

Converting Colors

YIQ(99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(99.9140, -14.0770,
7.3230)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B6380
RGB	91, 99, 128
RGB Percent	36%, 39%, 50%
CMY	0.6431, 0.6117, 0.4981
CMYK	0.29, 0.23, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	227°, 17%, 43%
HSV	227°, 29%, 50%
XYZ	12.6715, 12.7065, 22.1999
YIQ	99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

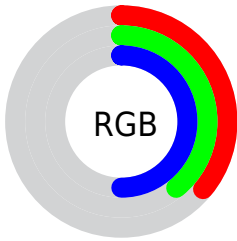
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 98, 128
Decimal	5989248
CIE _{Lab}	42.32, 4.06, -17.17
CIE _{LCh}	42, 17.639, 283.300
Yxy	12.7065, 0.2663, 0.2671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284179328 (0xFF5B6380)
YUV	99.9140, 13.8464, -7.8176
Hunter-Lab	35.6461, 1.0725, -11.9727

Details

The YIQ color **99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **119.0860, 14.0770, -7.3230**, and the grayscale version is **100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **151.1420, -14.7190, 7.9450**, and **53.2730, -13.7100, 6.1780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90.1570, -19.0750, 9.7970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109.6710, -9.0790, 4.8490**.

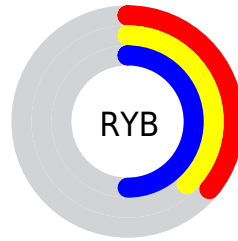
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (39%)

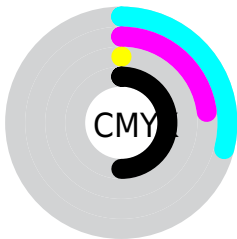
Blue (50%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (50%)

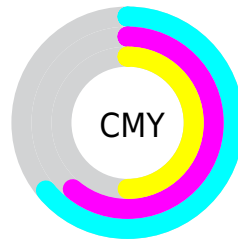


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 99.9140, -14.0770,
7.3230

■ 99.9140, -14.0770,
7.3230

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 75.8000, -13.7560,
7.0120

■ 151.1420,
-14.7190, 7.9450

■ 53.2730, -13.7100,
6.1780

■ 177.5550,
-14.4440, 8.4680

■ 31.4470, -14.2600,
5.1320

■ 205.3700,
-15.3610, 8.5670

■ 7.9850, -12.8390,
6.9130

■ 232.2300,
-12.1510, 5.4570

■ 1.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 254.4020, -1.1920,
-0.4240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.9140, -14.0770,
7.3230

■ 99.9140, -14.0770,
7.3230

■ 90.1570, -19.0750,
9.7970

■ 109.6710, -9.0790,
4.8490

■ 80.4000, -24.0730,
12.2710

■ 119.4280, -4.0810,
2.3750

■ 70.9420, -28.4750,
14.9570

■ 128.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 61.1850, -33.4730,
17.4310

■ 138.6430, 5.3190,
-2.7850

■ 51.4280, -38.4710,
19.9050

■ 148.4000, 10.3170,
-5.2590

■ 41.6710, -43.4690,
22.3790

■ 158.1570, 15.3150,
-7.7330

■ 31.9140, -48.4670,
24.8530

■ 167.9140, 20.3130,
-10.2070

■ 31.0280, -48.7880,

■ 177.3720, 24.7150,

25.1640

-12.8930

 187.1290, 29.7130,
-15.3670

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.7550, -27.0510, 0.1570



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



101.8620, 0.8690, 11.7890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



101.2110, 24.3910, 3.9990



94.4120, -16.3200, -12.6080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



119.0860, 14.0770, -7.3230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.5400, -2.0610, -12.2130



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



99.8420, 20.8160, -2.8000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



101.5300, 22.2350, 10.0350



98.4770, 11.4180, -8.6940



93.1210, -28.5620, -11.0100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



102.1790, 10.2220, 12.9900



98.4770, 11.4180, -8.6940



95.3370, -11.7350, -13.1030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



154.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960



116.0250, -19.4840, -10.3320



77.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



212.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



84.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230



121.6560, -21.9180, 11.7620



98.2080, -5.9170, 13.6270



58.9720, -2.7970, 1.1310



31.0280, -48.7880, 25.1640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102.9750, 19.4840, 10.3320



126.7100, 30.7160, 16.0280



120.7920, 5.9170, -13.6270



59.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



41.4640, 67.3000, 35.8440



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

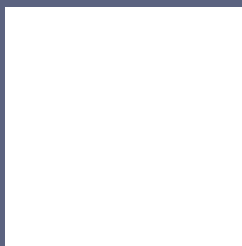
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230.

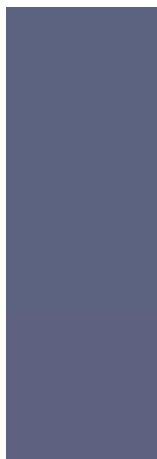


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 99.9140, -14.0770,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Protanopia

100.2130, -13.4810, 7.5350

Deuteranopia

100.2240, -12.0140, 8.4820



Tritanopia

98.4270, -11.5080, -0.6920

Trichromacy



Original Color

99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Protanomaly

100.2130, -13.4810, 7.5350

Deuteranomaly

99.9250, -12.6100, 8.2700

Tritanomaly

98.9370, -12.8840, 2.2200

Monochromacy



Original Color

99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Achromatopsia

100.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

100.2430, -4.9980, 2.4740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 99, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 99, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 99, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 99, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 99, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 99, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 99, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 99, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 99, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 99,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 99.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 99, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 99,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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