

Converting Colors

YUV(101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 5E5CAC |
| RGB | 94, 92, 172 |
| RGB Percent | 37%, 36%, 67% |
| CMY | 0.6314, 0.6392, 0.3255 |
| CMYK | 0.45, 0.47, 0.00, 0.33 |
| HSL | 242°, 33%, 52% |
| HSV | 242°, 47%, 67% |
| XYZ | 15.8896, 13.0125, 40.7039 |
| YIQ | 101.7180, -24.4880, 25.3040 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

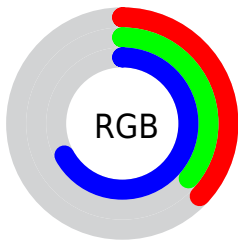
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 94, 92, 172 |
| Decimal | 6184108 |
| CIE Lab | 42.78, 22.07, -42.73 |
| CIE LCh | 43, 48.090, 297.318 |
| Yxy | 13.0125, 0.2283, 0.1869 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284374188 (0xFF5E5CAC) |
| YUV | 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 |
| Hunter-Lab | 36.0729, 15.4993, -41.6506 |

Details

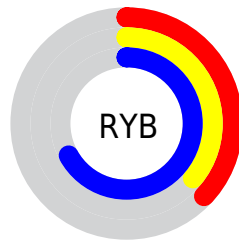
The YUV color **101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **162.2820, -34.6490, 6.7687**, and the grayscale version is **101.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.5980, 36.6802, -4.9094**, and **52.2290, 32.9181, -11.6018** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.6560, 42.0746, -8.4683**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **116.7800, 27.2235, -5.0691**.

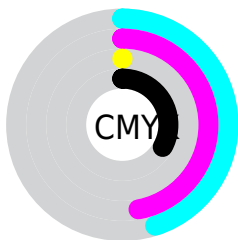
Distribution



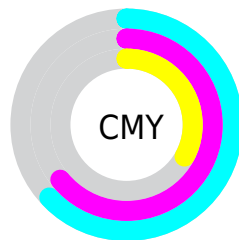
- Red (37%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687

■ 101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 76.4790, 33.7809,
-8.3131

■ 153.5980, 36.6802,
-4.9094

■ 52.2290, 32.9181,
-11.6018

■ 180.8970, 36.5328,
-4.2947

■ 25.9780, 33.5348,
-22.7827

■ 205.4170, 24.4444,
-0.3657

■ 7.9800, 30.5759,
-6.9985

■ 230.5240, 12.0667,
3.0485

■ 7.7060, 19.3719,
-6.7582

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 3.4370, 10.6306,
-3.0142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687

■ 101.7180, 34.6490,
-6.7687

■ 86.6560, 42.0746,
-8.4683

■ 116.7800, 27.2235,
-5.0691

■ 71.5940, 49.5002,
-10.1679

■ 131.8420, 19.7979,
-3.3694

■ 56.2440, 57.0677,
-10.7380

■ 147.1920, 12.2303,
-2.7994

■ 41.1820, 64.4933,
-12.4376

■ 162.2540, 4.8048,
-1.0998

■ 26.1200, 71.9188,
-14.1372

■ 177.3160, -2.6208,
0.5999

■ 20.8040, 74.5396,
-14.7371

■ 192.3780,
-10.0464, 2.2995

■ 207.1410,
-17.3245, 3.3843

■ 222.7900,
-25.0395, 4.5692

■ 237.8520,
-32.4650, 6.2688

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4430, 48.0956, -73.1795



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



103.3230, 20.5468, 36.5507

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



97.9420, -32.0164, 49.1629



80.7970, 7.4951, -70.8590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



162.2820, -34.6490, 6.7687

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.3530, -12.4990, -51.1756



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



95.5140, -43.1444, 24.9822

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



98.0960, -15.3303, 63.9368



91.7920, -34.9005, -5.9566



85.3570, 24.9670, -74.8581

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



100.8710, 9.4306, 55.3641



91.7920, -34.9005, -5.9566



79.2010, 1.3799, -69.4593

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



196.8330, 13.3933, -2.4845



147.4930, 12.0820, -48.6674



95.4650, 8.1518, -1.2848



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687



114.1470, 54.1575, -10.6529



113.3790, 28.9002, 17.2076



79.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



18.2960, 64.9301, -12.5376



2.9210, 9.8989, -1.6847

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.8120, 22.2777, 41.3839



150.2830, 34.8635, 64.6498



150.6210, -28.9002, -17.2076



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



61.6080, 42.0983, 77.5198



9.3850, 6.2192, 11.9404

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

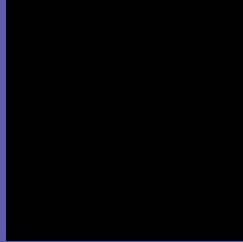
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687.

-6.7687.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687

Protanopia

96.9540, 39.9557, -28.9007

Deuteranopia

95.1010, 36.9252, -36.9226



Tritanopia

97.9530, 7.9112, -17.4988

Trichromacy



Original Color

101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687

Protanomaly

98.8410, 38.0394, -20.9086

Deuteranomaly

97.3520, 36.3085, -25.7417

Tritanomaly

99.2060, 17.6464, -13.3357

Monochromacy



Original Color

101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687

Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

101.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 92, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 92, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 92, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 92, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 92, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 92, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 92, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 92, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 92, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 92,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 101.7180, 34.6490, -6.7687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 92, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 92,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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