

# Converting Colors

YUV(101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	865953
RGB	134, 89, 83
RGB Percent	53%, 35%, 33%
CMY	0.4745, 0.6510, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.38, 0.47
HSL	7°, 24%, 43%
HSV	7°, 38%, 53%
XYZ	14.9652, 12.8376, 9.8728
YIQ	101.7710, 28.7460, 7.6740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

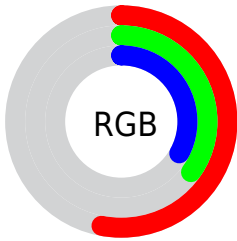
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	134, 90, 83
Decimal	8804691
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.52, 17.76, 11.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 20.914, 31.867
Yxy	12.8376, 0.3972, 0.3407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286994771 (0xFF865953)
YUV	101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648
Hunter-Lab	35.8296, 11.8536, 8.7435

# Details

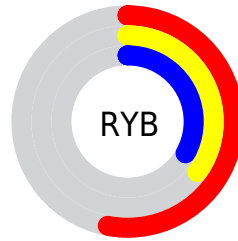
The YUV color **101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **115.2290, 9.2541, -28.2648**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **153.1520, -10.4279, 31.4387**, and **54.0910, -7.9329, 24.4762** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93.2450, -11.4598, 35.7421**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **110.2970, -7.0484, 20.7875**.

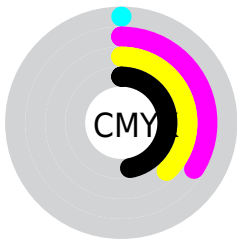
# Distribution



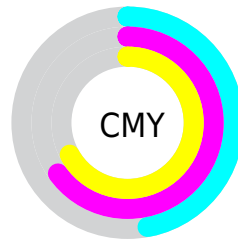
- Red (53%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648

■ 101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 77.2870, -8.5225,  
26.9353

■ 153.1520,  
-10.4279, 31.4387

■ 54.0910, -7.9329,  
24.4762

■ 180.4510,  
-10.5753, 32.0535

■ 31.7210, -6.7645,  
23.0467

■ 207.9350,  
-11.3070, 33.3830

■ 11.0630, -5.4541,  
22.7467

■ 230.2540, -8.5062,  
21.7022

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 250.5830, -4.2314,  
3.8737

■ 101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648

■ 101.7710, -9.2541,  
28.2648

■ 93.2450, -11.4598,  
35.7421

■ 110.2970, -7.0484,  
20.7875

■ 84.6050, -14.1023,  
43.3194

■ 118.9370, -4.4059,  
13.2103

■ 76.6660, -16.5973,  
50.2819

■ 126.8760, -1.9109,  
6.2477

■ 68.0260, -19.2398,  
57.8592

■ 135.5160, 0.7316,  
-1.3295

■ 59.5000, -21.4455,  
65.3365

■ 144.0420, 2.9373,  
-8.8068

■ 50.9740, -23.6512,  
72.8138

■ 152.5680, 5.1430,  
-16.2841

■ 49.4580, -24.3828,  
74.1433

■ 161.2080, 7.7855,  
-23.8614

■ 169.7340, 9.9911,

-31.3387

■ 177.7870, 12.9230,  
-38.4012

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



102.2360, -1.1023, 26.9800



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



100.8320, -15.2002, 22.0723

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



94.7990, -5.3239, -19.1177



98.8850, 17.8047, -17.4391

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



115.2290, 9.2541, -28.2648

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.4870, 18.0009, -33.7531



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



92.2300, 4.3236, -33.5277

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



97.5360, -13.0822, -3.9781



90.5910, 13.5126, -40.8603



102.2680, 13.6719, 1.5190



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



100.0330, -16.7783, 14.8801



90.5910, 13.5126, -40.8603



96.9660, 18.2578, -22.7722

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



161.4420, -3.6689, 10.1364



103.3790, 12.1382, 26.8546



79.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648



122.9040, -14.2497, 43.9342



116.4460, -16.4889, 15.3949



61.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



47.6750, -23.5038, 72.1990



0.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.2290, 9.2541, -28.2648



144.0960, 14.2497, -43.9342



100.5540, 16.4889, -15.3949



64.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



82.3250, 23.5038, -72.1990



1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 101.7710, -9.2541,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648

### Protanopia

100.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736

### Deuteranopia

101.2700, -9.5001, 13.7952



## Tritanopia

102.1500, -4.0180, 28.8094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648

## Protanomaly

100.9540, -6.8793, 13.1953

## Deuteranomaly

101.3030, -9.5164, 19.0283

## Tritanomaly

102.2810, -6.0545, 28.6946

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648

## Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

101.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 89, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 89, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 89, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 89, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 89, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 89, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 89, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 89, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 89, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 89,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 101.7710, -9.2541, 28.2648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 89, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 89,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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