

Converting Colors

YUV(100.7690, -36.3681,
44.9296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(100.7690, -36.3681,
44.9296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98591B
RGB	152, 89, 27
RGB Percent	60%, 35%, 11%
CMY	0.4039, 0.6510, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.82, 0.40
HSL	30°, 70%, 35%
HSV	30°, 82%, 60%
XYZ	16.7191, 13.8993, 2.8385
YIQ	100.7690, 57.4500, -5.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

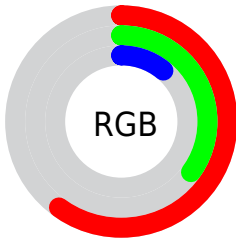
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 150, 27
Decimal	9984283
CIE Lab	44.09, 21.15, 44.30
CIE LCh	44, 49.088, 64.475
Yxy	13.8993, 0.4997, 0.4154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288174363 (0xFF98591B)
YUV	100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296
Hunter-Lab	37.2818, 14.8057, 21.5830

Details

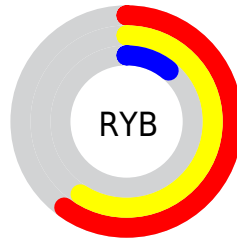
The YUV color **100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **78.2310, 36.3681, -44.9296**, and the grayscale version is **101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.3460, -38.1316, 50.5626**, and **53.9450, -26.5949, 36.8822** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94.3630, -40.6050, 50.5476**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.1750, -32.1313, 39.3115**.

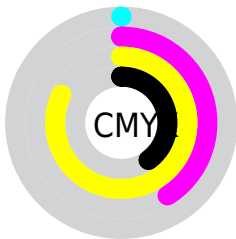
Distribution



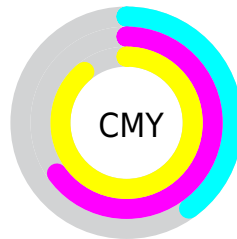
- Red (60%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 100.7690,
-36.3681, 44.9296

■ 100.7690,
-36.3681, 44.9296

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.9320, -36.9415,
42.1556

■ 153.3460,
-38.1316, 50.5626

■ 53.9450, -26.5949,
36.8822

■ 181.0150,
-39.4474, 52.6068

■ 32.6590, -16.1009,
30.9941

■ 204.0140,
-37.9679, 44.7147

■ 12.8570, -6.3385,
26.4354

■ 223.4140,
-34.7141, 27.7009

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 243.6290,
-30.8761, 9.9724

■ 249.7560,

-20.0927, 4.5990

252.9480, -7.8624,
1.7996

100.7690,
-36.3681, 44.9296

100.7690,
-36.3681, 44.9296

94.3630, -40.6050,
50.5476

107.1750,
-32.1313, 39.3115

89.4730, -44.1102,
54.8362

112.9940,
-27.6050, 34.2083

119.5140,
-22.9314, 28.4902

125.9200,
-18.6946, 22.8722

131.7390,
-14.1683, 17.7689

■ 138.1450, -9.9315,
12.1508

■ 144.5510, -5.6946,
6.5328

■ 150.4840, -0.7316,
1.3295

■ 156.8900, 3.5052,
-4.2885

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.8310, -20.1297, 63.2922



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



97.4270, -44.5805, 18.9195

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



84.6270, 12.0159, -74.2179



106.8120, 32.1377, 5.4269

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



78.2310, 36.3681, -44.9296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.0130, 50.2796, -73.6794



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



89.1870, 29.4878, -78.2170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



78.6650, -5.7508, -68.9892



89.5580, 43.6019, -78.5424



106.0530, 16.7359, 45.5575

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



95.5320, -37.2373, -3.0976



89.5580, 43.6019, -78.5424



104.2550, 36.8493, -12.5016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



176.3260, -14.4577, 17.2541



71.7850, 9.9660, 70.3486



86.8890, -8.3263, 10.6213



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296



116.3580, -56.3785, 69.8460



136.5760, -54.0210, 13.5268



73.7400, -2.3368, 2.8590



82.9500, -40.8943, 50.0329



7.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.2310, 36.3681, -44.9296



81.6420, 56.3785, -69.8460



42.4240, 54.0210, -13.5268



72.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



57.6370, 40.6050, -50.5476



5.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.7690, -36.3681,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296

Protanopia

100.1520, -34.0919, 14.7757

Deuteranopia

100.0890, -38.4979, 27.9859



Tritanopia

105.2120, -7.9925, 43.6641

Trichromacy



Original Color

100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296

Protanomaly

100.4030, -34.7087, 25.9566

Deuteranomaly

100.0620, -37.4986, 34.1486

Tritanomaly

103.4650, -18.4702, 44.3192

Monochromacy



Original Color

100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296

Achromatopsia

101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

101.2550, -13.4367, 16.4394

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 89, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 89, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 89, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 89, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 89, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 89, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 89, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 89, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 89, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 89,  
27) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.7690, -36.3681, 44.9296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 89, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 89,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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