

# Converting Colors

YUV(100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0389AA
RGB	3, 137, 170
RGB Percent	1%, 54%, 67%
CMY	0.9882, 0.4627, 0.3333
CMYK	0.98, 0.19, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	192°, 97%, 34%
HSV	192°, 98%, 67%
XYZ	16.2389, 20.8130, 41.1916
YIQ	100.6960, -90.4570, -18.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

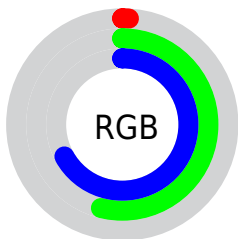
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	3, 77, 170
Decimal	231850
CIELab	52.74, -18.87, -26.12
CIELCh	53, 32.224, 234.163
Yxy	20.8130, 0.2075, 0.2660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278421930 (0xFF0389AA)
YUV	100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794
Hunter-Lab	45.6212, -16.2999, -21.5984

# Details

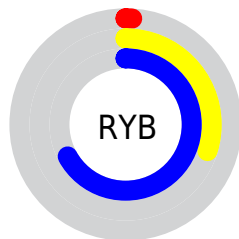
The YUV color **100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **72.3040, -34.1669, 85.6794**, and the grayscale version is **100.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **165.2750, 29.4444, -64.2622**, and **64.5210, 26.3651, -56.5849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99.2120, 34.8985, -87.0089**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.5400, 30.7928, -76.7726**.

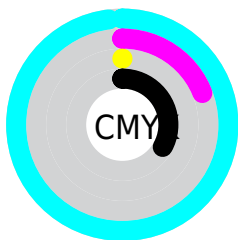
# Distribution



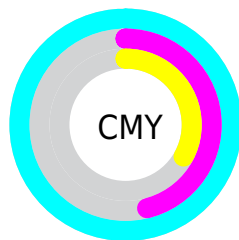
- Red (1%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794

100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

81.4590, 30.3397,  
-71.4395

165.2750, 29.4444,  
-64.2622

64.5210, 26.3651,  
-56.5849

193.4000, 29.8758,  
-62.6178

47.5830, 22.3906,  
-41.7303

219.5070, 17.4980,  
-59.2036

31.9330, 18.2740,  
-28.0052

233.1730, 10.7607,  
-44.8787

17.0980, 14.7417,  
-14.9949

242.1430, 6.3385,  
-26.4354

3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

251.1130, 1.9163,

0.0000, 0.0000,

-7.9921

0.0000

■ 100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794

■ 100.6960, 34.1669,  
-85.6794

■ 99.2120, 34.8985,  
-87.0089

■ 107.5400, 30.7928,  
-76.7726

■ 114.9710, 27.1293,  
-68.3806

■ 121.8150, 23.7552,  
-59.4738

■ 128.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669

■ 136.0900, 16.7176,  
-42.1749

■ 142.9340, 13.3435,  
-33.2681

■ 150.3650, 9.6801,  
-24.8761

■ 157.2090, 6.3060,  
-15.9693

■ 164.0530, 2.9319,  
-7.0625

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.0520, 24.1314, -86.8686



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



119.0700, 30.5315, -39.5264

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



128.4210, 1.7644, 40.8498



121.5120, -23.4234, -0.4490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



72.3040, -34.1669, 85.6794

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.1450, -26.6935, 21.7978



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



127.1260, -10.9081, 45.4935

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



129.6280, 14.4804, 22.2512



126.2100, -21.7955, 37.5268



117.6320, -12.1436, -25.1103



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



125.1870, 26.5298, -15.9500



126.2100, -21.7955, 37.5268



122.3990, -25.3397, 7.5431

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



195.2330, 13.1961, -32.6533



104.5630, -34.7876, -89.0708



95.6430, 8.0640, -19.8579



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794



129.7940, 45.4576, -113.8293



53.1490, 57.6075, -43.9807



80.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886



86.7250, 30.2086, -76.0578



11.6720, 4.1057, -10.2363



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2090, 33.9140, 89.2707



86.6700, 45.0257, 118.6844



119.8510, -57.6075, 43.9807



79.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



57.8180, 30.1627, 79.0896



7.8040, 4.0406, 10.6959



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

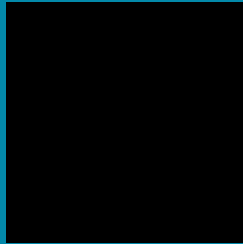
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794.



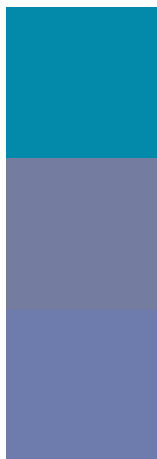
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794

### Protanopia

125.7120, 16.9040, -8.5174

### Deuteranopia

125.4000, 23.4668, -13.5058



## Tritanopia

98.6930, 25.2944, -86.5538

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794

## Protanomaly

116.8440, 23.2479, -36.6972

## Deuteranomaly

116.5600, 27.3319, -39.9561

## Tritanomaly

99.2030, 28.4939, -86.1240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794

## Achromatopsia

101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

100.7170, 12.4645, -31.3238

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 137, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 137, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 137, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 137, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 137, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 137, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 137, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 137, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 137, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 137,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.6960, 34.1669, -85.6794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 137, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 137,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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