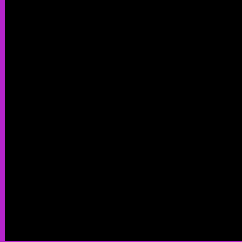
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.3930, 32.8130,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770

### Protanopia

88.5730, -101.9710, 14.3250

### Deuteranopia

101.2010, -65.9330, 10.9870



## Tritanopia

110.5010, 47.5420, 19.4620

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



## Protanomaly

92.7200, -53.1920, 38.9040



## Deuteranomaly

100.7580, -29.9920, 36.9520



## Tritanomaly

106.6910, 42.0360, 42.1640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770



## Achromatopsia

99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

98.8010, 12.0070, 30.2070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 37, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 37, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 37, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 37, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 37, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 37, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 37, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 37, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 37, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 37,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.3930, 32.8130, 82.6770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 37, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182, 37,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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