

# Converting Colors

YUV(100.7820, 0.1075,  
-81.3698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698)  
contains.

<b>YUV(100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698)</b>	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i>	4
<i><b>Details</b></i>	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i>	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i>	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i>	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i>	31

# Color

**YUV(100.7820, 0.1075,  
-81.3698)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	089465
RGB	8, 148, 101
RGB Percent	3%, 58%, 40%
CMY	0.9686, 0.4196, 0.6039
CMYK	0.95, 0.00, 0.32, 0.42
HSL	160°, 90%, 31%
HSV	160°, 95%, 58%
XYZ	13.0390, 22.1710, 15.9041
YIQ	100.7820, -68.3530, -44.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

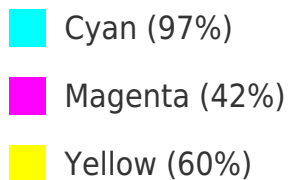
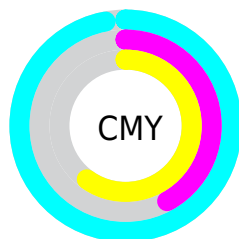
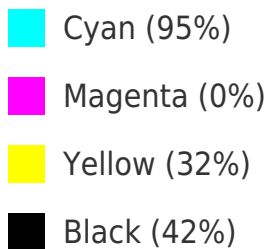
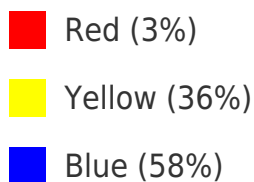
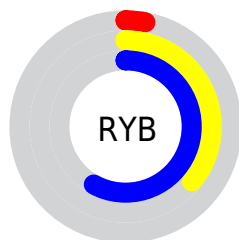
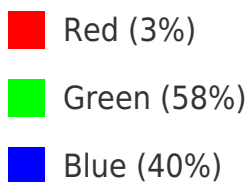
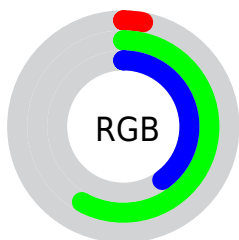
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">8, 92, 148</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">562277</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">54.21, -44.75, 15.72</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">54, 47.429, 160.644</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">22.1710, 0.2551, 0.4338</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278752357</a> (0xFF089465)
YUV	<a href="#">100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">47.0861, -32.9708, 12.9341</a>

# Details

The YUV color **100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **55.2180, -0.1075, 81.3698**, and the grayscale version is **101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **162.5020, -5.1775, -66.2153**, and **62.5080, -4.1944, -54.8195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98.0480, -0.0237, -85.9881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **105.8370, 0.0804, -72.6480**.

# Distribution



# Brightness & Saturation


## Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698	 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698
---	---

255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000	 80.3920, -1.6723, -70.5038
-----------------------------	---

 162.5020, -5.1775, -66.2153	 62.5080, -4.1944, -54.8195
--	---

 191.5730, -6.1985, -65.4005	 45.3250, -6.5692, -39.7500
--	---

 216.8230, -5.3357, -62.1118	 29.3160, -9.5228, -25.7101
--	---

 228.8000, 3.0566, -47.1826	 13.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404
---	---

 239.7510, 7.5178, -31.3536	 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
---	---

 248.7210, 3.0955,	
---	--

-12.9103

■ 100.7820, 0.1075,  
-81.3698

■ 100.7820, 0.1075,  
-81.3698

■ 98.0480, -0.0237,  
-85.9881

■ 105.8370, 0.0804,  
-72.6480

■ 110.8920, 0.0532,  
-63.9263

■ 115.6480, 0.1735,  
-55.8193

■ 120.7030, 0.1464,  
-47.0975

■ 125.7580, 0.1193,  
-38.3758

■ 130.8130, 0.0922,  
-29.6540

■ 135.8680, 0.0651,  
-20.9322

■ 140.6240, 0.1854,  
-12.8252

■ 145.6790, 0.1583,  
-4.1035

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



118.7560, -26.9947, -21.7110



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



104.3520, 19.0535, -91.5167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



123.8820, 42.4562, -37.6075



127.9680, -24.6342, 61.4181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



55.2180, -0.1075, 81.3698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.2240, -6.0264, 66.4556



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



133.3680, 28.9056, 15.4633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



106.2510, 49.1763, -93.1821



132.6470, 12.4990, 51.1756



126.9920, -37.9571, 41.2260



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



106.8430, 31.1364, -93.7013



132.6470, 12.4990, 51.1756



128.4830, -18.9721, 65.3514

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



173.1010, -0.0498, -30.7836



104.8310, -47.7377, -41.9478



85.8790, 0.0597, -19.1879



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698



126.5950, 0.1997, -111.0238



93.8130, 26.7142, -75.2580



71.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



91.3800, -0.1873, -80.1403



6.6680, 0.1637, -5.8478



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2180, -0.1075, 81.3698



64.4050, -0.1997, 111.0238



62.1870, -26.7142, 75.2580



69.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



46.5060, -0.2495, 80.2402

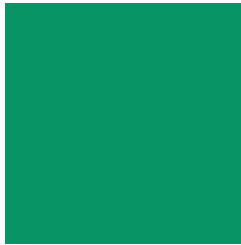


3.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

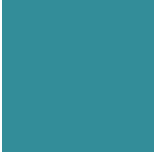
100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698

### Protanopia

127.7720, -17.6356, 9.8470

### Deuteranopia

129.4230, -11.5475, 17.1690



## **Tritanopia**

115.4580, 18.5082, -56.5297

# Trichromacy



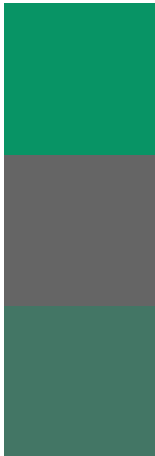
**Original Color**  
100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698

**Protanomaly**  
117.8710, -11.2754, -23.5659

**Deuteranomaly**  
119.2290, -7.5079, -18.6178

**Tritanomaly**  
110.2690, 11.6994, -66.0109

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698

**Achromatopsia**  
101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**  
100.8130, 0.0922, -29.6540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 148, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 148, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 148, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 148, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 148, 101) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 148, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 148, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 148, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 148, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 148,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 100.7820, 0.1075, -81.3698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 148, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 148,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet  
interesting? Support Converting  
Colors with the new Membership  
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you  
double the colors in the color bucket, and more  
awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor