

Converting Colors

YIQ(99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C615A
RGB	108, 97, 90
RGB Percent	42%, 38%, 35%
CMY	0.5764, 0.6196, 0.6470
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.17, 0.58
HSL	23°, 9%, 39%
HSV	23°, 17%, 42%
XYZ	12.3052, 12.4754, 11.4346
YIQ	99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

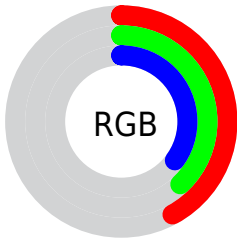
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 101, 90
Decimal	7102810
CIE Lab	41.96, 3.11, 5.58
CIE LCh	42, 6.382, 60.881
Yxy	12.4754, 0.3398, 0.3445
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285292890 (0xFF6C615A)
YUV	99.4910, -4.6791, 7.4624
Hunter-Lab	35.3205, 0.3761, 5.5299

Details

The YIQ color **99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **98.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550**, and the grayscale version is **100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150.6760, 9.7200, 0.0560**, and **52.8930, 7.6110, -0.2690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.1280, 14.2590, 0.3950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **104.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850**.

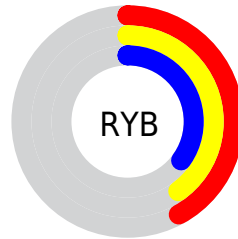
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (38%)

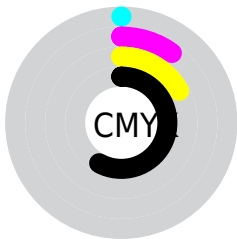
Blue (35%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (35%)

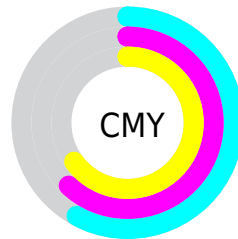


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 99.4910, 8.8030,
0.1550

■ 99.4910, 8.8030,
0.1550

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 75.6050, 8.4820,
0.4660

■ 150.6760, 9.7200,
0.0560

■ 52.8930, 7.6110,
-0.2690

■ 176.9750, 10.3160,
0.2680

■ 31.7080, 6.6940,
-0.1700

■ 204.6760, 9.7200,
0.0560

■ 7.4310, 9.0320,
1.5120

■ 232.8610, 10.6370,
-0.0430

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 254.4300, 1.6050,
-1.5550

■ 99.4910, 8.8030,
0.1550

■ 99.4910, 8.8030,
0.1550

■ 94.1280, 14.2590,
0.3950

■ 104.8540, 3.3470,
-0.0850

■ 89.3520, 19.4400,
0.1120

■ 109.6300, -1.8340,
0.1980

■ 84.1030, 24.5750,
0.6630

■ 114.8790, -6.9690,
-0.3530

■ 79.3270, 29.7560,
0.3800

■ 119.6550,
-12.1500, -0.0700

■ 73.9640, 35.2120,
0.6200

■ 125.0180,
-17.6060, -0.3100

■ 68.6010, 40.6680,
0.8600

■ 130.3810,
-23.0620, -0.5500

■ 63.8250, 45.8490,
0.5770

■ 135.1570,
-28.2430, -0.2670

■ 58.5760, 50.9840,

■ 140.4060,

1.1280

-33.3780, -0.8180

■ 56.9460, 52.8180,
0.9300

■ 145.1820,
-38.5590, -0.5350

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.9580, 8.9860, 2.3460



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



99.0560, 5.5940, -2.2620

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



97.1730, -7.9770, -4.1130



99.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



98.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



97.4440, -10.1780, -2.7700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



97.7990, -3.9880, -4.8200



97.9110, -9.9950, -0.5790



99.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



98.4470, 2.9350, -3.6330



97.9110, -9.9950, -0.5790



99.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



136.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850



96.6360, 7.1970, 7.2370



69.3700, 1.8340, -0.1980



199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



126.8290, 13.6630, 0.1830



104.7740, 6.3280, -4.5520



50.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260



61.9850, 57.0820, 0.7460



129.0200, 119.8950, 2.2550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550



125.1710, -13.6630, -0.1830



93.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520



50.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



55.6020, -57.3570, -1.2690



115.9800, -119.8950, -2.2550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

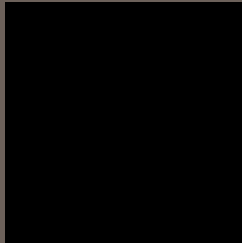
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Protanopia

99.2840, 4.9520, -1.6400

Deuteranopia

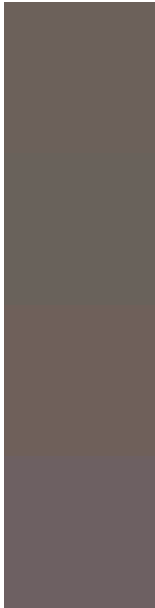
100.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260



Tritanopia

100.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680

Trichromacy



Original Color

99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Protanomaly

99.2950, 6.4190, -0.6930

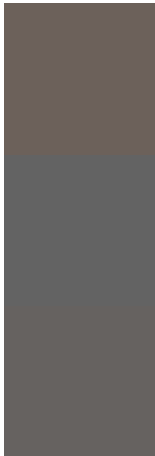
Deuteranomaly

99.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140

Tritanomaly

100.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780

Monochromacy



Original Color

99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Achromatopsia

99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

98.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 97, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 97, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 97, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 97, 90) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 97, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 97, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 97, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 97, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 97,  
90) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 97, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 97,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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