

# Converting Colors

YUV(100.5960, -44.1708,  
27.5413)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413)  
contains.

<b>YUV(100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(100.5960, -44.1708,  
27.5413)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84660B
RGB	132, 102, 11
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 4%
CMY	0.4824, 0.6000, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.92, 0.48
HSL	45°, 85%, 28%
HSV	45°, 92%, 52%
XYZ	14.3275, 14.4324, 2.3472
YIQ	100.5960, 47.0910, -21.9410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

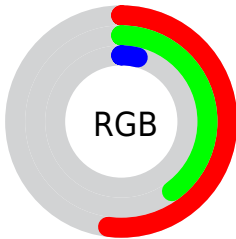
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	51, 132, 11
Decimal	8676875
CIE Lab	44.85, 3.83, 49.25
CIE LCh	45, 49.395, 85.552
Yxy	14.4324, 0.4606, 0.4640
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286866955 (0xFF84660B)
YUV	100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413
Hunter-Lab	37.9900, 0.8366, 22.9298

# Details

The YUV color **100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **42.4040, 44.1708, -27.5413**, and the grayscale version is **101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.8460, -43.3081, 30.8301**, and **56.1940, -27.7036, 19.1239** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97.5810, -48.1074, 30.1855**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **103.8390, -39.3606, 24.6972**.

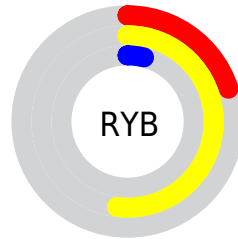
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (40%)

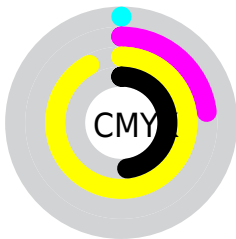
Blue (4%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (4%)

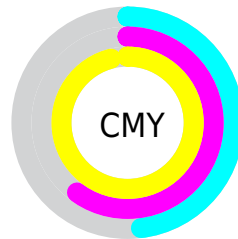


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100.5960,  
-44.1708, 27.5413

100.5960,  
-44.1708, 27.5413

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

77.1810, -38.0502,  
24.3973

153.8460,  
-43.3081, 30.8301

56.1940, -27.7036,  
19.1239

180.7430,  
-43.7503, 32.6744

36.0930, -17.7938,  
13.9504

209.1130,  
-44.9187, 34.1039

16.5900, -8.1789,  
10.0066


230.6060,  
-42.6968, 21.3935


0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

245.5380,  
-36.2542, 8.2982


248.6160,

-24.4607, 5.5988

 251.9220,  
-11.7935, 2.6994


 100.5960,  
-44.1708, 27.5413


 100.5960,  
-44.1708, 27.5413


 97.5810, -48.1074,  
30.1855

 103.8390,  
-39.3606, 24.6972

 107.6690,  
-34.8398, 21.3383

 111.0260,  
-29.5928, 18.3942

 114.2690,  
-24.7826, 15.5501

 117.5120,  
-19.9724, 12.7060

■ 121.3420,  
-15.4516, 9.3471

■ 124.5850,  
-10.6414, 6.5030

■ 127.9420, -5.3944,  
3.5589

■ 131.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.1380, -32.6060, 51.6220



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



96.9340, -36.9425, -4.3271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



89.3350, 24.9778, -78.3468



108.6650, 21.8572, 36.2508

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



42.4040, 44.1708, -27.5413

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106.5650, 36.6965, -10.1425



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



91.3360, 40.2604, -80.1017

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



84.5470, 6.6323, -74.1477



87.7630, 49.4168, -76.9682



104.3620, 4.7515, 62.8265



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



92.7980, -24.0574, -30.5178



87.7630, 49.4168, -76.9682



109.5430, 26.8473, 22.3258

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



158.4840, -17.4936, 10.9765



50.5990, -4.7323, 71.3887



78.8840, -10.7888, 7.1177



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413



126.2650, -62.2486, 39.2326



109.2360, -48.4303, -6.3460



64.7290, -2.3314, 1.1147



96.3960, -47.5232, 29.4707



2.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.4040, 44.1708, -27.5413



44.1480, 62.5380, -38.7178



33.7640, 48.4303, 6.3460



61.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



33.6040, 47.5232, -29.4707

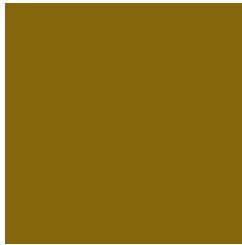


0.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

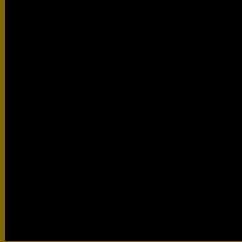
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413

### Protanopia

100.1710, -42.9753, 17.3900

### Deuteranopia

100.7210, -43.7395, 29.1857



## Tritanopia

108.3560, -3.1335, 25.1208

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413

## Protanomaly

100.0790, -43.4229, 20.9787

## Deuteranomaly

100.4220, -43.5920, 28.5709

## Tritanomaly

105.7570, -18.1212, 25.6461

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413

## Achromatopsia

101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

100.5270, -16.0358, 10.0618

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 102, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 102, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 102, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 102, 11) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 102, 11) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 102, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 102, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 102, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 102, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 102,  
11) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.5960, -44.1708, 27.5413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 102, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
102, 11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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