

Converting Colors

YUV(101.7450, -44.2443,
-89.2304)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304)
contains.

YUV(101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**YUV(101.7450, -44.2443,
-89.2304)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AB0C
RGB	0, 171, 12
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 5%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3294, 0.9529
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.93, 0.33
HSL	124°, 100%, 34%
HSV	124°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	14.6293, 29.1524, 5.2038
YIQ	101.7450, -50.8770, -85.7010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

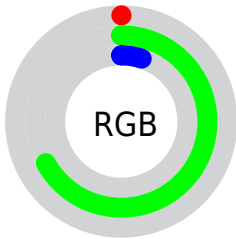
Format	Color
RYB	0, 160, 171
Decimal	43788
CIELab	60.92, -63.58, 60.03
CIELCh	61, 87.442, 136.642
Yxy	29.1524, 0.2986, 0.5951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233868 (0xFF00AB0C)
YUV	101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304
Hunter-Lab	53.9929, -46.1234, 32.0808

Details

The YUV color **101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **69.2550, 44.2443, 89.2304**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **171.1330, -45.9146, -66.7686**, and **68.6790, -33.8587, -60.2315** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **108.6520, -39.7614, -80.3788**.

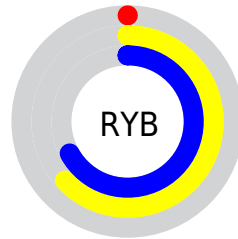
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (67%)

Blue (5%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (67%)

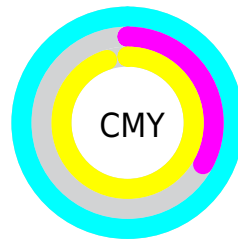


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 101.7450,
-44.2443, -89.2304

■ 101.7450,
-44.2443, -89.2304

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 84.5280, -41.6723,
-74.1311

■ 171.1330,
-45.9146, -66.7686

■ 68.6790, -33.8587,
-60.2315

■ 199.7420,
-46.2148, -63.7947

■ 53.4170, -26.3346,
-46.8467

■ 211.7900,
-38.8435, -48.0508

■ 38.7420, -19.0998,
-33.9767

■ 223.9520,
-31.0353, -32.4069

■ 24.6540, -12.1544,
-21.6216

■ 236.4130,
-23.3746, -16.1482

■ 3.5220, -1.7363,
-3.0888

■ 248.6890,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-15.1297, -0.6043

0.0000

254.2020, -3.0576,
0.6998

101.7450,
-44.2443, -89.2304

108.6520,
-39.7614, -80.3788

115.5590,
-35.2786, -71.5272

122.4660,
-30.7957, -62.6757

129.3730,
-26.3129, -53.8241

136.2800,
-21.8300, -44.9726

■ 143.3720,
-17.9314, -35.4062

■ 150.2790,
-13.4485, -26.5547

■ 157.1860, -8.9657,
-17.7031

■ 164.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.4210, -65.7766, 4.0158



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



116.7980, -4.3374, -102.4318

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



126.5120, 63.3446, -110.9510



114.9720, -3.4372, 122.8046

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



69.2550, 44.2443, 89.2304

Split Complementary

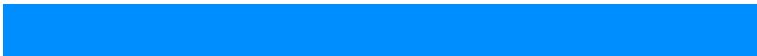
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.8590, 28.1705, 111.5027



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



112.4240, 70.2900, -98.5958

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



132.9690, 60.1613, -116.6138



148.9290, 51.8000, 45.6663



133.6690, -51.1088, 106.4073

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



124.2420, 19.1077, -108.9602



148.9290, 51.8000, 45.6663



112.5390, 10.0873, 124.9383

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



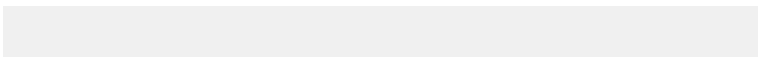
194.8990, -17.2052, -34.9914



148.2170, -73.0710, 10.3337



95.8220, -10.2652, -20.8919



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304



132.1380, -57.2560, -115.8850



111.4350, -7.1165, -97.7285



83.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332



89.3040, -38.6039, -78.3196



13.7290, -5.7824, -12.0403

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.2550, 44.2443, 89.2304



89.8620, 57.2560, 115.8850



59.5650, 7.1165, 97.7285



81.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



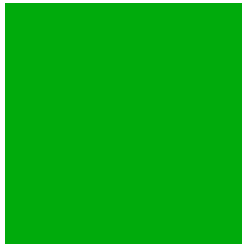
60.8100, 39.0407, 78.2196



9.2710, 5.7824, 12.0403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

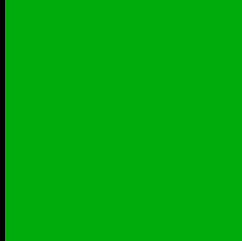
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

135.0370, -66.5732, 26.2776

Deuteranopia

140.7560, -50.1657, 37.0480

Tritanopia

134.4690, 18.5028, -54.7853

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

122.8360, -58.5861, -15.6422

Deuteranomaly

126.6270, -48.1301, -9.3199

Tritanomaly

122.4310, -4.1565, -67.0300

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

101.8500, -16.1950, -32.3174

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 171, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 171, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 171, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 171, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 171, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 171, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 171, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 171, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 171, 12)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 101.7450, -44.2443, -89.2304 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 171, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 171,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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