

# Converting Colors

YUV(102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	039B5A
RGB	3, 155, 90
RGB Percent	1%, 61%, 35%
CMY	0.9882, 0.3922, 0.6471
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.42, 0.39
HSL	154°, 96%, 31%
HSV	154°, 98%, 61%
XYZ	13.6044, 24.2002, 13.6269
YIQ	102.1420, -69.7270, -52.4390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

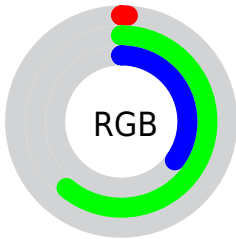
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	3, 100, 155
Decimal	236378
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.29, -50.04, 24.59
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 55.755, 153.826
Yxy	24.2002, 0.2645, 0.4705
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278426458 (0xFF039B5A)
YUV	102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475
Hunter-Lab	49.1937, -36.7255, 18.0119

# Details

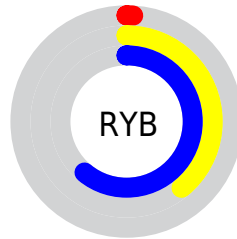
The YUV color **102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **55.8580, 5.9860, 86.9475**, and the grayscale version is **102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **166.2430, -12.4448, -68.6191**, and **64.7760, -10.7356, -56.8086** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **101.1310, -5.9806, -88.6919**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **107.4250, -5.1395, -78.4257**.

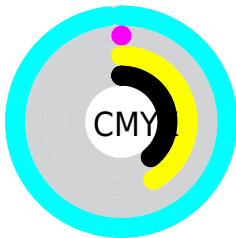
# Distribution



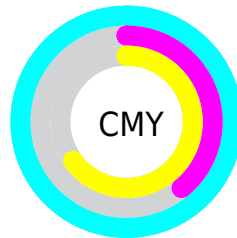
- Red (1%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (39%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475


 102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 82.6600, -8.2134,  
-72.4928


 166.2430,  
-12.4448, -68.6191


 64.7760, -10.7356,  
-56.8086


 194.6130,  
-13.6132, -67.1896


 47.5930, -13.1103,  
-41.7391

 215.8680,  
-10.2879, -60.3972

 31.1110, -15.3377,  
-27.2843

 227.7310, -2.3324,  
-45.3681

 17.6100, -8.6817,  
-15.4440

 240.0070, 5.9125,  
-29.8241

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 249.3190, 2.8007,

-11.6808

■ 102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475

■ 102.1420, -5.9860,  
-86.9475

■ 101.1310, -5.9806,  
-88.6919

■ 107.4250, -5.1395,  
-78.4257

■ 112.8930, -4.8772,  
-69.1892

■ 118.1760, -4.0308,  
-60.6674

■ 123.7580, -3.3317,  
-51.5308

■ 128.9270, -2.9220,  
-42.9090

■ 134.5090, -2.2229,  
-33.7724

■ 139.6780, -1.8133,  
-25.1506

■ 145.2600, -1.1142,  
-16.0140

■ 150.5430, -0.2677,  
-7.4922

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



123.4440, -37.1939, -17.0524



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



108.7060, 15.4279, -95.3352

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



110.4440, 59.9271, -88.0894



131.6970, -23.5146, 75.6877

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



55.8580, 5.9860, 86.9475

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.5550, -1.2596, 77.5663



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



137.5330, 38.6842, 5.6716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



113.9450, 53.2711, -99.9298



137.7210, 20.3505, 52.8647



131.5160, -42.6524, 53.9215



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



112.4680, 29.8423, -98.6344



137.7210, 20.3505, 52.8647



132.2550, -16.3947, 78.7064

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



180.8080, -2.3703, -33.1576



111.9580, -53.7163, -37.6742



89.5260, -1.2453, -20.6323



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



131.0970, -7.9358, -114.9721



103.6820, 25.2998, -88.2981



74.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183



91.3000, -5.5709, -80.0701



8.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.8580, 5.9860, 86.9475



69.9030, 7.9358, 114.9721



54.3180, -25.2998, 88.2981



71.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



48.7000, 5.5709, 80.0701



4.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 102.1420, -5.9860,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475

### Protanopia

131.9590, -24.6298, 13.1910

### Deuteranopia

133.6210, -18.5472, 22.2574



## Tritanopia

121.4580, 18.5082, -56.5297

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



## Protanomaly

121.4490, -17.9694, -23.1958



## Deuteranomaly

122.2200, -13.9125, -17.7329



## Tritanomaly

114.3890, 9.6682, -67.8702

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475



## Achromatopsia

102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

101.9330, -1.9390, -31.5132

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 155, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 155, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 155, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 155, 90) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 155, 90) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 155, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 155, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 155, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 155, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 155, 90)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 102.1420, -5.9860, -86.9475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 155, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 155,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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