

# Converting Colors

YUV(100.3260, -17.4157,  
79.5211)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(100.3260, -17.4157,  
79.5211)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF3D41
RGB	191, 61, 65
RGB Percent	75%, 24%, 25%
CMY	0.2510, 0.7608, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.66, 0.25
HSL	358°, 52%, 49%
HSV	358°, 68%, 75%
XYZ	24.1087, 14.7955, 6.5862
YIQ	100.3260, 76.1960, 28.8040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

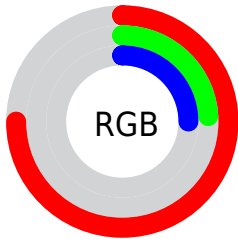
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 61, 65</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12533057</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">45.35, 52.05, 27.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">45, 58.765, 27.650</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">14.7955, 0.5300, 0.3252</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290723137 (0xFFBF3D41)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">38.4649, 44.5652, 16.7735</a>

# Details

The YUV color **100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **151.6740, 17.4157, -79.5211**, and the grayscale version is **100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **156.6210, -21.5052, 84.5244**, and **41.6770, -9.7008, 78.3363** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.0070, -20.2165, 91.2019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **113.6450, -14.6150, 67.8403**.

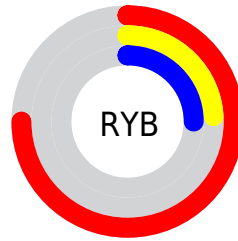
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (24%)

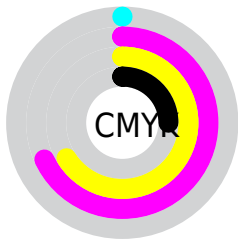
Blue (25%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (25%)

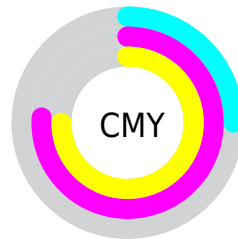


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 100.3260,  
-17.4157, 79.5211


 100.3260,  
-17.4157, 79.5211


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 71.2380, -13.9213,  
78.7213


 156.6210,  
-21.5052, 84.5244


 41.6770, -9.7008,  
78.3363


 175.9180,  
-18.6936, 69.3549


 30.1990, -14.8881,  
62.0925

 195.4320,  
-15.0030, 52.2411

 21.5280, -10.6133,  
44.2639

 215.5330,  
-11.6018, 34.6126

 13.2700, -6.0491,  
26.9502

 235.7480, -7.7638,  
16.8840

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 254.2020, -3.0576,

0.6998

■ 100.3260,  
-17.4157, 79.5211

■ 100.3260,  
-17.4157, 79.5211

■ 87.0070, -20.2165,  
91.2019

■ 113.6450,  
-14.6150, 67.8403

■ 73.8020, -22.5804,  
102.7826

■ 126.8500,  
-12.2510, 56.2596

■ 60.4830, -25.3811,  
114.4634

■ 140.1690, -9.4503,  
44.5788

■ 57.7930, -25.5339,  
116.8225

■ 153.3740, -7.0864,  
32.9980

■ 167.2800, -4.5750,  
20.8024

■ 180.4850, -2.2111,  
9.2217

■ 193.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 207.0090, 2.9536,  
-14.0399

■ 220.3280, 5.7543,  
-25.7207

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



101.1020, 5.8657, 78.8405



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



101.8910, -41.3583, 58.8546

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



79.1890, -13.8972, -69.4488



90.9890, 56.7004, -79.7974

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



151.6740, 17.4157, -79.5211

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.0350, 46.8177, -83.3457



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



87.3510, 7.2220, -76.6068

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



94.6810, -46.6777, -8.4902



93.0510, 29.0619, -81.6057



107.2860, 43.2430, -9.8978



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



101.1800, -49.8817, 39.3071



93.0510, 29.0619, -81.6057



93.1090, 54.6693, -81.6566

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



212.7650, -6.7861, 30.0241



113.4940, 38.2105, 64.4648



104.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



106.0820, -27.1554, 123.5851



135.6770, -36.8158, 48.5183



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.8120, -21.1063, 96.6349



9.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211



106.0820, -27.1554, 123.5851



116.3230, 36.8158, -48.5183



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.8120, -21.1063, 96.6349



9.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211

### Protanopia

107.2430, -11.9518, 6.8029

### Deuteranopia

106.5410, -23.9307, 22.3275



## Tritanopia

100.2120, -17.8525, 79.6211

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211

## Protanomaly

104.8380, -14.2171, 33.4681

## Deuteranomaly

104.3570, -21.3750, 42.6599

## Tritanomaly

100.2120, -17.8525, 79.6211

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211

## Achromatopsia

100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

100.1670, -6.4913, 28.7945

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 61, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 61, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 61, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 61, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 61, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 61, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 61, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 61, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 61, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 61,  
65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.3260, -17.4157, 79.5211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 61, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 61,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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