

# Converting Colors

YUV(101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3385C
RGB	195, 56, 92
RGB Percent	76%, 22%, 36%
CMY	0.2353, 0.7804, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.53, 0.24
HSL	344°, 55%, 49%
HSV	344°, 71%, 76%
XYZ	25.8516, 15.2032, 11.6972
YIQ	101.6650, 71.2880, 40.6640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

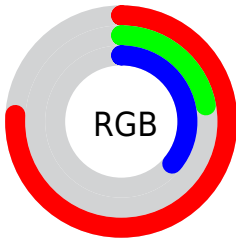
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 56, 92
Decimal	12793948
CIE Lab	45.91, 57.10, 11.67
CIE LCh	46, 58.278, 11.549
Yxy	15.2032, 0.4901, 0.2882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290984028 (0xFFC3385C)
YUV	101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548
Hunter-Lab	38.9912, 50.1129, 9.5071

# Details

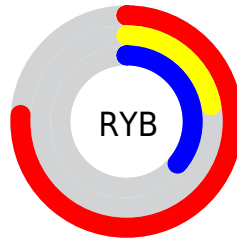
The YUV color **101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **149.3350, 4.7648, -81.8548**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **158.7640, -8.2647, 84.3990**, and **45.7230, 0.6296, 78.2959** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.9160, -5.3816, 93.0357**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **114.4140, -4.1481, 70.6739**.

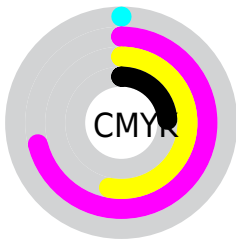
# Distribution



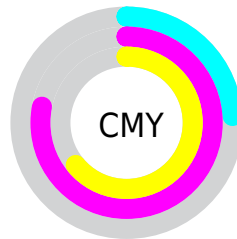
- Red (76%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548

■ 101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.5280, -0.2603,  
83.7289

■ 158.7640, -8.2647,  
84.3990

■ 45.7230, 0.6296,  
78.2959

■ 178.1640, -5.0109,  
67.3852

■ 34.6580, -4.2684,  
62.5669

■ 197.6780, -1.3203,  
50.2714

■ 23.3220, -11.4977,  
47.9526

■ 217.3060, 2.8071,  
33.0576

■ 15.1780, -6.4968,  
30.5389

■ 238.2220, 6.7926,  
14.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548

■ 101.6650, -4.7648,  
81.8548

■ 88.9160, -5.3816,  
93.0357

■ 114.4140, -4.1481,  
70.6739

■ 75.4660, -6.1457,  
104.8313

■ 127.8640, -3.3840,  
58.8783

■ 64.1190, -6.4677,  
114.7826

■ 140.6130, -2.7672,  
47.6974

■ 154.0630, -2.0031,  
35.9017

■ 167.3990, -1.6757,  
24.2061

■ 180.2620, -0.6222,  
12.9252

■ 193.0110, -0.0054,  
1.7444

■ 206.4610, 0.7587,

-10.0513

■ 219.7970, 1.0861,  
-21.7470

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



106.8750, 16.8236, 64.1306



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



103.4100, -28.3031, 71.5544

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



92.5070, -32.7880, -30.2626



94.6420, 52.9275, -83.0010

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



149.3350, 4.7648, -81.8548

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.4450, 38.2346, -83.7053



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



84.3870, -4.1348, -74.0074

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



99.8300, -49.2162, 12.4271



91.3750, 17.5631, -80.1359



87.0650, 58.1420, -75.4790



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



103.1850, -43.9682, 55.9658



91.3750, 17.5631, -80.1359



95.4910, 48.5649, -83.7456

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



216.4430, -1.6974, 31.1835



102.3440, 45.6794, 48.8103



106.4800, -1.2226, 18.8730



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



106.3810, -7.0898, 127.7079



116.3450, -29.7501, 68.9804



90.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



52.9270, -5.3870, 94.7800



10.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548



106.3810, -7.0898, 127.7079



134.6550, 29.7501, -68.9804



90.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



52.9270, -5.3870, 94.7800



10.8930, -0.9332, 19.3878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

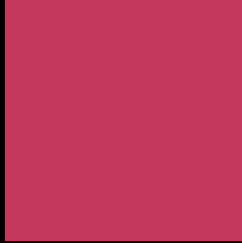
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

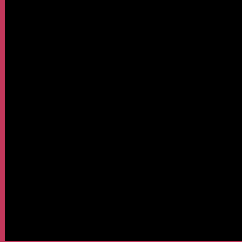
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.6650, -4.7648,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548

### Protanopia

110.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998

### Deuteranopia

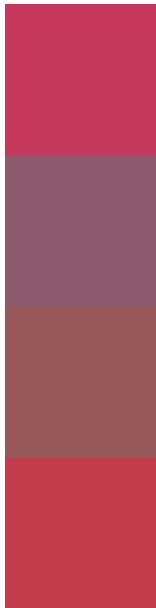
109.5970, -12.1263, 16.1394



## Tritanopia

101.8100, -18.1473, 80.8506

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548

## Protanomaly

107.1160, 0.9288, 28.8393

## Deuteranomaly

106.5490, -9.1447, 39.8605

## Tritanomaly

101.7760, -13.2006, 80.8804

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548

## Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

101.7310, -1.8394, 30.0539

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 56, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 56, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 56, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 56, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 56, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 56, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 56, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 56, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 56, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 56,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 101.6650, -4.7648, 81.8548 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 56, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195, 56,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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