

Converting Colors

YUV(100.0650, -18.7660,
-0.9340)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(100.0650, -18.7660,
-0.9340)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636C3E
RGB	99, 108, 62
RGB Percent	39%, 42%, 24%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5765, 0.7569
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.43, 0.58
HSL	72°, 27%, 33%
HSV	72°, 43%, 42%
XYZ	11.3777, 13.7256, 6.6071
YIQ	100.0650, 9.4020, -16.2140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

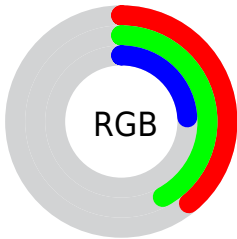
Format	Color
RYB	62, 108, 71
Decimal	6515774
CIELab	43.84, -11.50, 24.57
CIElCh	44, 27.131, 115.074
Yxy	13.7256, 0.3588, 0.4328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284705854 (0xFF636C3E)
YUV	100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340
Hunter-Lab	37.0480, -10.0158, 15.3600

Details

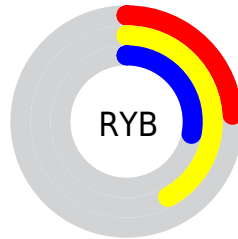
The YUV color $100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $69.9350, 18.7660, 0.9340$, and the grayscale version is $100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $151.0220, -20.2238, -0.0193$, and $53.1080, -17.3082, -1.8487$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $98.2130, -23.2760, -1.0638$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $101.9170, -14.2561, -0.8042$.

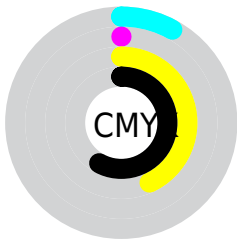
Distribution



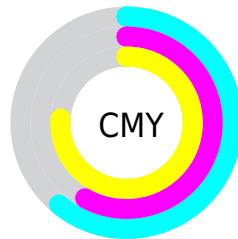
- Red (39%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 100.0650,
-18.7660, -0.9340

■ 100.0650,
-18.7660, -0.9340

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 76.1790, -18.3292,
-1.0340

■ 151.0220,
-20.2238, -0.0193

■ 53.1080, -17.3082,
-1.8487

■ 177.9080,
-20.6606, 0.0807

■ 32.1620, -15.8559,
-1.0191

■ 205.3810,
-21.3868, -0.3341

■ 11.7400, -5.7878,
-10.2960

■ 233.6800,
-21.5342, 0.2806

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 250.7820,
-16.1615, 3.6992

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,

0.8998

■ 100.0650,
-18.7660, -0.9340

■ 100.0650,
-18.7660, -0.9340

■ 98.2130, -23.2760,
-1.0638

■ 101.9170,
-14.2561, -0.8042

■ 96.3610, -27.7860,
-1.1936

■ 103.7690, -9.7461,
-0.6744

■ 94.6230, -31.8591,
-1.4234

■ 105.5070, -5.6730,
-0.4446

■ 92.7710, -36.3691,
-1.5532

■ 107.3590, -1.1630,
-0.3148

■ 90.6200, -40.7317,
-2.2977

■ 109.5100, 3.1996,
0.4297

■ 89.4090, -44.0786,
-2.1127

■ 111.3620, 7.7095,
0.5595

■ 113.2140, 12.2195,
0.6893

■ 114.9520, 16.2927,
0.9191

■ 116.8040, 20.8026,
1.0489

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102.3770, -21.8779, 17.2094



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



96.9360, -9.8284, -20.9919

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



87.6730, 25.7972, -61.1032



105.8500, 1.0600, 33.4576

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



69.9350, 18.7660, 0.9340

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.5090, 11.5811, 18.8476



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



98.8170, 24.2472, -30.5345

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



81.4130, 20.0094, -71.3992



104.7280, 19.3611, -3.2695



104.8260, -9.2812, 36.9866

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



93.7260, -1.3439, -35.7167



104.7280, 19.3611, -3.2695



106.1530, 4.8546, 29.6838

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



137.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447



80.4500, -9.0959, 24.1613



69.1480, -4.5100, -0.1298



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340



127.7200, -28.9490, -1.5084



93.4870, -15.5231, -14.4591



53.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



96.7850, -47.7150, -2.4424



202.7180, -99.9400, -5.0147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.9350, 18.7660, 0.9340



81.2800, 28.9490, 1.5084



76.5130, 15.5231, 14.4591



48.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



20.2150, 47.7150, 2.4424



42.2820, 99.9400, 5.0147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

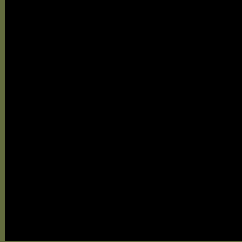
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340.

-0.9340.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340

Protanopia

101.6750, -20.5458, 9.9320

Deuteranopia

102.7840, -19.1205, 19.4834



Tritanopia

103.8090, 3.0522, 1.0445

Trichromacy



Original Color

100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340

Protanomaly

100.8810, -19.6613, 6.2434

Deuteranomaly

101.7400, -19.0988, 12.5060

Tritanomaly

102.4470, -4.6574, 0.4850

Monochromacy



Original Color

100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340

Achromatopsia

100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

100.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 108, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 108, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 108, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 108, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 108, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 108, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 108, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 108, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 108, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 108,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 108, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 108,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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