

# Converting Colors

YIQ(99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(99.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	735973
RGB	115, 89, 115
RGB Percent	45%, 35%, 45%
CMY	0.5489, 0.6510, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	300°, 13%, 40%
HSV	300°, 23%, 45%
XYZ	13.7390, 12.0270, 17.8176
YIQ	99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

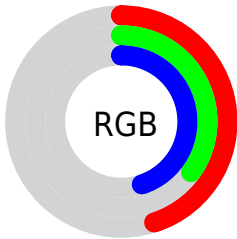
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	115, 89, 115
Decimal	7559539
CIE Lab	41.26, 15.60, -10.67
CIE LCh	41, 18.902, 325.627
Yxy	12.0270, 0.3152, 0.2760
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285749619 (0xFF735973)
YUV	99.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848
Hunter-Lab	34.6800, 10.0254, -6.1856

# Details

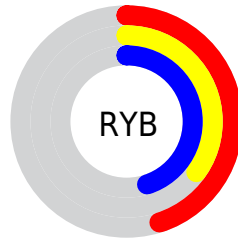
The YIQ color  $99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $104.2620, -7.1500, -13.5980$ , and the grayscale version is  $100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $150.5640, 7.7000, 14.6440$ , and  $52.6130, 6.0040, 12.3400$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $92.6940, 10.4500, 19.8740$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $106.1950, 4.1250, 7.8450$ .

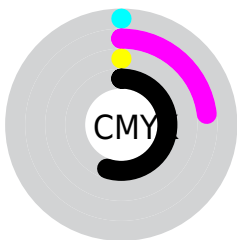
# Distribution



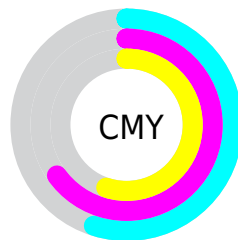
- Red (45%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 99.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980

■ 99.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 75.3250, 6.8750,  
13.0750

■ 150.5640, 7.7000,  
14.6440

■ 52.9120, 6.6000,  
12.5520

■ 177.8630, 8.2960,  
14.8560

■ 31.2000, 5.7290,  
11.8170

■ 205.2760, 8.5710,  
15.3790

■ 10.3250, 6.8750,  
13.0750

■ 233.3900, 8.2500,  
15.6900

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 251.4780, 1.6500,  
3.1380

■ 99.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980

■ 99.7380, 7.1500,  
13.5980

■ 92.6940, 10.4500,  
19.8740

■ 106.1950, 4.1250,  
7.8450

■ 86.2370, 13.4750,  
25.6270

■ 113.2390, 0.8250,  
1.5690

■ 79.1930, 16.7750,  
31.9030

■ 119.6960, -2.2000,  
-4.1840

■ 72.7360, 19.8000,  
37.6560

■ 126.7400, -5.5000,  
-10.4600

■ 65.6920, 23.1000,  
43.9320

■ 133.7840, -8.8000,  
-16.7360

■ 59.2350, 26.1250,  
49.6850

■ 140.2410,  
-11.8250, -22.4890

■ 52.1910, 29.4250,  
55.9610


■ 147.2850,  
-15.1250, -28.7650

■ 47.4950, 31.6250,

■ 153.7420,

60.1450

-18.1500, -34.5180

 160.7860,  
-21.4500, -40.7940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.4310, -8.1630, 10.2770



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



99.5560, 19.3460, 12.8340

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



97.0650, 18.5700, -6.1500



89.4130, -35.2560, -10.8400

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



104.2620, -7.1500, -13.5980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.8780, -23.5640, -13.4840



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



94.6720, 6.3750, -10.9130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



97.8150, 25.4460, 1.3980



93.0770, -8.0670, -13.4990



91.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



99.3130, 24.3440, 10.3600



93.0770, -8.0670, -13.4990



89.4410, -32.4590, -11.9710

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



144.1300, 2.7500, 5.2300



91.9640, -8.3460, 8.0860



72.7770, 2.2460, 3.3500



204.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



77.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



126.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200



98.2560, 11.3230, 9.5550



55.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



50.3860, 33.5500, 63.8060



103.2500, 68.7500, 130.7500



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980



126.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200



105.7440, -11.3230, -9.5550



55.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



50.3860, 33.5500, 63.8060



103.2500, 68.7500, 130.7500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.7380, 7.1500,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

### Protanopia

98.1270, -10.3630, 6.0930

### Deuteranopia

98.3620, -3.7150, 6.7570



## Tritanopia

99.0770, 10.2690, 6.6290

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

## Protanomaly

98.5300, -4.1280, 8.7360

## Deuteranomaly

98.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

## Tritanomaly

99.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980

## Achromatopsia

100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

99.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 89, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 89, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 89, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 89, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 89, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 89, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 89, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 89, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 89, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 89,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.7380, 7.1500, 13.5980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 89, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 89,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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