

# Converting Colors

YUV(10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137)  
contains.

<b>YUV(10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**YUV(10.1440, -5.0010,  
17.4137)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E0200
RGB	30, 2, 0
RGB Percent	12%, 1%, 0%
CMY	0.8824, 0.9922, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.93, 1.00, 0.88
HSL	4°, 100%, 6%
HSV	4°, 100%, 12%
XYZ	0.5571, 0.3194, 0.0323
YIQ	10.1440, 17.3300, 5.3140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

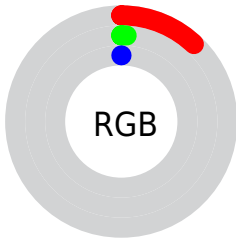
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	30, 2, 0
Decimal	1966592
CIE Lab	2.89, 10.38, 4.51
CIE LCh	3, 11.323, 23.488
Yxy	0.3194, 0.6130, 0.3515
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280156672 (0xFF1E0200)
YUV	10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137
Hunter-Lab	5.6519, 7.7047, 3.6175

# Details

The YUV color **10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **19.8560, 5.0010, -17.4137**, and the grayscale version is **10.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2470, -4.5588, 15.5694**.

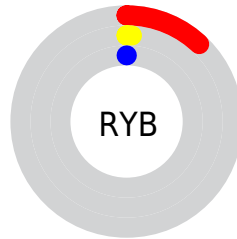
# Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (1%)

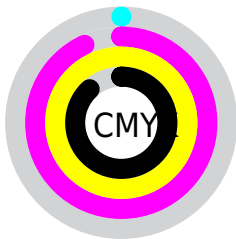
Blue (0%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (0%)

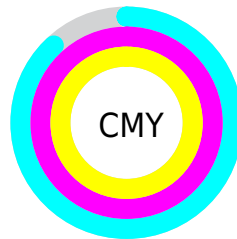


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (88%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 10.1440, -5.0010,  
17.4137

■ 10.1440, -5.0010,  
17.4137

■ 235.8450, -4.8536,  
16.7989

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398

■ 78.4750, -3.6852,  
15.3694

■ 102.6600, -4.2694,  
16.0842


■ 127.9590, -4.4168,  
16.6990


■ 154.2580, -4.5642,  
17.3137


■ 180.5570, -4.7116,


17.9285


 208.7420, -5.2958,  
18.6433


 10.1440, -5.0010,  
17.4137

 12.2470, -4.5588,  
15.5694

 14.3500, -4.1165,  
13.7251

 15.8660, -3.3849,  
12.3955

 17.9690, -2.9427,  
10.5512

 20.0720, -2.5005,  
8.7069

■ 22.1750, -2.0583,  
6.8625

■ 24.2780, -1.6161,  
5.0182

■ 25.7940, -0.8844,  
3.6887

■ 27.8970, -0.4422,  
1.8443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



10.7090, -5.2795, 13.4102

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



9.3920, -4.6303, -8.2368



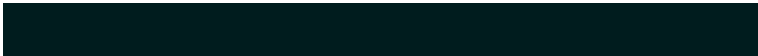
10.2360, 8.7577, -8.9770

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



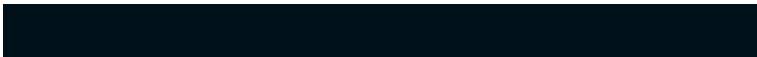
10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



19.8560, 5.0010, -17.4137

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.2420, 6.2897, -10.7362



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



10.7770, -1.8621, -9.4514

# Square

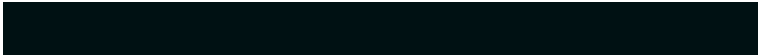
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



8.8270, -4.3517, -4.2333



12.1450, 3.3795, -10.6512



10.7640, 8.0043, -0.6700



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



10.9750, -5.4107, 8.7919



12.1450, 3.3795, -10.6512



11.2960, 7.7421, -9.9066

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



30.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



12.1620, 7.8081, 15.6439



15.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886



148.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137



13.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171



18.9490, -9.3419, 9.6917



14.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



26.5560, -13.0921, 45.9934

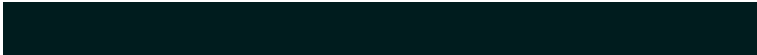


70.1110, -34.5647, 120.0517

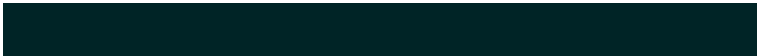


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8560, 5.0010, -17.4137



25.4640, 6.1802, -22.3319



11.0510, 9.3419, -9.6917



14.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



52.4440, 13.0921, -45.9934

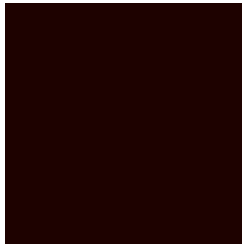


136.8890, 34.5647, -120.0517



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

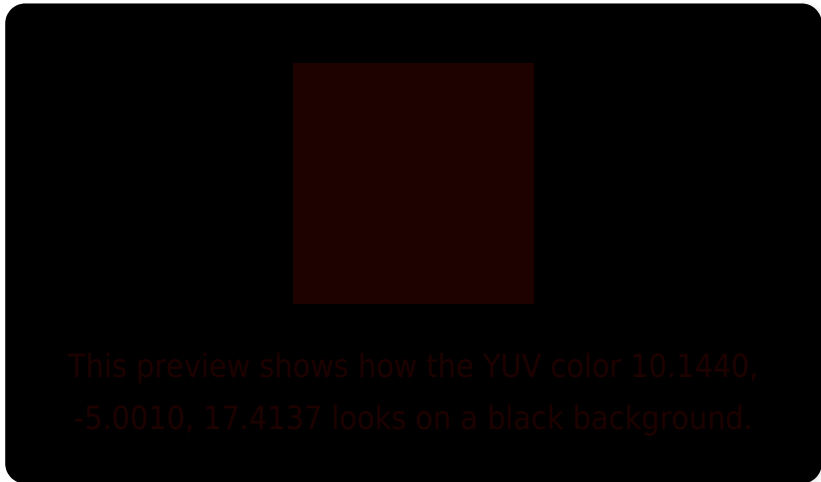
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

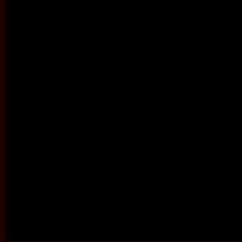
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 10.1440, -5.0010,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

14.3440, -5.0996, 2.3293

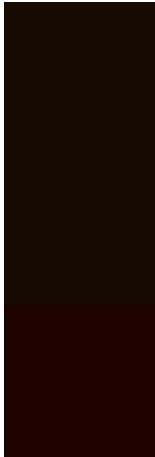
### Deuteranopia

13.8990, -6.8522, 4.4736

### Tritanopia

10.7310, -5.2904, 16.8989

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

12.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772

## Deuteranomaly

12.7470, -6.2843, 8.9919

## Tritanomaly

10.7310, -5.2904, 16.8989

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

10.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

9.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 2, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 2, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 2, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 2, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 2, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 2, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 2, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 2, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 2, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 2, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 10.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 2, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 2,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor