

Converting Colors

YIQ(99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(99.7550, 9.6210,
40.4130)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86479E
RGB	134, 71, 158
RGB Percent	53%, 28%, 62%
CMY	0.4743, 0.7217, 0.3804
CMYK	0.15, 0.55, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	283°, 38%, 45%
HSV	283°, 55%, 62%
XYZ	18.2623, 12.0441, 33.7066
YIQ	99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

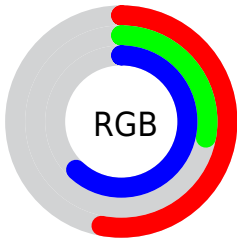
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 71, 158
Decimal	8800158
CIE _{Lab}	41.29, 41.60, -36.53
CIE _{LCh}	41, 55.357, 318.714
Yxy	12.0441, 0.2853, 0.1882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286990238 (0xFF86479E)
YUV	99.7550, 28.7148, 30.0329
Hunter-Lab	34.7046, 33.1973, -33.2917

Details

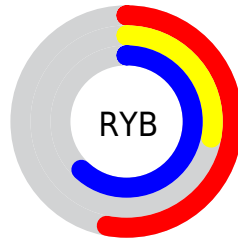
The YIQ color **99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **129.2450, -9.6210, -40.4130**, and the grayscale version is **99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **152.4070, 10.7210, 42.5050**, and **48.3420, 9.3460, 39.8900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.1670, 11.6370, 47.9330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.3430, 7.6050, 32.8930**.

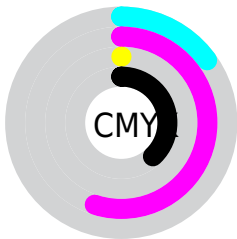
Distribution



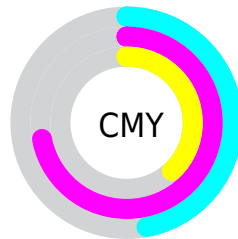
- Red (53%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 99.7550, 9.6210,
40.4130

■ 99.7550, 9.6210,
40.4130

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 74.0430, 8.7500,
39.6780

■ 152.4070, 10.7210,
42.5050

■ 48.3420, 9.3460,
39.8900

■ 180.2330, 11.2710,
43.5510

■ 25.9780, 7.3750,
37.0630

■ 206.2350, 16.9570,
39.6210

■ 17.0770, 2.2420,
25.4580

■ 225.0630, 14.0250,
26.6730

■ 3.9900, -11.2350,
10.8850

■ 241.4990, 6.3250,
12.0290

■ 1.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 99.7550, 9.6210,
40.4130

■ 99.7550, 9.6210,
40.4130

■ 89.1670, 11.6370,
47.9330

■ 110.3430, 7.6050,
32.8930

■ 78.2800, 13.0570,
55.2410

■ 121.2300, 6.1850,
25.5850

■ 68.2790, 14.7980,
62.2380

■ 131.2310, 4.4440,
18.5880

■ 57.6910, 16.8140,
69.7580

■ 141.8190, 2.4280,
11.0680

■ 52.3970, 17.8220,
73.5180

■ 152.7060, 1.0080,
3.7600

■ 163.2940, -1.0080,
-3.7600

■ 173.8820, -3.0240,
-11.2800

■ 184.1820, -4.1690,
-18.0650

■ 194.7700, -6.1850,
-25.5850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.7130, -52.4550, 20.0330



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



93.2190, 49.4170, 46.0650

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



91.7110, 54.1970, -18.5630



83.5160, -72.5750, -22.8390

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



129.2450, -9.6210, -40.4130

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5710, -57.2130, -36.9330



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



88.2570, 25.6360, -35.1000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



92.2470, 68.2680, 7.2760



77.6500, -24.0630, -42.9990



86.3150, -84.5900, -8.8300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



90.3160, 64.9610, 39.6890



77.6500, -24.0630, -42.9990



81.8060, -67.7600, -27.5040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



182.8780, 3.9400, 16.7080



95.5930, -34.8020, 13.9820



90.8790, 2.1990, 9.7110



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130



115.2190, 15.0270, 63.5950



104.7650, 30.0240, 39.5920



73.7060, 1.0080, 3.7600



47.3980, 16.0810, 66.5210



4.9990, 1.7410, 6.9970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.7490, 44.1480, 25.9080



115.2950, 69.4540, 40.8620



124.2350, -30.0240, -39.5920



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



47.2030, 72.7090, 42.4450



4.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

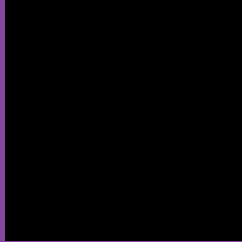
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.7550, 9.6210,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130

Protanopia

92.5450, -52.0420, 18.0540

Deuteranopia

95.5990, -34.9390, 10.9570



Tritanopia

99.7470, 20.1260, 9.7100

Trichromacy



Original Color

99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130

Protanomaly

95.0210, -29.7150, 26.4210

Deuteranomaly

97.1330, -18.5270, 21.8970

Tritanomaly

99.7440, 16.1810, 20.6370

Monochromacy



Original Color

99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130

Achromatopsia

100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

99.5250, 3.4360, 14.8280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 71, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 71, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 71, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 71, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

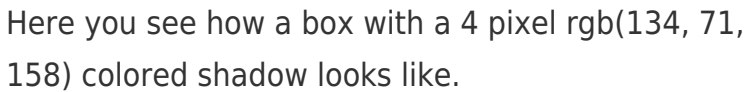
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 71, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 71, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 71, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 71, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 71, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 71, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.7550, 9.6210, 40.4130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 71, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 71,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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